

## DRAFT

Defense Environmental Restoration Program for Formerly Used Defense Sites

Ordnance and Explosives

## **ARCHIVES SEARCH REPORT**

## **FINDINGS**

# EPHRATA PATTERN BOMBING RANGE No. 4

Douglas County, WA

PROJECT No. F10WA057901

SEPTEMBER 2002

Prepared by
US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
ST. LOUIS DISTRICT

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#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Authority

In 1986, Congress established the Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP) at 10 U.S.C. 2701 et. seq. This program directed the Secretary of Defense to "carry out a program of environmental restoration at facilities under the jurisdiction of the Secretary."

In March 1990, the EPA issued a revised National Contingency Plan. Under 40 C.F.R. 300.120, EPA designated DoD to be the removal response authority for incidents involving DoD military weapons and munitions under the jurisdiction, custody and control of DoD.

Since the beginning of this program, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers has been the agency responsible for environmental restoration at Formerly Used Defense Sites (FUDS). Since 1990, the U.S. Army Engineering and Support Center, Huntsville, has been the Center of Expertise (CX) and Design Center for Ordnance and Explosives.

## 1.2 Subject

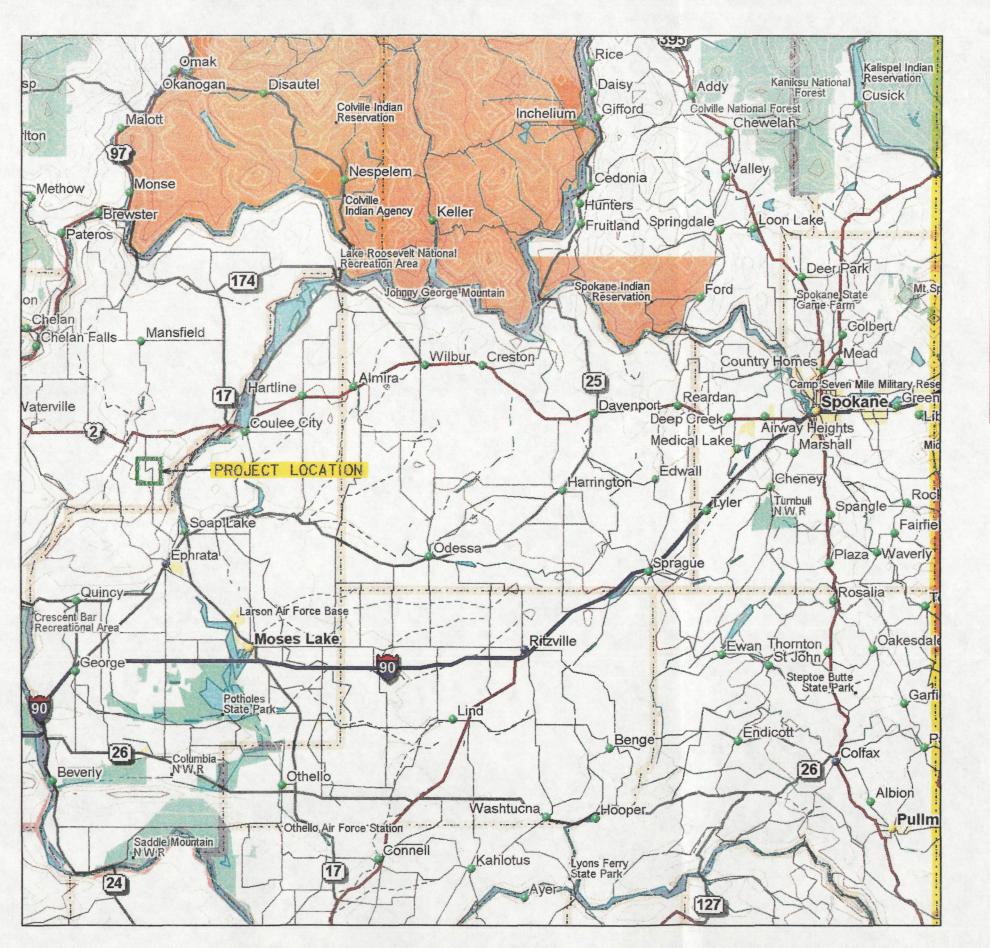
Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4, DERP-FUDS OE Project No. F10WA057901, was established to provide a bombing practice range for the U.S. Army 2nd Air Force assigned to the Ephrata Army Air Field (AAF), Ephrata, Washington. Ephrata AAF, active from 1942 to 1945, was initially a training facility for B-17 and B-24 bomber crews (June 1942 thru December 1943). In February 1943 a request was made for approval of a pattern bombing range to support training. Later from December 1943 thru April 1944, the airfield was on standby status and designated as a sub-port of McChord AAF, which was located near Tacoma, Washington. It was then reactivated for 4th Air Force fighter pilot training in P-38, P-39 and P-63 aircraft. This mission continued until February 1945, when the base was again returned to stand-by status under McChord. In July and August 1945, Ephrata AAF was briefly re-activated for 4th Air Force B-24 bomber crew training and then returned to stand-by status. The subject former bombing range, consisting of 2,460.12 acres leased from private owners, the State of Washington, and Douglas County, is located approximately 20 miles north of Ephrata. The site is high desert land, which is flat, open and treeless, and was in use for crops and livestock grazing at the time of acquisition. The leases were terminated in September and October of 1946 and the land was returned to the private owners. The site location is shown on Figure 1 (Plate 1), and the Site Layout and Aerial Photo Site Maps are presented as Plates 2 and 3, respectively.

## 1.3 Purpose

This Archives Search Report (ASR) compiles information obtained through historical research at various archives and records holding facilities, interviews with individuals associated with the site or its operations, and personal visits to the site. All efforts were directed towards determining types of munitions used at the site, possible disposal areas, and any unknown training areas. Information obtained during this process was used in developing recommendations for further actions at the site.

## 1.4 Scope

This investigation concentrated on the potential that OE and/or CWM contamination could remain on **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4** from the bombing practice training activities occurring during the World War II (WW II) era. This report presents the history of the site, description and characterization of the immediate surrounding areas, real estate ownership information, findings of a visual site survey, and OE site analysis, including an evaluation of potential ordnance contamination. A separate report supplements these **ASR FINDINGS** and furnishes the **CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**.







U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
ST. LOUIS DISTRICT

EPHRATA PATTERN BOMBING
RANGE NO. 4
DOUGLAS COUNTY, WASHINGTON
DERP-FUDS NO. F10WA057901
REGIONAL LOCATION & VICINITY MAP

PROJ. DATE: AUG. 2002 DATE OF MAP: 2002 FIGURE NO. 1

11-SEP-2002 13:46 Mezoew2002:Washington States Ephrata PIBR\*22Ephrata\_Vic.dgn



## 2.0 PREVIOUS SITE INVESTIGATIONS

## 2.1 Corps of Engineers Documents

2.1.1 DERP-FUDS Inventory Project Report (INPR)

The Findings of Fact and Determination of Eligibility (Inventory Project Report or INPR) for Site No. F10WA057900, Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4, Douglas County, Washington, was completed in March 1996. and forwarded by the Commanding Officer, Seattle District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (CENPS) (now CENWS), for approval and signature by the Division Engineer on 22 March 1996. Based upon a preliminary investigation and a site visit conducted on 2 November 1995 by CENPS, it was determined that the site was formerly used by the Department of Defense (DoD) and eligible for the Defense Environmental Restoration Program - Formerly Used Defense Sites (DERP-FUDS). They also determined there is the possibility of hazardous/toxic waste at the site eligible for cleanup under DERP-FUDS. The potential category of Hazardous Waste was identified as OE (formerly OEW). Metal bomb debris and, occasionally, intact spotting charges have been found at various locations within the boundaries of Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4 for nearly 50 years. It was also believed that there is a possibility that HE demolition and incendiary bombs may have been used at the site. An OE Risk Assessment Sheet was prepared for this site by CENPS with a RAC score of "4" assigned to the range. It is important to note that the map shown in support of the *INPR* is incorrect, as is the description of the property in the Findings of Fact, itself. According to historic Real Estate records, the actual location of the former Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4 is Sections 31 and 32, Township 24 North (T24N), Range 26 East (R26E), and Sections 5 and 6, T23N, R26E. The INPR map shows the sites as in Sections 31 and 32, T23N, R26E, and in Sections 5 and 6, T22N, R26E, ½ in Douglas and ½ in Grant Counties, Washington. The actual bombing target is approximately six (6) miles north of the site described and shown in the *INPR*. Confirmation of the error occurred both during the records research activity and during the site visit task (see **Sections 4 and 6** of this ASR). By Memorandum dated 5 April 1996, the North Pacific Division Corps of Engineers (CENPD) forwarded the INPR to U.S. Army Engineering and Support Center, Huntsville (CEHNC) with the recommendation that they review the proposed OE project and take the necessary actions. By Memorandum dated 26 November 2001, CEHNC approved OE Project No. F10WA057901, Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4. CEHNC also indicated that approval was first recommended to HQUSACE in 1996, but a project approval memorandum was apparently never generated, because project approval authority was subsequently delegated to the Divisions. A

copy of the *INPR*, including Site Survey Summary Sheet, Site Map, preliminary RAC Sheet, and the correspondence chain are furnished as **Appendix D-1**.

2.1.2 Archives Search Report (ASR), Ephrata Army Air Field (AAF)

In June 1994, the St. Louis District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers submitted the final ASR for the Ephrata Army Air Field (AAF), DERP FUDS Site No. F10WA028100, which was located in Grant County, Washington. Constructed in June 1942 as a training base for 2nd Air Force B-17 and B-24, Ephrata AAF was in service until late in 1943 when it was placed in stand-by status. In April 1944, Ephrata AAF was re-activated as a training base for P-39, P-63, and P-38 fighter aircraft units of the Fourth Air Force, until February 1945, when the need for additional fighter pilots lessened. Ephrata AAF was again closed until in July 1945, the base activated again as the 1st and 3rd Air Forces began transferring B-24 crews to Ephrata AAF in preparation for the final push against the Japanese. The base was declared excess in November 1945. The INPR for Ephrata Air Force Base was dated 23 June 1989.

## 2.2 Other Reports

No additional pertinent reports relative to the potential for OE were uncovered for this FUDS.

## 3.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

#### 3.1 Land Use

#### 3.1.1 Location

Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4 is located in Sections 31 and 32, Township 24 North (T24N), Range 26 East (R26E), and Sections 5 and 6, T23N, R26 E. The bombing target is approximately 20 miles north of the town of Ephrata, Washington (Figure 1). The range is entirely within Douglas County. The INPR contains erroneous data as the site map and the description of the property is wrong. The INPR map shows the sites as in Sections 31 and 32, T23N, R26E, and in Sections 5 and 6, T22N, R26E, ½ in Douglas and ½ in Grant Counties, Washington. The actual bombing target is approximately six (6) miles north of these tracts.

#### 3.1.2 Prior Site Use

Before use by the Army Air Force between 1943 and 1946 as a bombing target, the site was flat, open, treeless land used for crops and stock grazing.

#### 3.1.3 Current Site Use

The majority of the site remains in agricultural use primarily for the growing of crops. Some of the land is now being preserved as natural habitat.

#### 3.2 Climatic Data

Information from an Air Weather Service station at Moses Lake (located approximately 35 miles southeast of this site) provided the closest climatological data. Data recorded at this office is given in **TABLE 3.2.1**.

The climate of this region combines some of the characteristics of damp, coastal-type weather and arid interior conditions. The prevailing westerly and southwesterly circulations bring in most of the air masses that reach this region. Frequently, much of the moisture in the storms that move eastward and southeastward from the Gulf of Alaska and the eastern Pacific Ocean is precipitated out as the storms are lifted across the Coast and Cascade Ranges. Annual precipitation totals in the Ephrata area are generally less than 21 inches, less than 50 percent of the amounts received west of the Cascades. However, the precipitation and total cloudiness in the Ephrata

vicinity is greater than that of the desert areas of south-central Washington. The lifting action of the air masses as they move up the east slope of the Columbia Basin frequently produces the cooling and condensation necessary for formation of clouds and precipitation. The maximum precipitation received in a 24-hour period is 1.4 inches (June 1951).

Infrequently, the Ephrata area comes under the influence of dry continental air masses from either the north or the east. On occasions when these air masses penetrate into eastern Washington, the result is high temperatures and very low humidity during the summer and sub-zero temperatures during the winter. During the winter, most of the severe arctic outbursts of cold air move southward on the east side of the Continental Divide and do not affect Ephrata.

Ephrata weather generally has the characteristics of a mild, arid climate during the summer months and a cold, coastal type during the winter. Approximately 70 percent of the total annual precipitation falls between the first of October and the end of March, and about half of that falls as snow. The summer weather is ideal for full enjoyment of the many mountain and lake recreational areas within the immediate vicinity. Winter weather includes many cloudy or foggy days and below freezing temperatures, with occasional snowfall of several inches in depth. Sub-zero temperatures and traffic-stopping snowfalls are infrequent. The maximum and minimum temperatures on record are 112° Fahrenheit (F) (August 1961) and -28° F (February 1950), respectively.

Based upon the 1951-1980 period, the average first occurrence of 32° F during the fall is October 6 and the average last occurrence during the spring is May 4. Wind gusts have been recorded at a maximum of 61 knots from the southwest (March 1951).

## **TABLE 3.2,1**

## Climatological Data for Moses Lake, Washington

Month	Temperature		ature Precipitation		Wind	
	Average Minimum (°F)	Average Maximum (°F)	Average (inches)	Average Speed (knots)	Average Direction	
January	21	33	0.9	4	N	
February	27	42	0.7	4	N	
March	32	51	0.6	5	N	
April	39	63	0.5	6	sw	
May	47	72	0.6	6	ssw	
June	54	79	0.7	6	ssw_	
July	60	88	0.2	6	sw	
August	58	85	0.2	5	sw	
September	50	77	0.3	4	sw	
October	40	63	0.6	4	N	
November	31	45	0.9	4	S	
December	25	36	0.8	3	N	
Average	41	61	7.0	5	N	

Source: International Station Meteorological Climate Summary, Version 4.0 CD ROM, September 1996. Jointly produced by: Department of the Navy - Fleet Numerical Meteorology and Oceanography Detachment, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration- National Climate Center and the U.S. Air Force Environmental Technical Application Center.

## 3.3 Geology and Soils

## 3.3.1 Geology and Physiology

The former **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4** is located near the border of the Palouse Hills and Yakima Fold Belt sections of the Columbia Basin subprovince, Columbia Intermontane Province (Thornbury 1965). The Columbia Basin subprovince topography is gently undulating to moderately

hilly, most of which lies at altitudes of 1000-2000 ft. Annual rainfall for much of the area is less than 10 in.

The majority of the site falls within the Yakima Fold Belt section which is characterized by a series of broad, anticlinal ridges and intervening synclinal valleys. The Palouse Hills section consists of nearly undeformed basalt with a gentle southwest slope of less than 5 degrees (Vaccaro 1982).

Most of the Columbia Basin is covered with basalt flows of Miocene age. Those flows are collectively known as the Columbia River Basalt Group and were extruded over an interval of 11 million years during the Miocene between 17 and 6 million years ago. Warping and folding of the plateau increased late in the eruptive cycle and confined later basalt flows to central part of the plateau and to narrow canyons located near the plateau margins.

Above the basalts, is a composite unit that includes consolidated and unconsolidated deposits of fluvial, lacustrine, volcanic, and eolian origin ranging from Miocene to Holocene age, referred to as the overburden (Vaccaro 1982).

#### 3.3.2 **Soils**

The site soils were formed by gravelly glacial outwash and the scouring of the Columbia Plateau by the Spokane Flood during the Pleistocene age (Alt 1993). The surface of the soil consists of brown stony sandy silty clay about 6 inches deep. The subsoil, about 12 inches deep, is divided into two layers. The first 5 inches is composed of pale brown gravelly sandy silty clay, while the remaining layer is composed of pale brown very gravelly sandy silty clay. Continuing down to 60 inches, the substratum is composed of gray extremely gravelly coarse sand.

The permeability of the site soil is moderately rapid to the substratum and very rapid through it. Due to this, the available water capacity is low. Runoff of excess water is slow and the hazard of water erosion is slight. Corrosivity of the site soil is moderate for uncoated steel and low for concrete.

In the northern portion of the site is an area that was used as a bombing range. The surface layer of the soil in this area is brown to yellow-brown, very cobbly, silty, sandy, clay about 8 inches deep. In larger areas of the bombing range, the surface soil is underlain by basalt. The basalt lies anywhere from 4 to 20 inches from the surface. In the areas where the basalt is not present at that shallow depth, the subsoil and substratum are composed of very gravelly to extremely gravelly yellowish-brown sand. This

soil has slow permeability and a low water capacity. The runoff is moderate and corrosivity is moderate for uncoated steel and low for concrete (Beieler 1981).

## 3.4 Hydrology

#### 3.4.1 Surface Water

All runoff from this site will flow into a series of perennial streams that flow westerly, none of which are named on the United States Geological Survey (USGS) quadrangle map. Flooding of this area would occur as a result of torrential rains (causing flash flooding). No USGS stream gaging stations exist near this site.

#### 3.4.2 Ground Water

The Columbia Plateau aquifer system consists of two components: the Columbia River Basalt Group and the overburden.

The Columbia River Basalt Group has three hydrogeologic units, the Grande Rhonde Basalt, the Wanapum Basalt, and the Saddle Mountains Basalt. The Basalt Group, as a whole, has an average hydraulic conductivity of .47 ft/yr. The overburden consist of consolidated and unconsolidated deposits of fluvial, lacustrine, volcanic and eolian units. As a whole, the average hydraulic conductivity of the overburden hydrologic unit is 66,000 ft/yr.

The direction of ground-water flow in the overburden aquifer is toward discharge points along surface water features. Water in the overburden is in direct hydraulic contact with water in the immediately underlying basalt unit. Recharge to the aquifer system is primarily from precipitation and applied irrigation water, and secondarily from surface-water bodies such as canals, rivers, lakes, and reservoirs (Vaccaro 1982).

## 3.5 Ecology

The information provided for this site has been compiled from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Washington State Department of Natural Resources.

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department of Natural Resources have indicated that the following Federally listed, proposed, candidate and species of concern, and state listed threatened, endangered or rare species may occur within Douglas County, Washington.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Group	Fed. Status	St. Status
Astragalus misellus var pauper	Pauper milk-vetch	Plant		WAS
Carex xerantica	White-scaled sedge	Plant		WAS
Contopus borealis	Olive-sided flycatcher	Birds	SC	
Corydalis aurea	Golden corydalis	Plant		Review
Delphinium viridescens	Wenatchee larkspur	Plant	SC	WAT
Gulo gulo luscus	Wolverine	Mammals	SC	Review
Iliamna longisepala	Longsepal globemallow	Plant		WAS
Juncus tiehmii	Tiehm's rush	Plant		WA T
Myotis evotis	Long-eared myotis	Mammals	SC	
Myotis volans	Long-legged myotis	Mammals	sc	
Onchorhynchus clarki lewisi	Westslope cutthroat trout	Fish	SC	
Onchorhynchus mykiss gairdneri	Interior redband trout	Fish	SC	
Ophioglossum pusillum	Adder's-tongue	Plant		WA T
Penstemon eriantherus var whitedii	Fuzzytongue penstemon	Plant		Review
Petrophyton cinerascens	Chelan rockmat	Plant	SC	WA T
Phacelia lenta	Sticky phacelia	Plant	SC	WAT
Phacelia tetramera	Dwarf phacelia	Plant		WAS
Trifolium thompsonii	Thompson's clover	Plant	SC	WAT
Accipiter gentilis	Northern goshawk	Birds	SC	<u> </u>
Allium constrictum	Constricted douglas'	Plant	90	WAS
Anodonta californiensis	California floater	Mussels	SC	Review
Astragalus agrestis	Field milk-vetch	Plant	- 30	Review
Athene cunicularia hypugea Brachylagus idahoensis	Western burrowing owl Pygmy rabbit	Birds Mammals	SC E	Review WA E
Buteo regalis	Ferruginous hawk	Birds	SC	WAT
Camissonia pygmaea	Dwarf evening- primrose	Plant		WAT
Carex hystericina	Porcupine sedge	Plant		WA S
Centrocercus urophasianus phaio	s Western sage grouse	Birds	С	WAT
Chlidonias niger	Black tern	Birds	SC	
Corynorhinus townsendii pallescens	Pale Townsend's big- eared bat	Mammals	SC	
Cryptantha leucophaea	Gray cryptantha	Plant	SC	WAS
Cryptantha spiculifera	Snake river cryptantha			WAS

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Cyperus bipartitus	Shining flatsedge	Plant		WAS
Erigeron piperianus	Piper's daisy	Plant		WAS
Fluminicola columbianus	Columbia pebblesnail	Snails	SC	
Hackelia hispida var disjuncta	Sagebrush stickseed	Plant		WAS
Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Bald eagle	Birds	Т	WA T
Juncus uncialis	Inch-high rush	Plant		Review
Lampetra tridentata	Pacific lamprey	Fish	SC	
Lanius ludovicianus	Loggerhead shrike	Birds	SC	Review
Mimulus suksdorfii	Suksdorf's monkey- flower	Plant		WAS
Monolepis pusilla	Red poverty-weed	Plant		Review
Myotis ciliolabrum	Small-footed myotis	Mammals	SC	
Myotis thysanodes	Fringed myotis	Mammals	SC	
Myotis yumanensis	Yuma myotis	Mammals	SC	
Nicotiana attenuata	Coyote tobacco	Plant		WA S
Pediocactus simpsonii var robustior	Hedgehog cactus	Plant		Review
Rana luteiventris	Columbia spotted frog	Amphibians	SC	Review
Sceloporus graciosus graciosus	Northern sagebrush lizard	Reptiles	SC	
Spermophilus washingtoni	Washington ground squirrel	Mammals	C	Review
Spiranthes diluvialis	Ute ladies'-tresses	Plant	Т	
Tympanuchus phasianellus columbianus	Columbian sharp- tailed grouse	Birds	sc	WAT

#### **Key to Listings**

E-Endangered

T - Threatened

PE - Proposed Endangered

PT -- Proposed Threatened

C - Candidate Taxon for Proposal

X—Possibly extirpated from area

xx-Possibly extinct

SCx - Other species of concern to the Service, possibly extirpated from the area

(CH) -- Critical Habitat

WAE -- Washington State Listed Endangered

WAT -- Washington State Listed Threatened

WAS - Washington State Sensitive Species

Review - Washington State Candidate Species,

under review for listing

SC - Other species of concern to the Service

Federally endangered and threatened species are protected by Federal law and must be considered prior to project development. If the action agency determines that listed species or critical habitat may be adversely affected by a federally funded, permitted, or authorized activity, the action agency must request formal consultation with the Service. Candidate species are those for which there is sufficient information to support a proposal for listing.

Although candidate species have no legal protection under the Act, the Service recommends that they be considered in the planning process in the event that they become listed or proposed for listing prior to project completion.

No additional information on the occurrence of rare or endangered species or natural communities is known at this time. This does not mean that other State or Federally listed species may not be present within the areas of interest. For instance, in this particular region, species of anadromous fish that have been listed by the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) may occur, but have not been listed. An on site inspection by appropriate state and federal personnel may be necessary to verify the presence, absence or location of listed species, or natural communities if remedial action is recommended as part of the final ASR.

## 3.6 Demographics

## 3.6.1 Douglas County, Washington

People QuickFacts	Douglas County	Washington
Population, 2001 estimate	32,967	5,987,973
Population percent change, April 1, 2000-July 1, 2001	1.1%	1.6%
Population, 2000	32,603	5,894,121
Population, percent change, 1990 to 2000	24.4%	21.1%
Persons under 5 years old, percent, 2000	7.6%	6.7%
Persons under 18 years old, percent, 2000	29.5%	25.7%
Persons 65 years old and over, percent, 2000	12.7%	11.2%
☐ White persons, percent, 2000 (a)	84.7%	81.8%
Black or African American persons, percent, 2000 (a)	0.3%	3.2%
American Indian and Alaska Native persons, percent, 2000	1.1%	1.6%
Asian persons, percent, 2000 (a)	0.5%	5.5%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, percent, 2000 (a)	0.1%	0.4%
Persons reporting some other race, percent, 2000 (a)	10.8%	3.9%
Persons reporting two or more races, percent, 2000	2.5%	3.6%
Female persons, percent, 2000	50.4%	50.2%
Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin, percent, 2000 (b)	19.7%	7.5%
White persons, not of Hispanic/Latino origin, percent, 2000	77.2%	78.9%
☐ High school graduates, persons 25 years and over, 1990	12,518	2,620,607
College graduates, persons 25 years and over, 1990	2,281	716,969

Archives	Search	Report .	<b>Findings</b>
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	3 Dear Ch Ttepo	
Housing units, 2000	12,944	2,451,075
Homeownership rate, 2000	70.9%	64.6%
Households, 2000	11,726	2,271,398
Persons per household, 2000	2.76	2.53
Households with persons under 18, percent, 2000	41.2%	35.2%
Median household money income, 1997 model-based estimate	\$35,999	\$41,715
Persons below poverty, percent, 1997 model-based estimate	10.0%	10.2%
Children below poverty, percent, 1997 model-based estimate	14.6%	15.2%
Business QuickFacts	Douglas County	Washington
Private nonfarm establishments, 1999	551	162,932
Private nonfarm employment, 1999	3,860	2,209,129
Private nonfarm employment, percent change 1990-1999	20.7%	25.4%
Nonemployer establishments, 1999	1,247	321,766
Manufacturers shipments, 1997 (\$1000)	NA	78,852,486
Retail sales, 1997 (\$1000)	184,871	52,472,866
Retail sales per capita, 1997	\$5,615	\$9,363
Minority-owned firms, percent of total, 1997	7.4%	9.6%
Women-owned firms, percent of total, 1997	26.4%	27.5%
Housing units authorized by building permits, 2000	127	39,021
Federal funds and grants, 2001 (\$1000)	137,579	36,903,358
Local government employment - full-time equivalent, 1997	1,122	185,152
Geography QuickFacts	Douglas County	Washington
Land area, 2000 (square miles)	1,821	66,544
Persons per square mile, 2000	17.9	88.6
Metropolitan Area	None	

(a) Includes persons reporting only one race.

(b) Hispanics may be of any race, so also are included in applicable race categories.

FN: Footnote on this item for this area in place of data

NA: Not available

- D: Suppressed to avoid disclosure of confidential information
- X: Not applicable
- S: Suppressed; does not meet publication standards
- Z: Value greater than zero but less than half unit of measure shown
- F: Fewer than 100 firms

## 4.0 SITE HISTORY

## 4.1 Historical Site Summary

In June 1942, Ephrata Army Air Base was activated. On 24 February 1943, the Second Air Force requested that the Commanding General of the Army Air Forces approve a Pattern Bombing Range located in Sections 31 and 32 of T24N, R26E, and Sections 5 and 6 of T23N, R26E, in Douglas County (Office of the Commanding General, Second Air Force, 1943; Office of the Division Engineer, Pacific Division 1943). Also on 24 February, Clearance was requested from the Interdepartmental Air Traffic Control Board (IATCB) for Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4¹ to be located at approximately 47° 30' N latitude, 119° 35' W longitude (Office of the Division Engineer, Pacific Division 1943a; Office of the Assistant Chief of Air Staff, Material and Services 1945).

The **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4** was located approximately 15 miles northwest of Ephrata Army Air Base and consisted of 2,460.12 acres of land. Facilities constructed on this site included one 64 square foot portable radio shack, one 64 square foot portable motor generator shed, and several targets built by troops. It was used for high altitude bombing by heavy bombardment crews (War Department 1945).

Between February 1944 and January 1945, the air bases at Ellensburg, Geiger, Moses Lake and possibly others were turned into sub-bases or auxiliary fields for Ephrata Army Air Base (Ephrata Army Air Base 1944b; Ephrata Army Air Base 1945a). Ephrata Army Air Base was informed, on 28 January 1945, that it would become a sub-base of McChord Field effective 1 February 1945 (Ephrata Army Air Base 1945a). On 15 February 1945, parts of Ephrata were named temporarily inactive (Office of the Assistant Chief of Air Staff 1945a).

Between November 1943 and 1945, Ephrata Army Air Base experienced a series of deactivations and reactivations in status. In late September 1945 the base was reduced to a "temporarily" inactive status (Ephrata Army Air Base, 1943d; Office of the Assistant Chief of Air Staff 1945a; Assistant Chief of Air Staff 1945b).

The Ephrata Army Air Base made the **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4** available for deactivation as of 30 September 1945 (War Department 1945).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4 was also known as Ephrata Precision Bombing Range No. 1 and the Bright High Altitude Bombing Range.

On 6 October 1945, the Fourth Air Force recommended Ephrata Army Air Base and its gunnery ranges be moved to a surplus status (War Department 1945) and in late December the station was declared surplus to the needs of the War Department (WD) (Air Inspector, Western Field Division 1946).

On 5 March 1947, the Secretary of War began the process of removing Ephrata Army Air Base from surplus status (Adjutant General's Office 1947). The research team found no evidence that the **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4** was used at this time. No information concerning the base's activity was found either. On 31 August 1950, Ephrata Army Air Base was reported as excess to the needs of the Army for the last time (Finegan 1951). On 18 March 1953, the Ephrata Airport was deeded to the city of Ephrata, Washington (Congressional & Public Affairs Committee 1961).

#### 4.1.1 Summary of OE Activities

In September 1943, Ephrata Army Air Base stored 100-lb. M38A2 practice bombs, as well as, 300, 500, and 1000-lb. bombs (Archive Search Report, Ephrata Army Air Field 1994). As of February 1945, Ephrata AAF had bombs, incendiaries, 1 An-M8 cluster incendiary bomb, and M1 or M2 instructional bombs (Ephrata Army Air Base 1945a). Additionally, Ephrata Army Air Base was known to possess .30 caliber, .50 caliber, 20mm, and 40mm ammunition (Archive Search Report, Ephrata Army Air Field 1994).

## 4.1.2 Summary of CWM Activities

The research team found no evidence that chemical munitions of any type were used at **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4**.

#### 4.1.3 Certificate of Clearance

The research team found no certificates of clearance for the **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4**.

## 4.2 Review of Historical Records

## 4.2.1 NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION 8601 ADELPHI ROAD COLLEGE PARK, MD 20740-6001

Record Group 18 (Records of the Army Air Corps)

Entry 1A: Decimal File 1945

Box 288

**Ephrata Ranges** 

Box 289

Army Decimal File 686 Army Air Bases and Aviation Fields

Box 291

Army Decimal File 686 AAB and Aviation fields

Box 292

Decimals 686.61 to 686.63

Box 293

Air Adjutant General Mail and Records Division. Classified Records Section Decimal File 686.9-710 1945

Entry 1C: Bulky Decimal File 1945

Box 558

Decimal 684-686

Box 559

Decimal 684-686

Entry 1D: Decimal File 1946-47

Box 672

Decimal 684-686

Box 673

Decimal 684-686

Entry 1G: Decimal File (Jan.-Oct.) 1948

Box 839

Army Decimal File 684, Target Ranges

Army Decimal File 686, Airfields

Entry 1H: Project Decimal File (Jan.-Oct.) 1948

Box 842

Foreign Misc. Jan.-Mar. 1948

Box 843

Foreign Misc. Jan.-Mar. 1948

Box 844

Foreign Misc. Jan.-Mar. 1948

Box 845

Foreign Misc. Jan.-Mar. 1948

Entry 1I: Bulky Decimal File 1948

Box 2221

Army Decimal Files 600s November 1945- July 1946

Box 2222

Army Decimal Files 600s January 1 – October 31 1945

Box 2223

Army Decimal Files 600s July 1945

Box 2224

Army Decimal Files 600s August through December 1946

Box 2225

Army Decimal Files 600s February 1945

Entry 2A: Decimal File 1944-46

Box 2247

Decimal Files 680-684

Box 2248

Target Ranges June 1944 – December 1945

Box 2274

Buildings and Grounds Washington A-L 1946

Box 2305

Buildings and Grounds Washington "A" - "L"

Buildings and Grounds Washington "M" - "Z"

Box 2333

Army Decimal File 686 VA - WA

Box 2334

Army Decimal Files 686 WA – WY 1944

Entry 2B: Bulky Decimal File, 1944-46

Box 2249

Airfields June 1 through December 31 1946

Box 2250

Airfields September – December 1945

Box 2251

Airfields January – August 1945

Box 2252

Airfields November - March 1945

Box 2253

Airfields July - October 1944

Box 2424

Bulky Decimal Files 600 - 601.53

Box 2425

Bulky Decimal File 602 - 726.5

Entry 2C: Decimal File, 1947

Box 2815

Army Decimal File 686 Washington State 1 January through 1 June

Entry 2D: Bulky File 1947-48

Box 854

Files related to Ephrata No. 2 only

Box 2837

Army Decimal Files 463-700

Entry 2F: Bulky Decimal File 1946-47

Box 3223

Decimal 472-686 Texas

Entry 46: Air Inspector Files

**Box 44** 

Washington

Box 107

Washington

Box 182

Washington

Entry 292A: Central Decimal Files 1942-44

Box 1498

Ephrata Army Air Force

Box 1641

Army Decimal Files 680.4 – 684

Box 1642

Army Decimal File 686

Box 1643

Army Decimal File 686

Entry 292B: Central Decimal Files, Bulky 1942-44

Box 137

Decimals 560 - 600.1 Miscellaneous

Box 141

**Decimals** 665-684

Box 143

Decimal 686

Entry 294A: Bulky Files 1942-44

Box 789

Pipe Line decimal 678 to Supply Depot decimal 681

Box 869

Decimals 680.3 - 686

Bases and Fields decimal 686-D - 686-G

Box 871

Bases and Fields decimal 686-H - 686-L

Box 872

Army Decimal Files 686-M, Bases and Fields March 1 1944 to Army Decimal File 686-P Bases and Fields July 15 1944

Box 1648

Army Decimal Filing 686 Texas to Miscellaneous

Entry 294B: Bulky Files 1942-44

Box 789

**Decimals 678-681** 

Box 800

Decimal 686, AAB and Aviation Field Site Surveys

Entry 295: Correspondence Relating to Airfields, 1939-1945

Box 1414

**Ephrata** 

Entry 297: Correspondence Relating to Corps Areas

Box 1086

9th C.A.

Box 1077

7th C.A.

Box 1078

7th C.A.

Record Group 48 (Records of the Department of the Interior)

Entry 749B: Construction Completion Reports, 1917 – 43

Box 3222

New Mexico - Washington Naval

Record Group 77 (Records of the Chief of Engineers)

Entry 106B: General Correspondence, 1918 - 45

Box 823

Army Decimal File 684

Army Decimal File 685.1 – 686

Box 826

Army Decimal File 686

Box 827

Army Decimal File 686 – 686.61

Entry 433

Box 29

Foster A.B. – French Morocco 1951-52

Entry 435: Project Decimal Files 1949 - 50

Box 25

England to Finns Point National Cemetery

Entry 1011: Formerly Classified Subject Files

Box 114

Army Decimal File 400s

Box 389

England through Ephrata Airfield

Box 390

Ephrata Airfield #2 through European Theater of Operations

Entry 1951: 9800 TSU Detachment

Box 1

Bomb and Shell Disposal 1946-48 including Ephrata Low Altitude Bombing Range Clean up

Entry 1023: General Correspondence relating to airfields, 1940 - 45

Box 25

Army Decimal File 671.2

Box 26

Airfields Part 1, Series 1-8 February – August 1942

Box 27

Airfields Parts 2-4, Decimals 331-450,686

Cartographic

Real Estate Division: Ephrata Bombing Range, WA

Record Group 92 (Office of the Quartermaster General)

Entry 1890B: General Correspondence "Subject File" 1946-48 Box 273

Arctic 1947 decimal 600.1 – World War II 1947 decimal 687

Entry 1892A: General Correspondence "Geographic File" 1936-45 Box 152

England decimal 601.53 – Ephrata Bombing Range decimal 687

Entry 1892B: General Correspondence "Geographic File" 1946-48 Box 144

Epinal Cemetery, France - Finnis Point NK, NJ

Box 192
Files by site

Box 364
Files by site

Entry 1892F: Classified Correspondence File, 1936-1952 Box 4

England decimal 311.5 - Ft. Dupont decimal 311.2

Box 7 England decimal 600.1 – Greenland decimal 311.2

Box 8 Files by site

Box 23 Files by site

Box 33 Eniwetok 682 – Eniwetok 682

Box 35 Ethiopia decimal 370.01 – Germany decimal 311.2

Files by site

Record Group 107 (Secretary of War)

Entry 102: Airfields and Bombing Ranges

Box 127

Aviation Fields and Air Bombing Ranges

Entry 211: Airfields by State

Box 213

Washington to Wyoming

Record Group 159 (Office of the Inspector General)

Entry 26D: General Correspondence 1939-47

Box 455

Air Installations Drew Field, FL to Ephrata Air Base, WA

Record Group 175 (Chemical Warfare Service)

Entry 1: Letters

Box 62

Letter missing

Box 229

Documents 2350 and 2353

Entry 2: Index Briefs, 1918 - Oct. 1942

Box 187

**Ephrata** 

Record Group 237 (Records of the Federal Aviation Administration)

Entry 16A: Administrative Division Subject Correspondence File 1942-49

Box 66

Station list - Troop Bases

Box 67

**Troop Bases** 

Box 68

Troop Bases - Troop Training Units

Entry 37: IATCB Meetings

Boxes 1-4

IATCB Meetings

Entry 55: General Correspondence 1942-48

Box 1123

Decimal 684 - 686

Box 1124

Decimal 686.1 - 704

Record Group Record Group 291 (Records of GSA Property Disposal)

Entry 5: Utilization and Disposal Service Real Property Disposal Case Files

Box 201

Ephrata Air Force Base documents

Record Group 337 (Records of the Chief of Staff)

Entry 16: Administrative Division [Formerly] Classified Decimal Correspondence File 1941-52

Box 45

600 Building and Grounds 1946-47

Box 46

660.2, Harbor Defense Files – 683 Forts, Posts, and Installations

Entry 55: General Correspondence 1942-48

Box 1121

Target Ranges

Box 1122

Target Ranges

Entry 57: Decimal Correspondence of General Headquarters, U.S.

Army 1940-42

Box 107

Target Ranges, decimal 684

Record Group 341 (Records of Headquarters US Air Force (Air Staff))

Entry 494: Correspondence Relating to Real Estate Facilities, 1948-55

Box 3

Ephrata, WA

Box 15

Construction Directives 1946-47

Construction Directives 1948

Record Group 407 (Records of the Adjutant General's Office)

Entry 363A: Military Posts and Reservations

Boxes 4367-4368

Flying Fields E-G

Entry 363B: 1946-48 Unclassified Project Decimal Files

Box 1713

Range Files

# 4.2.2 NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION 700 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20408

Record Group 49 (Bureau of Land Management)

Entry 2005: Index to Letters Received from other Government Agencies

Boxes 128-129

War Department letters

Entry 2009: Miscellaneous Letters Received 1910-46

Box 7570

War Department letters

Box 7652

Ephrata Pattern Gunnery Range

Record Group 153 (Records of the Office of Judge Advocate General (Army))

Entry 56A: Reservation File Sub-Series II

Box 517

Ephrata Bombing Range

Box 518

Ephrata Bomb Range

## 4.2.3 NATIONAL PERSONNEL RECORDS CENTER

MILITARY PERSONNEL RECORDS

9700 PAGE AVENUE

ST. Louis, MO 63132

(314) 538-4201

#### Accession 342-44A-6003

Box 25

2<sup>nd</sup> Air Force Correspondences files with a map of a range near Ephrata (not our site, however)

**Box 26** 

 $2^{nd}$  Air Force Correspondences files with a completion report for Ephrata No. 2 Airfield

#### Accession 342-47A-4219

Box 1

Installation planning information on Ephrata Army Airfield, 1942-45

#### Accession 342-47B-4219

Box 1

Installation History of Ephrata Army Airfield, 1943-45

#### Accession 342-52B-3007

Box 9 and 67

Wright-Patterson General Correspondence including 600 files on Ephrata

#### Accession 342-53A-3001

Box 9

Air Material Area, Ogden General Correspondence, including 686 files on Ephrata (dated 1947)

#### Accession 342-54B-3005

Box 2

Air Material Area, Ogden General Correspondence, including 686 files on Ephrata (dated 1951)

#### Accession 342-55F-3042

Box 7

Wright-Patterson Property Audits including a file on Ephrata, WA (dated 1950)

#### Accession 342-55P-5042

Box 4

Wright-Patterson General Correspondence including a file on Ephrata, WA (dated 1952)

#### Accession 342-57C-3001

Box 6

4<sup>th</sup> Air Force Organization Planning Files including a file on Ephrata, WA consisting of personnel records

#### Accession 342-57H-3001

Boxes 14, 15, 18, 21

 $4^{
m th}$  Air Force Installation Development Files including files on Ephrata

#### Accession 342-57M-3001

Boxes 1

4<sup>th</sup> Air Force Installation Development Files including files on Ephrata (dated 1951)

#### Accession 342-57B-3007

Boxes 9

Air Material Area, Ogden Installation Development, including 686 files on Ephrata (dated 1948)

## 4.2.4 NATIONAL ARCHIVES-PACIFIC ALASKA REGION (SEATTLE) 6125 SAND POINT WAY, NE SEATTLE, WA 98115-7999

Record Group 77 (Records of the Chief of Engineers)

Entry SEA9: General Administrative Files, 1943-53

Box 2

Real Estate Project Audit Report Report of Land Acquisition

#### Box 4

Construction in Excess of \$500,000 Construction Progress Data and Reports 1951-53

#### Box 5

Active Military Construction, 1952 Disposition of Excess Real Property

Military Construction Report 1952 Minor Construction Jobs

Box 11

Special War Construction Program Surplus Real Estate Disposal

Box 12

Surplus Real Estate Disposal

**Box 22** 

Statistical Reports of War Construction Program, 1943-45

Record Group 121 (Records of the Public Building Service) Entry: Real Property Disposal Case Files

Boxes 86-88

Disposal Records relating to the Airbase only

Box 111

Information of the Moses Lake Bombing Ranges

Record Group 269 (Records of the General Services Administration)

Entry: Real Property Disposal Case Files

Box 1 and 3

Disposal Records relating to the Airbase only

Record Group 270 (Records of the War Assets Administration)

Entry: Real Property Disposal Case Files

Boxes 407-412

Disposal Records relating to the Airbase only

4.2.5 MAXWELL AIR FORCE BASE

AIR FORCE HISTORICAL RESEARCH AGENCY 600 CHENNAULT CIRCLE
MAXWELL AFB, AL 63112-6424

Corps of Engineers Construction Boxes

Ephrata, WA

IRIS Numbers: 02020276 - 02020380

Four boxes pertaining mostly to Ephrata Army Air Base

63rd Airdrome Squadron

Call Number: SQ-ADRM-63-HI

4th Air Force Sub-Depots

Call Number: 450.01-16 V. 1

993<sup>rd</sup> Air Material Squadron

1 January through 30 June 1945 Call Number: SQ-SV-993-HI

89th Air Service Group

History 1 March 1944 through 1 September 1945 Call Number: GP-SV-90-HI

375th Air Service Group

History 14 September through 31 October 1945 Call Number: GP-SV-375-HI

6th Bombardment Group

History 1 April 1944 through 31 January 1945 Call Number: GP-6-HI

28th Bombardment Group

History 1 August 1946 through 31 August 1946 Call Number: GP-28-HI

376th Bombardment Group

History 1 April through 30 June 1945 Call Number: GP-376-HI (Bomb)

382<sup>nd</sup> Bombardment Group

History 1 July through 31 July 1945 Call Number: GP-382-HI (Bomb)

393rd Bombardment Group

History 1 November through 31 November 1943 Call Number: GP-393-HI (Bomb)

401st Bombardment Group

History 1 April through 4 June 1943 Call Number: GP-401-HI (Bomb) 449th Bombardment Group

History16 September through 30 September 1945 Call Number: GP-449-HI (Bomb)

450th Bombardment Group

History 1 August through 30 August 1945 Call Number: GP-450-HI (Bomb)

467th Bombardment Group

History 1 September through 30 September 1945 Call Number: GP-467-HI (Bomb)

498th Bombardment Group

History 1 August to 31 August 1944 Call Number: GP-498 (HI)

502<sup>nd</sup> Bombardment Group

History 1 September through 31 September 1944 Call Number: GP-502-HI

505th Bombardment Group

History11 March through 31 May 1944 Call Number: GP-505-HI

512th Bombardment Squadron

History 1 July through 31 July 1945 Call Number: SQ-BOMB-512 HI

582<sup>nd</sup> Bombardment Squadron

16 February through 30 September 1943 Call Number: SQ-BOMB-582-HI

583rd Bombardment Squadron

16 February through 1 October 1943 Call Number: SQ-BOMB-583-HI

717th Bombardment Squadron

History 1 July 1946 through 30 April 1947 Call Number: SQ-BOMB-717-HI

843rd Bombardment Squadron

1 September 1943 through 31 January 1944 Call Number: SQ-BOMB-843-HI 17th Bombardment Wing

1 May through 31 May 1944

Call Number: WG-17-HI (Bomb)

6<sup>th</sup> Mobile Training Unit Microfilm 00496

62<sup>nd</sup> Service Group

1 May through 30 June 1946 Call Number: GP-SV-62-HI

69th Service Group

History 11 May 1944 through 11 October 1944 Call Number: GP-SV-69-HI

348th Service Group

1 December 1944 through 28 February 1945 Call Number: GP-SV-348-HI

540th Service Group

10 May through 31 December 1943 Call Number: GP-SV-540-HI

424<sup>th</sup> Sub-Depot Microfilm 00221

4.2.6 U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS SEATTLE DISTRICT 4735 EAST MARGINAL WAY SEATTLE, WA 98124-3755

The research team reviewed the INPR back-up file, and the Real Estate Audit File for **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4** 

## 4.3 Summary of Interviews

Interviews were conducted by telephone and in person, both prior to and during the site inspection. The primary purpose of these interviews was to make initial contact with individuals knowledgeable of the site and to coordinate follow-up visits during the site inspection phase of this ASR's preparation. A list of persons interviewed is included in **Appendix H**. Any pertinent information derived from these interviews is covered within the body of this ASR.

## 4.4 Air Photo Interpretation and Map Analysis

### 4.4.1 Interpretation of Aerial Photography

The ASR research team performed an aerial photography search at the National Archives (NARA), EROS Data Center (EROS) and USDA. The following photography covering the FUDS portion of **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4** was located.

Photo			Record	FLIGHT
<u>Date</u>	<u>Scale</u>	Source	Group	$\overline{\mathbf{D}}$
29 Jul 1949	1:20,000	NARA	373	AAQ-5F

The ASR research team selected the NARA 29 July 1949 photography to examine in detail and attempt to determine the possible presence of disturbed ground, ground scars and/or any evidence of construction or burial that may have originated from the period of military use. The 1949 photo dates listed below cover the site.

	29 Jul 1949	1:20,000	NARA	373	AAQ-5F-37, 38
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#### Photo 5F-37

The imagery clearly shows the project area of concern to include a large bombing target as referenced in the INPR. The target consists of six concentric circles with diameters of approximately 125 feet, 250 feet, 350 feet, 500 feet, 750 feet, and 950 feet. Two north/south streams run through the target area. The area inside and immediately outside the target area does not indicate significant ordnance scars or craters. Two linear (approximately 10 feet by 20 feet) cleared areas can be located in the vicinity of the target. One of the linear features is at the north edge of the largest (950 foot diameter) circle. The other linear feature is approximately 50 feet outside the 950 foot diameter circle to the northwest of the overall target. The use or purpose of the linear features cannot be discerned from the imagery. However, due to their proximity to the target area, they may have served as staging or viewing areas.

Stereo photography was analyzed from hardcopy prints using pocket stereoscopes. All measurements in this analysis were made using analog instrumentation, and should be considered approximate.

1949 Photography analyzed for this study is annotated on Plate 3, at the end of this report. Note: Information from other photo dates may be included on this plate.

#### 4.4.2 Map Analysis

The site was analyzed using the maps shown in **Appendix K**, plus the following USGS 7.5 minute quadrangle map:

#### Jameson Lake SE, WASH (1965)

Review of the above-cited map sheets confirms general descriptions found in **Paragraph 4.4.1** above. The maps were also useful in locating boundaries and identifying features on the photography.

Department of Defense

c. 1945 "Boundary of Vital Defense Area circa 1945. Record Group 18, Entry 1A, Box 288, Box 823, File 684. National Archives II, College Park, MD.

The above map depicts the locations of bombing and gunnery ranges in the vicinity of Ephrata Army Air Base. The map depicts a target labeled "Ephrata Precision Bombing Range No. 1" as being located at approximately 47° 30' N latitude, 119° 35' W longitude.

#### 5.0 REAL ESTATE

### 5.1 Confirmed DoD Ownership

The **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No.** 4 was established in late 1943 to provide a training facility for the U.S. Army 2nd Air Force assigned to the Ephrata Army Air Field (FlOWA028100), Ephrata, Washington. The former range, consisting of 2,460.12 acres leased from private owners, the State of Washington and Douglas County, is located approximately 20 miles north of Ephrata. The leases were terminated in September and October of 1946 and the land was returned to the original owners. The site is flat, open, treeless land used for crops and stock grazing.

## 5.2 Potential DoD Ownership

No additional areas of potential DoD ownership associated with the **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4** were identified through the Archives Search.

### 5.3 Significant Past Ownership Other than DoD

No significant past ownership relating to Ordnance or Explosives, including Chemical Warfare Materials, was found during the investigation of **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4**.

## 5.4 Current Ownership

Private parties and the State of Washington, who use this land for agricultural purposes, currently own the property that was once **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4**.

#### 6.0 SITE INSPECTION

### 6.1 General Procedures and Scope

The purpose of the ASR site inspection is to characterize the OE potential based upon ascertaining ordnance presence or disposal on **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4**. Permission was obtained from Mr. Paul Malone, landowner and lessee of State of Washington lands, and Mr. Westly Roberts, Mr. Don Dorsey, and Mr. Edward Preston, landowners, to access the site and observe present conditions. The inspection was limited to visual, non-intrusive methods (i.e., no digging for or handling of potential OE). A site safety plan was developed and followed by the team to prevent injury during the inspection (**Appendix L-1**).

A detailed account of the investigation is contained in Paragraph 6.2.

#### 6.2 Site Survey

On Tuesday morning, 13 August 2002, the site survey team drove north from the town of Ephrata, Washington, along State Highway 28 until reaching Lakeview Park (just south of Soap Lake). Here, they took Sheep Canyon Road to the northwest until reaching an intersection with a County Road (Whitehall Road SE). Turning north the team drove approximately 8-1/2 miles north to the center of the former **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range** No. 4. The site is entirely in Douglas County and consists of Sections 5 and 6, Township 23 North (T23N), Range 26 East (R26E), and Sections 31 and 32, T24N, R26E. (Field Latitude (LAT) and Longitude (LON) readings for site locations given below were obtained with a GARMIN GPS using DATUM WGS-84.)

The team first proceeded to drive the local section roads along the FUDS boundary (includes Whitehall Road; see **Photo 1, Appendix I**), observing that the land usage is primarily agricultural (crop growing). Certain land tracts are preserved as natural high desert. Whitehall Road divides Sections 5 and 6, T23N, R26E, and then at the intersection of the four sections (bombing target center), turns 90° to the west and forms the boundary between Section 6, T23N, R26E, and Section 31, T24N, R26E. The team observed a small dump located in the far northeast corner of the target area. There was no visual evidence of any old practice bomb parts, or other DoD generated debris at this location. The team then parked their vehicle on the eastern boundary of Section 5, T23N, R26E, which section was observed to be mostly preserved in natural foliage common to high desserts (**Photo 3, Appendix I**). The team walked over much of Section 5, and did locate (near GPS N 47° 31' 16.7", W 119° 35' 6.1", and GPS N 47° 31' 33.5", W 119° 35'

2.0") and photograph (see **Photo 2, Appendix I**) evidence of the past use as a pattern bombing range (M38-series 100-pound practice bomb parts). After finishing the walk over Section 5, the team returned to their vehicle and continued to search for the target center. The target center is believed to have been positioned just south of the intersection of the four sections of land acquired by DoD for the pattern bombing range. It was also understood that the landowners previously collected practice bomb debris and piled these items up near the old target center. At LAT 47° 31' 21.6" N, LON 119° 35' 52.8" W, and at LAT 47° 31' 23.5" N, LON 119° 35' 49.1" W adjacent to Whitehall Road, two piles of bomb debris were discovered by the team (**Photo 4, Appendix I**). A walk about the general area confirmed that this position was likely near the original target circle.

Shortly after walking the site and photographing bomb debris, the team was preparing to depart, when landowner Paul Malone approach the team in his vehicle. He introduced himself, pointed out the general area where he and his employees had collected much of the bomb debris, and then asked if we saw any of the "rockets". After making this statement, he suggested that the team follow him to his residence where he would show us an example of this device. Safety Officer Randy Fraser identified Mr. Malone's Rocket as a miniature practice bomb from the Bomb, Practice, AN-Mk 5, AN-Mk 23, AN-Mk 43 series. After visiting with Mr. Malone, the team concluded the site survey task, returned to Spokane, Washington where they remained overnight before returning to St. Louis, MO the following day.

## 7.0 EVALUATION OF ORDNANCE POTENTIAL

#### 7.1 Conventional Ordnance Contamination

The Site Survey, conducted on 13 August 2002, revealed no evidence of conventional High Explosive OE contamination on the property. Visual evidence of debris from M38-series 100-pound practice bombs utilizing the M3 or M4 spotting charge, confirms that conventional practice bombs were dropped on this target. Records research on historic activities indicate that it is unlikely that conventional hazardous ordnance items remain on this site. Records research on historic activities indicate that it is unlikely that conventional hazardous ordnance items remain on this site.

#### 7.2 Chemical Warfare Material Contamination

Based upon the investigation of historical records reviewed and the results of the site survey, there is no evidence of Chemical Warfare Materials remaining on this site.

## 8.0 TECHNICAL DATA OF ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVES

#### 8.1 Description of Ordnance

The following list depicts ammunition found on, or otherwise associated with **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4**. Items selected may not be all inclusive. **Appendix C** contains the technical details of munitions identified.

Bomb, Practice, 100-lb, M38A1 Bomb, Practice, AN-Mk 5, AN-Mk 23, AN-Mk 43 Spotting Charge, M1A1 Signal, Practice Bomb, Mk 4

#### 8.2 References

TM 9-1325-200, Bombs and Bomb Components, April 1966 TM 9-1904, Ammunition Inspection Guide, March 1944 NAVSEA OP 1664 Volume 2, U.S. Explosive Ordnance, February 1954 OP 1280, Aircraft Bombs, February 1945 Complete Round Chart #5981, October 1944

## 9.0 EVALUATION OF OTHER SITE INFORMATION

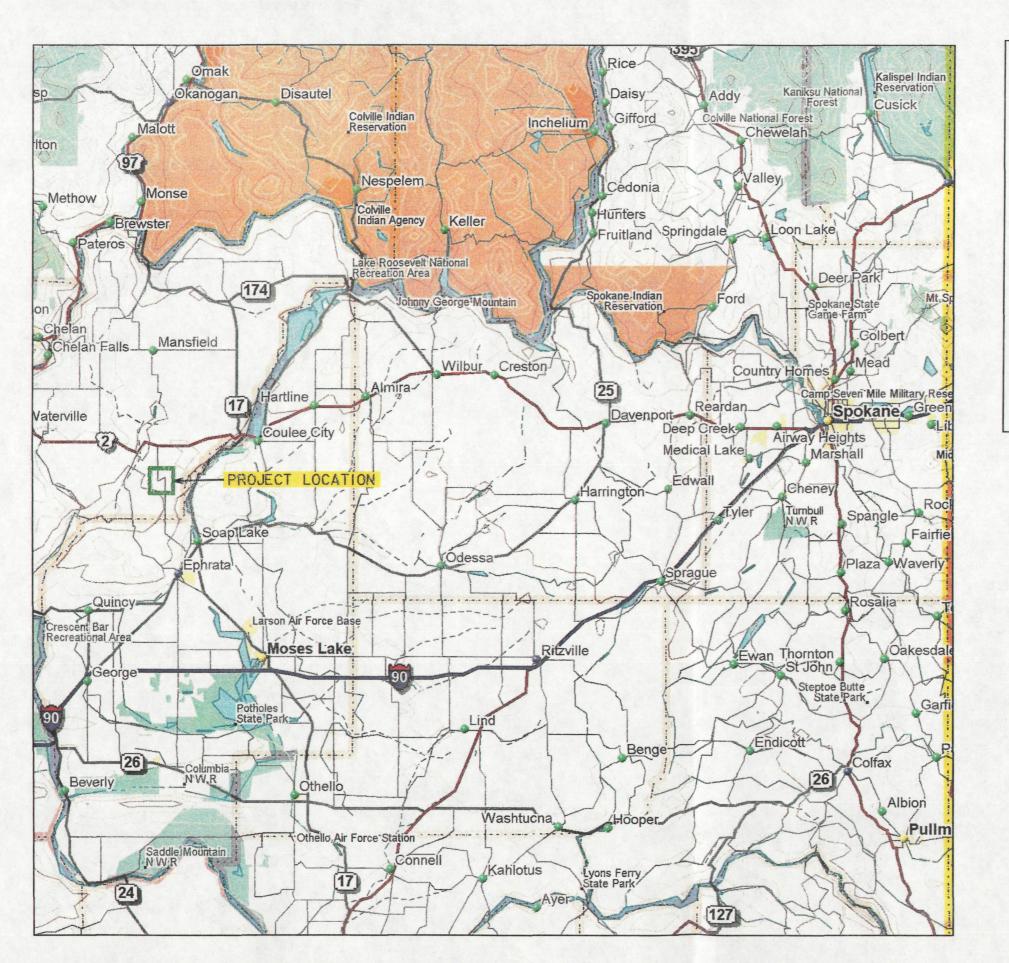
No additional categories of potential environmental concern associated with DoD use of the **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4** were identified during the archive search.

## REPORT PLATES

Plate 1 Regional Location & Vicinity Map

Plate 2 Site Map

Plate 3 1949 Aerial Photo







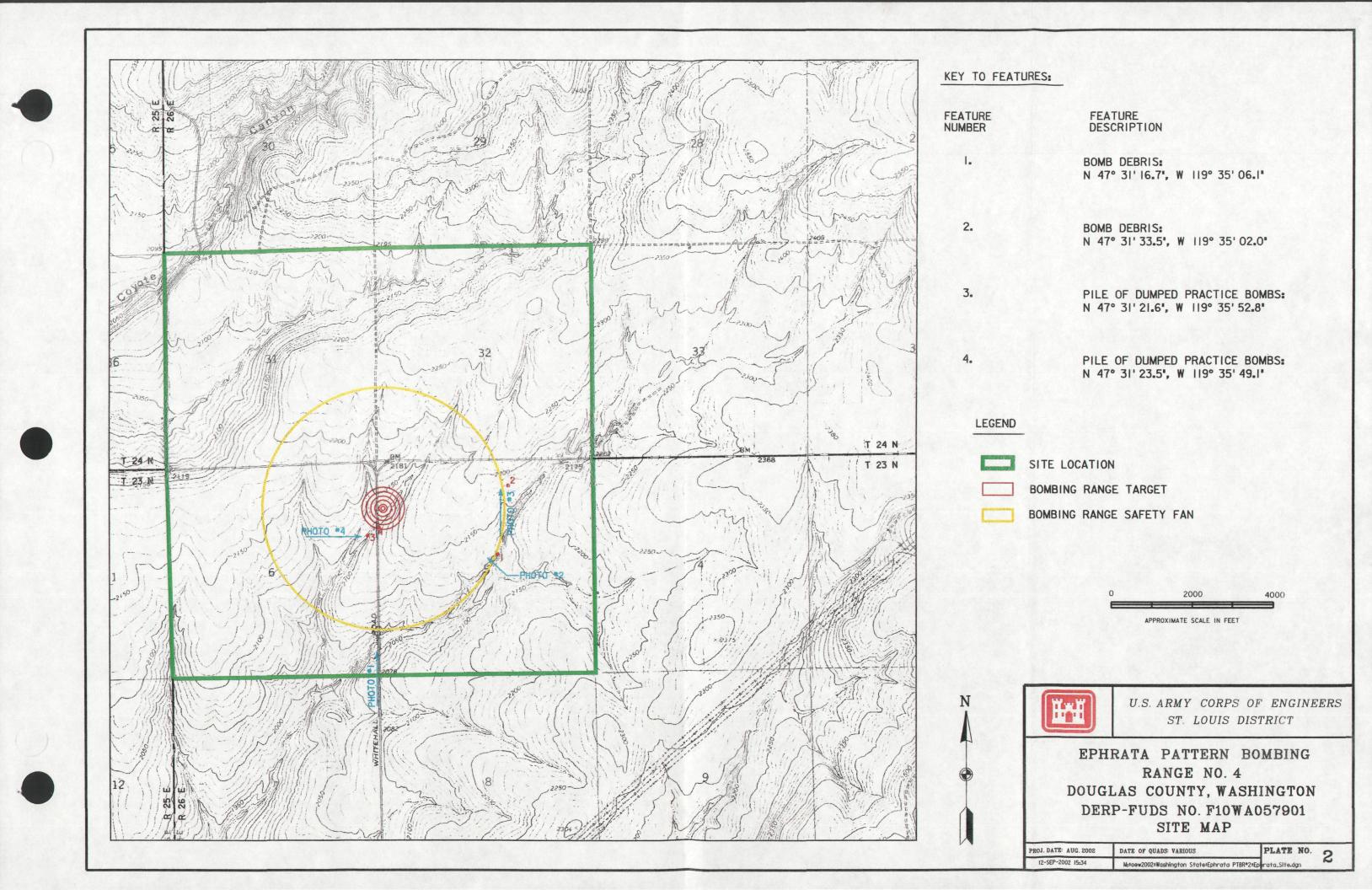
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
ST. LOUIS DISTRICT

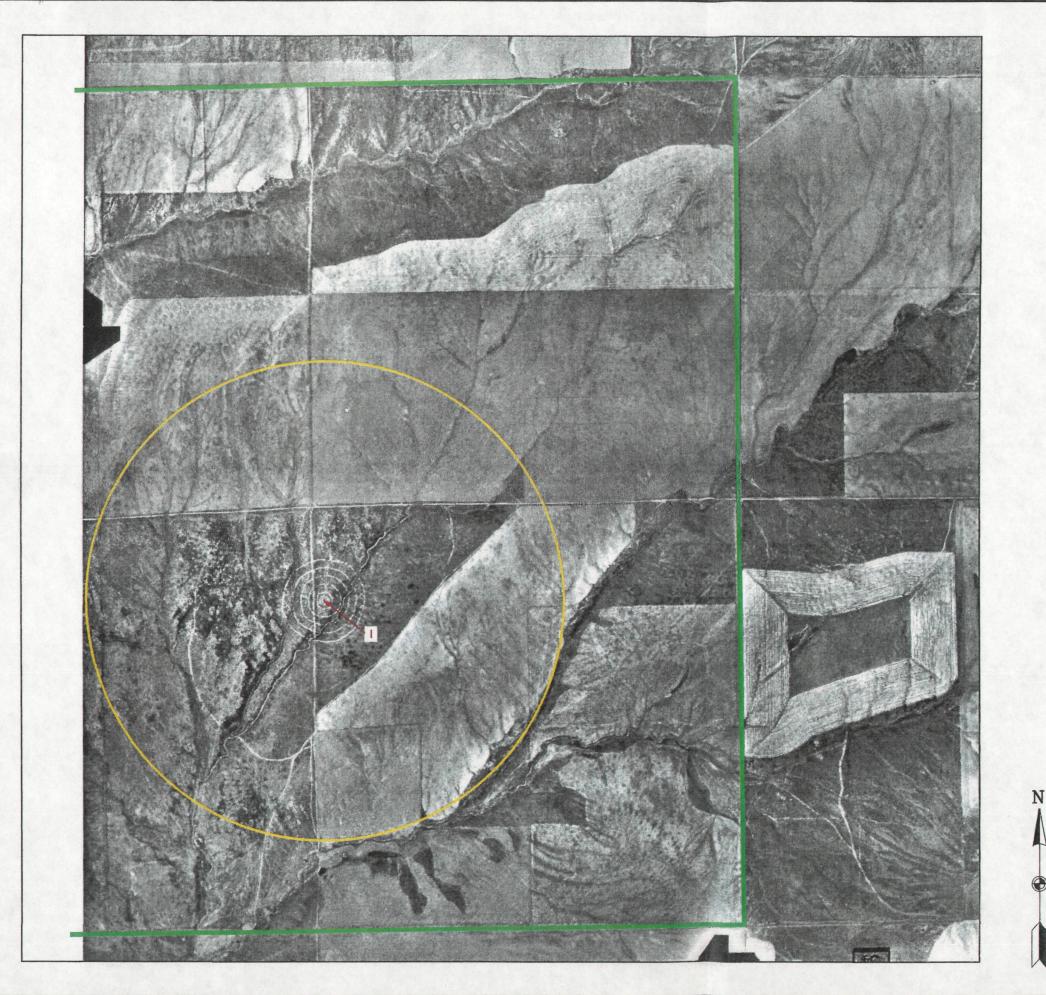
EPHRATA PATTERN BOMBING
RANGE NO. 4
DOUGLAS COUNTY, WASHINGTON
DERP-FUDS NO. F10WA057901
REGIONAL LOCATION & VICINITY MAP

PROJ. DATE: AUG. 2002 DATE OF MAP: 2002 PLATE NO.

11-SEP-2002 13:41 №20ew2002:Washington State:Ephrata P1BR\*2½Eparata\_Vic.dgn







#### KEY TO FEATURES:

FEATURE NUMBER FEATURE DESCRIPTION

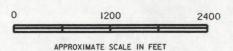
950' DIAMETER CONCENTRIC RING TARGET IS VISIBLE. SMALL, LINEAR CLEARED AREAS TO THE IMMEDIATE NORTH OF THE TARGET SHOW NO SIGNS OF MILITARY USE. SIGNIFICANT SCARRING OR CRATERING IS NOT VISIBLE IN THE STUDY AREA.

LEGEND

SITE LOCATION



BOMBING RANGE SAFETY FAN





U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS ST. LOUIS DISTRICT

EPHRATA PATTERN BOMBING
RANGE NO. 4

DOUGLAS COUNTY, WASHINGTON
DERP-FUDS NO. F10WA057901
1949 AERIAL PHOTO

PROJ. DATE: AUG. 2002

DATE OF PHOTO: 1949

PLATE NO. 3

M:±oew2002±Washinaton State±Ephrata PTBR\*2±Ephrata\_1949ph.dan

## **APPENDICES**

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# APPENDIX A REFERENCES

#### **APPENDIX A - REFERENCES**

#### A1. INPR REFERENCES

#### U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District

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- 1947b "Letter from HQ, AAF, Washington, D.C., dated 20 February 1947, Subject: 'Surplus Leased and Government-owned Real Estate Moses Lake Army Air Field, Washington (Bombing and Gunnery Ranges)." Record Group 18, Entry 2C, Box 2815, File: Washington 1 April – 30 May. National Archives II, College Park, MD

1947c Request for Approval. 11 September. Record Group 18, Entry 2C, Box 2815, File: Washington 1 June. Record Group 18, Entry 2C, Box 2815, File: Washington 1 June. National Archives II, College Park, MD

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- 1945c Letter Listing the Change in Status of Ephrata Army Air Base, Ephrata, Washington and a carbon copy list. 12 July. Record Group 18, Entry 2A, Box 2305, File: 686 Washington "A" to "L". National Archives II, College Park, MD.
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1944	Complete Round Chart # 5981, October 1944
1945	OP 1280, Aircraft Bombs, February 1945
1954	NAVSEA OP 1664 Volume 2, U. S. Explosive Ordnance, February 1954
1966	TM 9-1325-200, Bombs and Bomb Components, April 1966

# APPENDIX B GLOSSARY AND ACRONYMS

#### APPENDIX B - GLOSSARY AND ACRONYMS

AAF Army Air Field AA Anti-Aircraft

AEC Army Environmental Center AGO Adjutant General's Office

AP Armor Piercing

APDS Armor Piercing Discarding Sabot

APERS Antipersonnel

APT Armor Piercing with Tracer
ASR Archives Search Report

ATG Air-to-Ground Aux Auxiliary

BAR Browning Automatic Rifle

**BD** Base Detonating

BD/DR Building Demolition/Debris Removal

BE Base Ejection

BGR Bombing and Gunnery Range
BLM Bureau of Land Management
BRAC Base Realignment And Closure
CADD Computer-Aided Design/Drafting

Cal Caliber

CBDA Chemical and Biological Defense Agency
CBDCOM Chemical and Biological Defense Command

CE Corps of Engineers

CEHNC Corps of Engineers, Engineering and Support Center, Huntsville

**CEHND** Corps of Engineers, Huntsville Division

CELMS Corps of Engineers, St. Louis

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation

and Liability Act

CERFA Community Environmental Response Facilitation Act

**CFR** Code of Federal Regulations

cfs Cubic Feet Per Second COE Chief of Engineers

COMP Composition Cartridge

CSM Chemical Surety Material
CSM Command Sergeant Major
CWM Chemical Warfare Material
CWS Chemical Warfare Service
DA Department of the Army

DARCOM Development and Readiness Command

**DERA** Defense Environmental Restoration Account

DERP Defense Environmental Restoration Program
DERP-FUDS Defense Environmental Restoration Program-

Formerly Used Defense Sites

**DoD**Department of Defense**DOE**Department of Energy**DOI**Department of Interior

E East

EE/CA Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
EIS Environmental Impact Statement
EOD Explosive Ordnance Disposal
EPA Environmental Protection Agency

ERDA Environmental Restoration Defense Account
FDE Findings and Determination of Eligibility
FFMC Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation

FORSCOM Forces Command FS Feasibility Study

FUDS Formerly Used Defense Sites
GIS Graphic Information System
GSA General Services Administration

HC Hexachoroethane HE High Explosive

HEAT High Explosive Anti-Tank
HEI High Explosive Incendiary
HEP High Explosive Plastic

**HQUSACE** Headquarters, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

HTRW Hazardous Toxic and Radioactive Waste

HTW Hazardous and Toxic Waste IAS Initial Assessment Study

ILLUM Illuminating

INPR Inventory Project Report

IRP Installation Restoration Program
MCX Mandatory Center of Expertise

MG Machine Gun
MG Major General
MM/mm Millimeter
MT Mechanical Tin

MTSQ Mechanical Time
Mechanical Time Super Q

MTSQ Mechanical Time Super Quick

N North

NARA National Archives and Records Administration

NAS Naval Air Station

NCDCNational Climatic Data CenterNCPNational Contingency PlanNFSNational Forest Service

NG National Guard

NGVD National Geodetic Vertical Datum

NOAA National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

**NOFA** No Further Action

National Personnel Records Center **NPRC** 

NRC National Records Center OE Ordnance and Explosive

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PA Preliminary Assessment (Enhanced)

PD Point Detonating

**PIBD** Point Initiating, Base Detonating

PL Public Law

PM **Project Management** 

**QASAS** Quality Assurance Specialist - Ammunition Surveillance

 $\mathbf{R}$ Range

RA Removal Action

RAC Risk Assessment Code

RD Remedial Design

RD/RA Remedial Design/Remedial Action

Record Group  $\mathbf{RG}$ 

RI Remedial Investigation

Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study RI/FS

 $\mathbf{S}$ 

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SCS Soil Conservation Service

SLD St. Louis District, Corps of Engineers

Site Safety and Health Officer SSHO Site Safety and Health Plan SSHP SWMU Solid Waste Management Units

Township  $\mathbf{T}$ 

**Test Evaluation Command** TECOM TEU Technical Escort Unit TMTechnical Management

TNT Trinitrotoluene

TP **Target Practice** 

United States of America USA U.S. Army Corps of Engineers USACE

U.S. Army Defense Ammunition Center and School USADACS

U.S. Army Engineer District USAED

USAESCH U.S. Army Engineering and Support Center, Huntsville,

Alabama

USATHMA U.S. Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency

USC United States Code

U.S. Department of Agriculture USDA U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service **USFWS** 

USGS	U.S. Geological Survey
UXO	Unexploded Ordnance

W West

WAA War Assets Administration

WD War Department

WNRC Washington National Records Center

WW I World War I WW II World War II

# APPENDIX C TEXTS/MANUALS

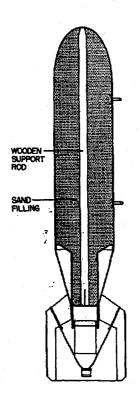
### APPENDIX C - TEXTS/MANUALS

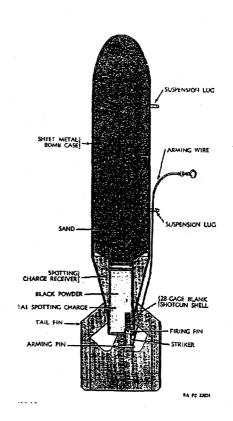
C-1	Bomb, Practice, 100 Pound, M38A2		
C-2	Miniature Practice Bombs AN-Mk 5 Mod 1,	AN-Mk 23	, <b>AN-Mk</b> 43
C-3	Spotting Charges, M1A1, M3, M5		
C-4	Signal, Practice Bomb, Mk 4 Mod 3 & 4		

# **APPENDIX C-1**

Bomb, Practice, 100 Pound, M38A2

# **BOMB, PRACTICE, 100 POUND, M38A2**





with M5 spotting charge

with M1A1 spotting charge

Description. This bomb simulates a General Purpose bomb of the same size. It is constructed of light sheet metal, approximately 22-gage, formed by rolling a rectangular sheet of metal into the form of a cylinder approximately 8 inches in diameter, and spot-welding the seam. The rounded nose is pressed from the same metal, as is the tail, which is formed in the shape of a cone. The tail portion ends in box type fins, which is welded to the cone. Inside of the smaller end of the conical tail section is welded the spotting charge receiver. The spotting charge is assembled in a sleeve at the base of the bomb, within the fin box. Authorized spotting charges are the M1A1, M3, and M5. When using the M5 spotting charge a wooden support rod is installed in the bomb. Two suspension lugs are bolted to the bomb body during fabrication. The Suspension Band M1 is provided for single suspension. The band is a separate component. The over-all length of the bomb body is 472 inches. When empty, the bomb body weighs approximately 14 pounds. When completely loaded with sand and spotting charge, the weight of the bomb is approximately 100 pounds.

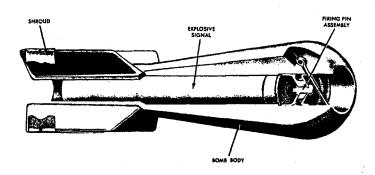
Over-all length	47.5 inches
Diameter	
Weight empty	
Weight sand loaded & spotting charge	

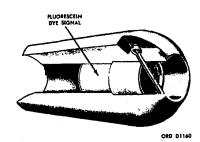
**Reference:** TM 9-1904, *Ammunition Inspection Guide*, March 1944; NAVSEA OP 1664 Volume 2, *U.S. Explosive Ordnance*, February 1954; *Complete Round Chart #5981*, October 1944

# **APPENDIX C-2**

Miniature Practice Bombs AN-Mk 5 Mod 1, AN-Mk 23, AN-Mk 43

# MINIATURE PRACTICE BOMBS AN-Mk 5 Mod 1, AN-Mk 23, AN-Mk 43





Description. These bombs are used for low-altitude horizontal, or dive-bombing practice. The three bombs are similar in physical appearance, but differ basically in the metal used to cast the body. Bombs are used with the AN-Mk 4 practice bomb signal that is a blank 10-gauge shotgun shell (extended length). Signals contain a black powder expelling charge and a red phosphorous pyrotechnic mixture. These bombs also are used with the MK5 signal that contains a fluorescein dye and is actuated by impact on water. When the Mk5 signal is installed, the firing pin assembly is not used.

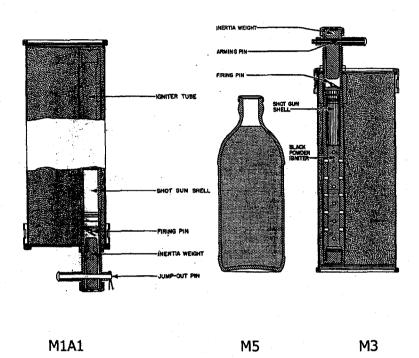
Over-all length	8.25 inches
Body Diameter	2.18 inches
Fin Dimension	2.5 inches
Weight	AN-Mk 5 Mod 1 – 2 lb. 11 oz. <u>+</u> 1 oz
	AN-Mk 23 – 3 lb <u>+</u> 2 oz
	AN-Mk $43 - 4$ lb. $7$ oz. $\pm 2$ oz.
Signal	AN-Mk 4, Black powder/pyro-
	technic charge; Mk 5, Fluorescein
	dye

**Reference:** OP 1280, *Aircraft Bombs*, February 1945; TM 9-1325-200, *Bombs and Bomb Components*, April 1966

# **APPENDIX C-3**

Spotting Charges, M1A1, M3, M5

# **SPOTTING CHARGES, M1A1, M3, M5**



M1A1 Spotting Charge. This type of spotting charge fits in the after end of the 100-pound Practice Bomb M38A2. It produces a flash of flame and white smoke for observation of bombing accuracy. It is made from a large tin can, 11.18-inches long, 3.43-inches diameter, weighing 4.25-pounds. At the top of the can is a cover, which has a hole in it for the insertion of a 28-gage blank shotgun shell and firing mechanism. Upon impact, the inertia weight drives the firing pin into the shotgun-type primer, igniting the 3-pounds of black powder.

M3 Spotting Charge. The spotting charge has a 2 1/3-pound dark smoke filling and a black-powder igniter. It is 5/8 of an inch longer than the Spotting Charge M1A1, but otherwise similar. The M3, with its dark smoke filler, is well adapted for bombing practice over snow-covered terrain. The black-powder igniter charge contains approximately 425 grains. It is used in the M38A2 Practice bomb.

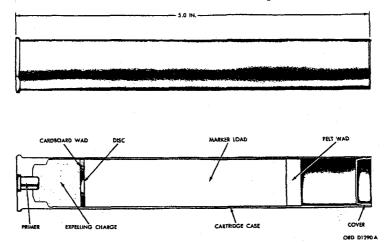
M5 Spotting Charge. The spotting charge consists of a glass bottle filled with FS smoke mixture. An ordinary bottle cap seals the mixture. The bottle is held to the Practice Bomb M38A2 by a wire twisted around the neck of the bottle and attached to the tail vanes. The charge assembly weighs 2.54 pounds.

**Reference:** TM 9-1904, *Ammunition Inspection Guide*, March 1944; NAVSEA OP 1664 Volume 2, *U.S. Explosive Ordnance*, February 1954

# **APPENDIX C-4**

Signal, Practice Bomb, Mk 4 Mod 3 & 4

# SIGNAL, PRACTICE BOMB, Mk 4 Mod 3 & 4



Description. Practice Bomb signals Mk 4 Mods 3 and 4 are essentially 10-gauge shotgun shells. They contain an expelling charge of smokeless powder and are primed with a commercial primer. A pyrotechnic or inert marker load is separated from the expelling charge by a disc and cardboard gun wad. Felt gun wads that are cemented to the cover close the end of the shell.

*Use.* The signals are used in either the miniature or the larger practice bombs. However, installed in the miniature practice bombs, the signals do not consistently produce a visible signal when dropped from an altitude of 10,000 feet or higher. Released from that heigh, the bomb enters the water or earth so quickly that the signal frequently does not have time to function.

Functioning. When the practice bomb in which the signal is installed strikes water or the earth, impact causes the firing pin in the nose of the bomb to impinge upon the primer of the signal. The primer ignites the expelling charge, forcing the marker load out through an opening in the bomb. The resulting flash and puff of white smoke permit observation of bombing accuracy.

Differences. Signals Mk 4 Mod 0 was the first of this type developed. Mods 1 and 2 were procured later for issue to activities limited by environment to performing practice bombing in the vicinity of flammable areas. These signals contain inert materials that produce very little flash and are markedly inferior to the Mod 0. Mod 3 is similar to the Mod 0 but differs in that the cartridge case of the Mod 3 is extruded aluminum instead of paper; a primer mixture with improved storage characteristics has been used, a new pyrotechnic load has been incorporated. The Mod 4 signal is similar to the Mod 3 with the exception of an inert marker load of zinc oxide. In both Mods, the cover and cartridge case are cemented together; in Mod 3 the assembly also is staked in four equally spaced places.

Length and diameter6.0 in by 0.85 inExpelling chargeSmokeless powderMarker loadMod 3 Stabilized Red PhosphorousMod 4 Zinc Oxide

Reference: TM 9-1325-200, Bombs and Bomb Components, April 1966

# APPENDIX D REPORTS/STUDIES

#### APPENDIX D - REPORTS/STUDIES

D-1 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District

1996 Defense Environmental Restoration Program, Formerly Used Defense Sites, Findings and Determination of Eligibility, **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4**, Douglas County, Washington, Project No. F10WA057901. District Files. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District Office, Seattle, Washington.

### **APPENDIX D-1**

### U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District 1996

Defense Environmental Restoration Program, Formerly Used Defense Sites, Findings and Determination of Eligibility, Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4, Douglas County, Washington, Project No. F10WA057901. District Files. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District Office, Seattle, Washington.

#### MEMORANDUM FOR CDR, SEATTLE DISTRICT, ATTN: CENWS-PM-HW

SUBJECT: DERP-FUDS Inventory Project Report (INPR) Requiring an Ordnance and Explosives (OE) Engineering Evaluation and Cost Analysis (EE/CA

- 1. Reference memorandum, CEIINC-OE-AI, 12 June 1996, subject as above (copy enclosed), regarding Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range #4, Douglas and Grant Counties, Washington.
- 2. HNC recommended project approval to HQUSACE in 1996. However, a project approval memorandum was apparently never generated. Project approval authority was subsequently delegated to the Divisions. This memorandum serves to document approval of OE Project No. F10WA057901, Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range. In accordance with the enclosed memorandum, the Risk Assessment Code is 3.
- 3. Please ensure that FUDSMIS is updated to reflect the approval.
- 4. Any questions may be referred to David Nusz at (402) 697-2523.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

Encl

as

TEDDIE R. KELL, P.E.

Chief, Military/HTRW/SFO Division

CF w/o Encl; CEMP-RF (Moeller) CEHNC-OE-DC (Douglas) CENWO-HX-T (K. Peterson) CENWD-MT-MH (Nusz)



#### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

## HUNTSVILLE DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS P.O. BOX 1600 HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA 35807-4301

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF

CEHNC-OE-AI (200-1c)

12 June 1996

MEMORANDUM FOR Commander, HQUSACE, ATTN: CEMP-RF,
20 Massachusetts Avenue NW, Washington, DC
20314-1000

SUBJECT: DERP-FUDS Inventory Project Report (INPR) Requiring an Ordnance and Explosives (OE) Engineering Evaluation and Cost Analysis (EE/CA)

1. The enclosed INPR has been submitted for further investigation or action by the Huntsville Engineering and Support Center. We have reviewed the INPR and recommend a phased EE/CA be scheduled for the following site:

DIVISION PROJECT NO. RAC SITE NAME

NPD F10WA057901 3 Ephrata Pattern
Bombing Range #4
(encl)

2. A cost model and risk assessment code score is included with the enclosure. The POC is Ms. Carrie Douglas at 205-895-1465 or Mr. Bill McPherson at 205-895-1595.

FOR THE DIRECTOR, ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVES TEAM:

Encl

KARL E. BLANKINSHIP, P.E. Manager, Ordnance and Explosives Team

CF:

Commander, U.S. Army Engineer Division, North Pacific, ATTN: CENPD-PM-M, P.O. Box 2870, Portland, OR 97208-2870 Commander, U.S. Army Engineer District, Seattle, ATTN: CENPS-EN-GT-EM, P.O. Box 3755, Seattle, WA 98124-2255



# DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NORTH PACIFIC DMSION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS P.O. BOX 2870 PORTLAND, OREGON 97208-2870

Reply 10 Attention of:

CENPD-PM-M (200-1a)

1 5 APR 1996 2 55

MEMORANDUM FOR CDR, U.S. Army Engineering & Support Center, Huntsville, (CEHNC-PM-E), P.O. BOX 1600, Huntsville, AL 35807-4301

SUBJECT: Defense Environmental Restoration Program for Formerly Used Defense Sites (DERP-FUDS); Inventory Project Report (INPR), for Site No. F10WA057900, Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range #4, Douglas and Grant Counties, Washington

- 1. I am forwarding the subject INPR for your action. This site is determined to be a formerly used defense site (FUDS). The proposed project is eligible for funding under the DERP-FUDS program.
- 2. I recommend that CEHND review the proposed ordnance and explosive waste (OEW) project and take the necessary actions.
- 3. The CENPD-PM-MP POC for this action is Mr. Moon-Yong Han, P.E., (503) 326-7361.

Encl Memo, CENPS-EN-GT-EM 22 March 1996

CF (w/o encl) CEMP-RF CENPS-PM RUESELL L. FUHRMAN Major General, USA

Commanding



#### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY SEATTLE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS P.O. BOX 3755

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98124-2255

MAR 22 1996

CENPS-EN-GT-EM (200-1a)

MEMORANDUM FOR Commander, U.S. Army Engineer Division, North Pacific, ATTN: CENPS-PM-MP, P.O. Box 2870, Portland, Oregon 97208-2870

SUBJECT: Defense Environmental Restoration Program for Formerly Used Defense Sites (DERP-FUDS) Inventory Project Report (INPR) for Site No. F10WA057900, Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range #4, Douglas and Grant Counties, Washington.

- The enclosed INPR presents the DERP-FUDS Preliminary Assessment (PA) for the above facility. A site visit was conducted on 2 November 1995. The site survey summary sheet and site map are included in the INPR.
- 2. We have determined that the site was formerly used by the United States Army. A recommended Findings and Determination of Eligibility (FDE) is included in the INPR.
- Also, we have determined that there is a potential for ordnance or explosive waste (OEW) at the site which would be eligible for further evaluation and possible remediation under DERP-FUDS.
- Seattle District Counsel has reviewed this INPR and concurs with site and project eligibility determinations.

#### I recommend:

- Approval and signing the FDE;
- Forwarding a copy of this INPR to CEHND requesting that they determine what further action is required and appropriate at this site.

Encls as

DONALD T. WYNN

Colonel, Corps of Engineers

Commanding

### SITE SURVEY SUMMARY SHEET FOR

DERP-FUDS SITE NO. F10WA057900 EPHRATA PATTERN BOMBING RANGE #4 DOUGLAS AND GRANT COUNTIES, WASHINGTON MARCH 1996

SITE NAME: Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range #4.

LOCATION: Douglas and Grant Counties, Washington (see attached map).

SITE HISTORY: The Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range #4 was established in late 1943 to provide a training facility for the U.S. Army 2nd Air Force assigned to the Ephrata Army Air Field (F10WA028100), Ephrata, Washington. The former range, consisting of 2460.12 acres leased from private owners and Douglas County, is located approximately 14 miles north of Ephrata. The leases were terminated in September and October of 1946. The site is flat, open treeless land used for crops and stock grazing.

The Ephrata Army Air Field, active from 1942 to 1945, was initially a training facility for B-17 and B-24 bomber crews (June 1942 and December 1943). Since Range #4 was established after June 1943, it would appear that use of the property for bombing activity may have been rather brief. Documents indicate incendiary and demolition bombs including 300, 500 and 1000 pounders, and M38A2 100 pound training bombs (sand filled) were stored on base and may have been used at Range #4. (See Draft Archive Search Report, Ephrata Army Air Field, Grant County WA, FloWA028100, June 1994, prepared by St. Louis District.)

From December 1943 to April 1944 the air field was on standby status and designated as a sub-port of McChord Army Air Field near Tacoma. It was then reactivated for 4th Air Force fighter pilot training in P-38, P-39 and P-63 aircraft. This mission continued until February 1945 when the base returned to stand-by under McChord. No indication of use of Range #4 during this re-activation period was found.

In July and August 1945, Ephrata Army Air Field was briefly re-activated for 4th Air Force B-24 bomber crew training and then returned to stand-by. It is not known if Range #4 was in use at this time.

The documents consulted did not identify any military structures constructed at the facility; however, a long-time property owner reported knowing of a target located on his land in the western half of the range. Reports of bomb fragments and occasionally training bombs with intact spotting devices came from two informants, but no one

DERP-FUDS SITE NO. F10WA057900 cont.

interviewed could recall any finds of unexploded HE ordnance or incendiaries.

SITE VISIT: A site visit was conducted on 2 November 1995 by David Wigle and Victor Ramos, CENPS-EN-GT-ET. While on the site, they spoke with Mr. Paul Malone and Mr. Wesley Roberts, property owners. Other owners were contacted by telephone before and after the site visit. A small pile of bomb fragments collected by one property owner was observed.

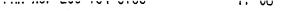
CATEGORY OF HAZARD: OEW.

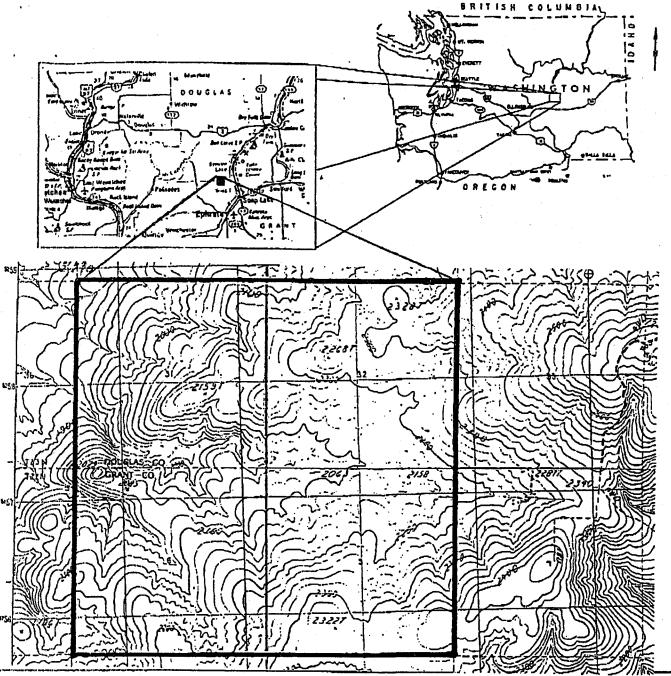
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Bomb debris and, occasionally, intact spotting charges, have been found at various locations within the boundaries of Range #4 for nearly 50 years. There is a possibility that HE demolition and incendiary bombs may also have been used.

AVAILABLE STUDIES AND REPORTS: Various historical materials and real estate records.

SEATTLE DISTRICT PROGRAM POC: Robert L. Monson, CENPS-PM-PM, (206) 764-6587.

SEATTLE DISTRICT PROJECT POC: Jonathan A. Maas, CENPS-EN-GT-EM, (206) 764-6745.





SITE VICINITY & LOCATION MAP EPHRATA PATTERN BOMBING RANGE EPHRATA, WA SITE NO. FIOWA057900

LEGEND:

NOT TO SCALE

SITE LOCATION

USArmy Corp of Engineers Seattle District **DERP-FUDS** 



DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION PROGRAM FOR FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES FINDINGS AND DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY

Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range #4 Douglas and Grant Counties, Washington

Site No. F10WA057900

#### FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The former Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range #4 is located in Douglas and Grant Counties, 14 miles north of the town of Ephrata, Washington. The site consisted of 16 contiguous tracts totaling 2,460.12 acres acquired by leases in 1943.
- 2. The site was used by Army Air Corps units attached to the Ephrata Army Air Field for bombing practice.
- 3. The leases were terminated in September and October 1946.

#### **DETERMINATION**

Based on the foregoing findings of fact, the site has been determined to be formerly used by the Department of Defense. It is therefore eligible for the Defense Environmental Restoration Program - Formerly Used Defense Sites, established under 10 USC 2701 et seq.

12 Apr 1990

RUSSELL L. FUHRMAN Major General, USA

Commanding

#### ·

1 110 1101 COO 104 3100

PROJECT SUMMARY SHEET FOR

DERP-FUDS OEW PROJECT F10WA057901 EPHRATA PATTERN BOMBING RANGE #4 DOUGLAS AND GRANT COUNTIES, WASHINGTON SITE NO. F10WA057900 MARCH 1996

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Metal bomb debris and, occasionally, intact spotting charges have been found at various locations within the boundaries of Range #4 for nearly 50 years. There is a possibility that HE demolition and incendiary bombs may also have been used at the site.

PROJECT ELIGIBILITY: The property was controlled and used by the Army between 1943 and 1946.

POLICY CONSIDERATIONS: Potential OEW sites with a RAC of 4 or higher are to be referred to CEHND for recommendations for further action.

PROPOSED ACTIVITIES: The INPR should be referred to CEHND for recommendations for further action.

RAC: II-C, 3 (Form attached).

SEATTLE DISTRICT PROJECT POC: Jonathan A. Maas, CENPS-EN-GT-EM, (206) 764-6745.

17 March 1995
Previous editions obsolete

### RISK ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES FOR ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVE WASTE (OEW) SITES

Site Name <u>Fourata Pattern Bomb Rng # 4</u>
Site Location <u>Fohrata</u>, <u>WA</u>
DERP Project # <u>F10WA057900</u>
Date Completed <u>21 May 96</u>

Rater's Name <u>Bill McPherson</u>
Phone No. (205) 895-1595
Organization <u>CEHNC-OE-AI</u>
RAC Score 3

#### *QEW RISK ASSESSMENT:*

This risk assessment procedure was developed in accordance with MIL-STD 882C and AR 385-10. The RAC score will be used by CEHND to prioritize the remedial action at Formerly Used Defense Sites. The EXO risk assessment should be based upon best available information resulting from records searches, reports of Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) detachment actions, and field observations, interviews, and measurements. This information is used to assess the risk involved based upon the potential OEW hazards identified at the site. The risk assessment is composed of two factors, hazard severity and hazard probability. Personnel involved in visits to potential OEW sites should view the CEHND videotape entitled "A Life Threatening Encounter: OEW."

Part I. <u>Hazard Severity</u>. Hazard severity categories are defined to provide a qualitative measure of the worst credible mishap resulting from personnel exposure to various types and quantities of unexploded ordnance items.

### TYPE OF ORDNANCE (Circle all values that apply)

A.	Conventional Ordnance and Ammunition	VALUE
	Medium/Large Caliber (20 mm and larger)	10
	Bombs, Explosive	10
	Grenades, Hand and Rifle, Explosive	10
	Landmines, Explosive	10
	Rockets, Guided Missiles, Explosive	10
	Delonators, Blasting Caps, Fuzes, Boosters, Bursters	6
	Bombs, Practice (w/spotting charges)	6
	Grenades, Practice (w/spotting charges)	4
	Landmines, Practice (w/spotting charges)	4
	Small Arms (.22 cal50 cal)	1
	Small Arms, Expended	0

Conventional Ordnance and Ammunition (Select the largest single value)

What evidence do you have regarding conventional EXO? HE and practice bombs were dropped

B. Pyrotechnics (For munitions not described above.)	VALUE	
Munition (Container) Containing White Phosphorus or other Pyrophoric Material (I.e., Spontaneously Flammable)	10	. •
Munition Containing A Flame or Incendiary Material (i.e., Napalm, Triethlaluminum Metal Incendiaries)	<b>6</b>	
Flares, Signals, Simulators	4	
Pyrotechnics (Select the largest single value) What evidence do you have regarding pyrotechnics? Reported at the	Air Base, may have	been dropped
C. Bulk High Explosives (Not an integral part of conventional ordinance	ce; uncontainerized.)	)
	VALUE	
Primary or Initiating Explosives (Lead Styphnate, Lead Azide, Nitroglycerin, Mercury Azide, Mercury Fulminate, Tetracene, etc.)	10	
Demolition Charges	10	•
Secondary Explosives (PETN, Compositions A, B, C, Tetryl, TNT, RDX, HMX, HBX, Black Powder, etc.)	8	
Military Dynamite	6	
Less Sensitive Explosives (Ammonlum Nitrate, Explosive D, etc.)	3	
High Explosives (Select the largest single value)		0
What evidence do you have regarding bulk explosives? None		
D. Bulk Propellants (Not an Integral part of rockets, guided missiles,	or other conventions	al ordnance;
uncontainerized)	VALUE	
Solid or Liquid Propellants	6	
Propellants		_ 0

What evidence do you have regarding bulk propellants? None\_

#### E. Chemical Warfare Material and Radiological Weapons

		•		
		VALUE		
Toxic Chemical Agents (Choking, Nerve, Blood, Blister)		25		<b>46'</b>
War Gas Identification Sets	4.	20		<b>-4</b>
Radiological		15	e e	
Riot Control Agents (Vomiting, Tear)		5		
Chemical and Radiological (Select the large	est single value)			0
What evidence do you have of chemical/rad	iological OEW?_	None		
######################################		7 <b>22332</b>		1855555E25E2
TOTAL HAZARD SEVERITY VALUE				_16

(Sum of Largest Values for A through E-Maximum of 61)
Apply this value to Table 1 to determine Hazard Severity Category.

TABLE 1

#### HAZARD SEVERITY\*

Description	Category	Hazard Severity Value
CATASTROPHIC	1	21 and greater
CRITICAL		10 to 20
MARGINAL	m	5 to 9
NEGLIGIBLE	IV	1 to 4
"NONE		0

Apply Hazard Severity Category to Table 3.

"If Hazard Severity Value is 0, you do not need to complete Part II. Proceed to Part III and use a RAC Score of 5 to determine your appropriate action.

Part II. <u>Hazard Probability</u>. The probability that a hazard has been or will be created due to the presence and other rated factors of unexploded ordnance or explosive materials on a formerly used DOD site.

### AREA, EXTENT, ACCESSIBILITY OF OEW HAZARD (Circle all values that apply)

#### A. Locations of OEW Hazards

A. Lucations of Cievy Flazarus	• VALUE
On the surface	5
Within Tanks, Pipes, Vessels or Other confined locations.	4
Inside walls, ceilings, or other parts of Buildings or Structures.	3
Subsurface	2
Location (Select the single largest value)	_5

What evidence do you have regarding location of OEW? HE and practice debris visible and probable to lie subsurface

 Distance to nearest Inhabited locations or structures likely to be at risk from OEW hazard (roads, parks, playgrounds, and buildings).

VALUE

	•	VALUE	
Less than 1250 feet	•	5	
1250 feet to 0.5 miles		4	
0.5 miles to 1.0 mile		3	
1.0 mile to 2.0 miles		2	
Over 2 miles		1	
Distance (Select the single larges	t value)		

What are the nearest inhabited structures? Farm house

<ol> <li>Number of buildings within a 2 mile radius measured from i boundary.</li> </ol>	the OEW haz	ard area, n	ot the Installation
	VALUE		
26 and over	5		••
16 to 25	4		
11 to 15	3		<b>~6</b>
6 to 10	2		
1 to 5	1		
0	0		
Number of Buildings (Select the single largest value)			_1
Narrative_Farm_			
D. Types of Buildings (within a 2 mile radius)	VALUE		
Educational, Child Care, Residential, Hospitals, Hotels, Commercial, Shopping Centers	5		
Industrial, Warehouse, etc.	4		
Agricultural, Forestry, etc.	3		
Detention, Correctional	2		
No Buildings	0		
Types of Buildings (Select the largest single value)			_5_
Describe types of buildings in the area. Farm		,	

E. Accessibility to site refers to access by humans to ordnance and explosive wastes. Use the following quidance:

BARRIER	VALUE	<b>*</b>
No barrier or security system	5	
Barrier is incomplete (e.g., in disrepair or does not completely surround the site). Barrier is intended to deny egress from the site, as for a barbed wire fence for grazing.	4	
A barrier, (any kind of fence in good repair) but no separate means to control entry. Barrier is intended to deny access to the site.	3	
Security guard, but no barrier	2	
Isolated site	1	
A 24-hour surveillance system (e.g., television monitoring or surveillance by guards or facility personnel) which continuously monitors and controls entry onto the facility; or An artificial or natural barrier (e.g., a fence combined with a cliff), which completely surrounds the facility; and a means to control entry, at all times, through the gates or other entrances to the facility (e.g., an attendant, television monitors, locked entrances, or controlled	0	
roadway access to the facility).		
sibility (Select the single largest value)		

Access

Describe the site accessibility. Fence is up but not complete

F. Site Dynamics - This deals with site conditions that are subject to change in the future, but may be stable at the present. Examples would be excessive soil erosion by beaches or streams, increasing land development that could reduce distances from the site to inhabitated areas or otherwise increase accessability.

	VALUE	
Expected	5	
None Anticipated	0	
Site Dynamics (Select largest value)		_0_
Describe the site dynamics. Nane expected		

RAC Worksheet - Page 6

TOTAL HAZARD PROBABILITY VALUE

(Sum of Largest Values for A through F-Maximum of 30)

Apply this value to Hazard Probability Table 2 to determine Hazard Probability Level.

17

TABLE 2

#### HAZARD PROBABILITY

Description	Level	Hazard Probability Value
FREQUENT	<b>A</b>	27 or greater
PROBABLE	В	21 to 26
OCCASIONAL	C	15 to 20
REMOTE	D	8 to 14
IMPROBABLE E		less than 8

Table 3. Enter with the results of the hazard probability and hazard severity values.

#### TABLE 3

Probability Level	FREQUENT A	PROBABLE B	OCCASIONAL C	REMOTE D	IMPROBABLE - E
Severity Category:				\$ 1 <sub>2</sub>	
CATASTROPHIC I	1	1 .	2	3	4
CRITICAL II	1	2	3	4	5
MARGINAL III	2	3	4	4	5
NEGLIGIBLE IV	3	4	. 4	5	5

#### RISK ASSESSMENT CODE (RAC)

- RAC 1 Expedite INPR, recommending further action by CEHND Immediately call CEHND-OE-ES commercial 205-895-1582..
- RAC 2 High priority on completion of INPR Recommend further action by CEHND.
- RAC 3 Complete INPR Recommend further action by CEHND.
- RAC 4 Complete INPR Recommend further action by CEHND.
- RAC 5 Usually indicates that no further action (NOFA) is necessary. Submit NOFA and RAC to CEHND.

Part IV. Narrative. Summarize the documented evidence that supports this risk assessment. If no documented evidence was available, explain all the assumptions that you made.

This site has indications that HE and Practice bombs were dropped here. The air base which was associated with this site also stored incendiary bombs but no indication was used on site, but listed it just in case. Debris has been found on site and OE could be subsurface.

INPR COST MODEL.

SITE NAME: Ephrata Bombing Range #4

PROJECT NUMBER: F10WA057900

	<u>Phase</u>	\$ In house - \$ Contract
YEAR 1.	EE/CA	\$75K <b>- \$</b> 750K
YEAR 2.	RD	\$100K
YEAR 3.	RA	\$150K - \$4M
YEAR 4.	RA	\$150K - \$4M
YEAR 5.		

TOTAL C-T-C \$475K - \$8M

### APPENDIX E

LETTERS/MEMORANDUMS/MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

#### APPENDIX E - LETTERS/MEMORANDUMS/MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

#### E-1 Adjutant General's Office

1947 Withdrawal of Ephrata Army Air Base, Washington, from Surplus. 5 March. Record Group 18, Entry 2C, Box 2815, File: Washington 1 Jan. – 31 March. National Archives II, College Park, MD.

#### E-2 Air Inspector, Western Field Division

1946 Inspection of Demobilization of Supply Activities at Ephrata AAF, Ephrata, Washington. 9 January. Record Group 18, Entry 46, Box 44, File: Washington. National Archives II, College Park, MD.

#### E-3 Assistant Chief of Air Staff

1945b Permit to Use Certain Space at Ephrata Army Air Field,
Washington. 10 October. Record Group 18, Entry 2A, Box 2305,
File: 686 Washington "A" to "L". National Archives II, College Park,
MD.

#### E-4 Chemical Warfare Property Officer Utah General Depot

Articles shipped to Quartermaster, Chemical Property Officer, Ephrata Air Base Ephrata, Washington for 88th Bomb Group.
29 July. Record Group 175, Entry 1, Box 229, File: 400.312/2301-2400. National Archives II, College Park, MD.

#### E-5 Congressional and Public Affairs Committee

Use of Ephrata Army Air Field as a Public Airport. 7 March. Record Group 291, Entry 5, Box 201, File: No. 2 from Jan. 1, 1952 to Ephrata AFB. National Archives II, College Park, MD.

#### E-6 Ephrata Army Air Base

1943d "History of Army Air Base, Ephrata, WA, 01 November-30 November 1943." Call No. 282.76-5. United States Air Force Historical Research Agency, Maxwell AFB, AL.

#### E-7 Ephrata Army Air Base

1944b "History of Army Air Base, Ephrata, WA, 01 August-31 August 1944." Call No. 282.76-7. United States Air Force Historical Research Agency, Maxwell AFB, AL.

#### E-8 Ephrata Army Air Base

1945a "History of Army Air Base, Ephrata, WA, January-February 1945." Call No. 282.76-11. United States Air Force Historical Research Agency, Maxwell AFB, AL.

#### E-9 Finegan, Paul V.

Letter Regarding Transfer of Lands from Ephrata Army Air Base, Ephrata, Washington. 17 December. Record Group 291, Entry 5, Box 201, File: No. 1 to December 31 1951, Ephrata AFB. National Archives II, College Park, MD.

#### E-10 Office of the Assistant Chief of Air Staff

1945a Change in Activity at Ephrata Army Air Base, Ephrata, Washington. 19 February. Record Group 18, Entry 2A, Box 2305, File: 686 Washington "A" to "L". National Archives II, College Park, MD

#### E-11 Office of the Assistant Chief of Air Staff, Material and Services

1945 Cancellation of Land Acquisition for Area Bombing Range, Ephrata and Moses Lake Army Airfields, Washington. 27 March. Record Group 19, Entry 1A, Box 288, File: 684. National Archives II, College Park, MD.

#### E-12 Office of the Commanding General, Second Air Force

1943 Acquisition of Bombing and Gunnery Ranges for AAB Ephrata, Washington. 24 February. Record Group 18, Entry 292A, Box 1498, File: Ephrata. National Archives II, College Park, MD.

#### E-13 Office of the Division Engineer, Pacific Division

1943a Gross Appraisal. 29 April. Record Group 18, Entry 292A, Box 1498, File: Ephrata. National Archives II, College Park, MD.

#### E-14 War Department

1945 Change of Status, Ephrata Army Air Field, Ephrata, Washington. 6 October. Record Group 18, Entry 1A, Box 291, File: 686 Vol. II. National Archives II, College Park, MD.

### **APPENDIX E-1**

### Adjutant General's Office 1947

Withdrawal of Ephrata Army Air Base,
Washington, from Surplus. 5 March.
Record Group 18, Entry 2C, Box 2815, File:
Washington 1 Jan. – 31 March.
National Archives II,
College Park, MD.

#### WAR DEPARTMENT

THE ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

AGAO-I 400.703 (21 Feb 47) WDGSP

5 March 1947

Subject:

Withdrawal of Ephrata Army Air Base, Washington, from surplus

To:

Commanding Generals. Army Air Forces Air Materiel Command Chief of Engineers

Effective upon withdrawal from surplus declaration to War Assets Administration the Ephrata Army Air Base, Ephrata, Washington, is returned to an active status as a Class III installation under the jurisdiction of the Commanding General, Army Air Forces.

NARA-CP

BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF WAR:

R618

B: 686 Washington to Wyoming Box No. 2515

F: Washington 1 Jan-31 march

ant General.

Jo hill- M. A. R. a Mc admid and by superior

TG: Mail & Records Division, Adda

From: Air Installations Division

AC/AC-4, Ricar SELOST, The Pentagon

8 1 JUL 1947

Chief, Administration Section

TO CENTRAL FILES/28 July 47

### **APPENDIX E-2**

Air Inspector, Western Field Division 1946

Inspection of Demobilization of Supply Activities at Ephrata AAF, Ephrata, Washington.
9 January. Record Group 18, Entry 46,
Box 44, File: Washington.
National Archives II,
College Park, MD.

REPRODUCED AT THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

HEADQUARTERS CONTINENTAL AIR FORCES

### ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

TALLY NO.	
FILE NO.	

UB.IECT:

Inspection of Demobilization of Supply Activities

Ephrata AAF, Ephrata, Wash.

TO:

FROM:

The Field Executive, Western Field Division Air Inspector, Hq, CAF, Colorado Springs, Colorado DATE 9 January 1946

COMMENT No. \_\_1

Capt J D Geyer, assisted by Lt Jacob Fouth Field Air Inspectors, Western Field Division

Hc, CAF, Colorado Springs, Colorado

During the inspection of the Ephrata AAF, Washington, 8-9 January 1946, the following conditions relative to demobilization of supply activities were noted.

General.

- (1) For all practical purposes this base was reduced to an inactive status by about 20 December 1945, and all supplies required to be shipped to reduce this station to an inactive status had been disposed of. On 26 December 1945 station received notification that it was ceclared surplus to the need of the War Department.
- (2) From present directives it is apparent that it is the policy of AAF to dispose of surplus airbases intact to interested agencies if possible. If this is the policy of the Army Air Forces, there is apparently considerable confusion and misunderstanding in various headquarters. In a conversation with representatives of SPATSC, it was their intent to remove all machinery and equipment from all bases as soon as they were declared surplus with the exception of some post engineer equipment. This was brought on by notification from the district engineer that when accepting responsibility for a surplus station, they would not accept accountability for any installed equipment other than engineer equipment, and that all such property would be removed from the base prior to acceptance by them.
  - Representatives of the Federal Bureau of Reclamation, working on the Grand Coulee Dam and irrigation project which is doing extensive work and making their headquarters here, have stated that they are attempting to acquire this entire base, including all OM bedding, mess and housekeeping equipment, AAF machinery and equipment, and all engineer equipment and supplies at present on this station. If the directives of the Division Engineer assuming jurisdiction of this base are carried out, it would be in conflict with MAF policy in accordance with present directives, and equipment would be removed prior to date this base will be closed, 15 March 1946.

#### AAF Property

(1) All non-installed AAF equipment and supplies have been shipped from this station except a small amount of class 25 property. Necessary operating equipment for an active airdrome as defined in CAF Ltr 400, 12 Dec 45 and ATSC regulation 67-32 has not been retained at this station. All weather reporting station equipment, jacks, hoists, etc., have been

HEADQUARTERS CONTINENTAL AIR FORCES

### ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

TALLY NO.			
FILE NO.		÷	

<u> </u>		_		_	-	
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REPRODUCED AT THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

TO:

DATE

COMMENT No. 1

FROM:

shipped. SPATSC has notified this base by TWX, 9 Jan 46, that disposition and shipping instructions would be made in the near future on the installed shop equipment. This is also in conflict with CAF Ltr 400 dated 12 Dec 45.

- a. During a conversation with prepresentatives of SPATSC, it was learned that they had no knowledge of the contents of CAF Ltr 400 or any other directive containing similar information.
- (3) One (1) TB24J No 42-43239 (Class 26) was declared surplus to the ATSC about 15 Sept 45; at the time of this inspection no disposition has been received for this aircraft.

/s/ Jerry D Geyer /t/ JERPY D GEYER Capt, Air Corps Field Air Inspector

### **Appendix E-3**

### Assistant Chief of Air Staff 1945b

Permit to Use Certain Space at Ephrata Army Air Field, Washington. 10 October. Record Group 18, Entry 2A, Box 2305, File: 686 Washington "A" to "L". National Archives II,

College Park, MD.

Mr. Young/fp/4444 AFDIN-2A/5 10 Oct 1945

DECLASSIFIED Authority NND 770097

BLDGS. & GROUND

SUBJECT: Permit to Tee Car By 28 NARA Date 7-15 02 pay Air Pield. Veshington

ATME-TA/5

7th Ind

Eq. 147, Vachington 25, B. C.

11 OCT 105

TO: Chief of Engineers, Vanhington 35, D. C. ATTHITICE: Real Setate

1. This hendquarters has no objection to the issuence of a permit to divil accommittee administration for the use of facilities indicated in preceding berrappondence.

2. For your information this installation was placed on a temperatily imactive status effective 30 September 1945.

FOR THE COMMANDERS OFFICELLY

JOHN M. LYLE, Colonel, A. C. Ass't Chief, Air Installations Division Assistant Chief of Air Staff-4

1 Incl

11 OCT AFDIN MAIL SECT

OFFICE SYMBOL GRADE AND SURNAME OF COORDINATING OFFICERS

NARA II RG- 18 BBY 3-205 E: 686 REPRODUCED AT THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

#### DECLASSIFIED

Authority NND 770097 atics Admin-

680.44 (Ephrata Army Air Field, Was 6th Ind. istration) SPHIM

Permit to Wee Committee istration) SPHIM 6th Ind.
Subject: Permit to Use Certain Space at Ephrata Army Air Lield, Washington.

Office, Chief of Engineers, Washington 25, D. C., 24 September 1945,

To: The Commanding General, Army Air Forces, Attn: AFDIN.

It is requested that this office be editised as to whether any military objections exist to the granting of a permit to the Civil Aeronautics Administration to use approximately 406 square feet in Buildaeronautus auministretion to use approximately 400 square issued in 50.576 (sometimes known as Building No. 76, Block 5) and apprximately ninety square feet of storage space in the northeast corner of Building ninety square reet or storage space in the northeast corner of burning 577 (sometimes known as Building 77, Block 5) located within the Ephrata Army Air Field, Washington, for the purpose of enabling the Civila Aeronautics Administration to carry out normal functions and perogatives in the field of commercial aviation.

FOR THE CHIEF OF ENGINEERS.

/s/ Robert H. Fabian Major, Corps of Engineers Chief, Management & Disposal Division Real Estate

Incl #1 Dtr fm Assistant Sec. of Commerce dtd 27 Jun. (Incl. 3 w/d)

REPRODUCED AT THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

#### DECLASSIFIED

Authority NND 770097

By 28 NARA Date 7-15 02 5 CAA, Ephrata Army Air

(Basic: 6 July 1945)

680.4 (Ephrata Army Airfield, Vash., Permit to G.A.A.) SE PADRE-0

5th Ind.

Office, Division Engineer, Fac. Div., San Francisco, Calif., 29 August 1945

TO

The Chief of Engineers, U. S. Army, VASHINGTON 25, D. C.

ATTEMPION: Real Estate Division - SPELT

- 1. Fursuant to request contained in preceding basic letter from your office, there are submitted herewith for consideration and approval drafts of permit to the Department of Commerce (Civil Aeronautics Administration) to use ceptain building space at Ephrata Army Airfield Military Reservation. Ephrata, Vashington.
- S. Attention is invited to preceding 4th Indorsement from the Seattle Sub-Office, wherein the Indianize information required by the provisions of RE 1103.01(c) is set forth and contained.
- 3. This office recommends acceptance and execution of this permit on behalf of the War Department.

FOR THE DIVISION ENGINEER:

/e/ V. E. Sullivan, Jr.
V. E. SULLIVAN, JR.
Gaptain, Corps of Engineers
Acting Chief, Management & Disposal Branch
Real Estate Division

2 Incls.: n/o - #1 w/d - 2 cpys of # 3(permit)

DECLASSIFIED A. Ephrata Army Air Authority NND 77.0097 ington By 28 NARA Date 7-15 02 [11] 1945)

世

680.4 (Mphrata Army Airfield. Wn., Permit to C.A.A.) SE PADRM-O 4th Ind.

REPRODUCED AT THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES:

Seattle Real Estate Sub-Office, Office of the Division Engineer, Pacific 21 August 1945. Division, 400 Textile Tower, Seattle 1, Washington.

Division Engineer, Pacific Division, 351 California Street, SAN FRANCISCO 19, CALIFORNIA.

ATTENTION: Real Estate Division

- 1. Submitted for approval and execution is draft of Permit (6 copies) to Civil Aeronauticz Administration covering the use of portions of Governmentowned buildings Nos. 576 and 577 at Mphrata Army Airfield. Map in accordance with paragraph 302.09 Real Estate Manual is attached to each copy of permit.
- 2. Other information required by paragraph 1103.01 (c) Real Estate Manual is as follows:
- a. Buildings are located on land owned by the Town of Ephrata in Grant County, Washington and occupied by the Government under Laase No. WO4-193-eng-3843.
- b. Permit does not provide for compensation for the reason that permittee is an agency of the United States Government and the use of the facilities by the Civil Aeronautics Administration is in the best interests. of the United States.
- c. Bids were not invited for the reason that inclosed permit is the result of a request by the Civil Aeronautics Administration for space in particular buildings owned by the War Department, therefore, competition is not practical.

/s/ John B. Longagan JOHN B. LONGRGAN Major, Corps of Engineers Chief, Seattle Sub-Office

2 Incls 1 - n/c2 - w/d Added - 1 Incl. #3 - Permit (6)

## DECLASSIFIED Authority ND 770097

By 28 NARA Date 7-15-02

Subject: Fermit to AA, Ephrata Army Air Field, Vashington (Basic: 6 July 1945)

680.4(Ephrata Army Airfield, Win., Permit to Gia.a.) SE PADEM-O 2nd Ind.

Seattle Real Estate Sub-Office, Office of the Division Engineer, Pacific Division, 400 Textile Tower, Seattle 1, Washington, 21 July 1945.

201 Dinmanding Officer, Ephrata Army Airfield, Ephrata, Vashington

- I. It is requested that this effice be furnished with a statement of your views and recommendations regarding proposed permit to Civil Aeronautics Administration.
- 2. It is also requested that a layout map of installation, marked to show the location of facilities involved, be furnished.

FOR THE DIVISION ENGINEER:

/s/ John B. Lonergan JOHN B. LONERGAN Major, Corps of Engineers Chief, Seattle Sub-Office

1 Incl: m/a

680.4

OI

HEADGELFTERS EPHRATA ARMY AIR BASE, Ephrata, Vashington, AUG 18 1945

To: Seattle Real Estate Sub-Office, Office of the Division Engineer, Pacific Division, 400 Textile 1, Vashington.

- 1. The present location of the Givil Aeronautics Administration is very satisfactory to both the G.A.A. personnel and to the Air Base personnel here at Ephrata. The installation has been operating in building \$578 since 1942 in a very efficient manner and it has is recommended that this set up be continued.
- 2. Inclosed are two maps, one of the field layout and C.A.A. location, and the other of the local building floor plan and C.A.A. location.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

2 Incls
Incl 1 = 2/c.
Added: 1 Incl:
Incl 2 = Haps.

/s/ William E. Stillings
WILLIAM E. STILLINGS
2nd Lt., Air Corps
Adjutant

REPRODUCED AT THE NATIONAL ARCHIVE

DECLASSIFIED
Authority NND 770097
By 28 NARA Date 7-15 02 shington
(Basic: 6 July 1945)

680/4 (Ephrata Army Airfield, Vn., C.A.A.) SE PADEM-O lat Ind.

Office, Division Engineer, Pac. Divn., San Francisco, Calif. 11 July 1945

To: Chief, Seattle Real Estate Sub-Office, Pacific Division, 400 Textile Tower, SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

It is desired that your office comply with request contained in basic communication. Preparation of permit should be in accordance with Baragraph 1103.01, Corps of Raginsers, Real Estate Manual.

BY ORDER OF THE DIVISION ENGINEER:

/s/ R. B. Demgherty
(R. B. DATCHERTY
Hajor, Corps of Engineers
Chief, Management & ?Disposal Branch
Real Estate Division

l Incl: n/c

Authority NND 770097 By 28 NARA Date 7-15 /2

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF MOULAUM

WASHINGTON

6 July 1945

SUBJECT: Permit to GAZ, Ephrata Army Air Field, Washington

To: The Division Engineer
Pacific Division
San Francisco. Calif.

he The inclosed letter from the Assistant Secretary of Commerce to the Secretary of War is forwarded for necessary action.

2. It is requested that a draft of permit be forwarded to this office for execution.

BY ORDER OF THE CHIEF OF ENGINEERS:

1 Inch: 1tr fr Asst. Sec. of Comm. to Sec. of War dtd 27 Jun 45

/s/ Robert H. Fabien ROBERT H. FABIAN Major. Corps of Engineers Chief. Management and Disposal Div. Real Estate

EPRODUCED AT THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

DECLASSIFIED Authority NND 770097 By 28 NARA Date 7-15-02

Washington 25

1945 JUN 28 AN 9: 33

JUN 27 1945

15 3-6 ...

The Sales of the

My dear Mr. Secretary!

The Civil Aeronautics Administration has been operating and maintaining an airway communication station at the Ephrata Army Air Base, Washington, in connection with operation of the Aphrata radio range facility.

The space occupied by the airway communication station consists of approximately 406 square feet plus approximately 90 aguare feet of storage space in the northeast corner of the Base Operations Building, Ephrata Arm Mr Roll.

Since the sisport is under the jurisdiction of Since the simpers is unuar memorated that the Civil Aeronautics Administration be granted a permit covering the continued eccupancy of the above described quarters

Sincerely yours,

/s/ Villiam F. Burns Assistant Secretary of Commerce

The Honorable The Secretary of Yar Washington, B. C.

And. #1

# Chemical Warfare Property Officer Utah General Depot 1942

Articles shipped to Quartermaster, Chemical Property Officer, Ephrata Air Base Ephrata, Washington for 88<sup>th</sup> Bomb Group. 29 July. Record Group 175, Entry 1, Box 229, File: 400.312/2301-2400. National Archives II, College Park, MD.

### REQUISITION

CHEMICAL WARFARE PROPERTY OFFICER UTAH GENERA To: OGDEN UTAH	AL DEPOT	Sheet No2
Requisition No. CW 449-5-42 Date July 29,1942	Period Init	lal Mobilization Issu
SHIP TO QUARTERMASTER, Chemical Property Officer For: 88th Bomb Group.	Ephrata Air Base Eph	cata, Washington
REQUISITIONED By (show Signature, Rank, Organization, Destination ferent from "ship to" include address):	n. If dif- Approved By:	

(sgd) L.W. CARD L.W. CARD Colonel, Q.M.C. Quartermaster

(sgd) CAREY C. HARMAN by DML
CAREY C. HARMAN
Major, Army Air Forces

				Adjutan	ta ·	
STOCK No.	ARTICLES	UNIT	ON HAND AND DUE	CONSUMED	REQUIRED	APPROVED
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### REQUISITION

CHEMICAL WARFARE PROPERTY OFFICER UTAH GENERAL DEPOT To: ----OGDEN, UTAH-

Requisition No. CW 449-5-43 Date July 29,1942

Period Initial

SHIP TO QUARTERMASTER, Chemical Property Officer, Ephrata Air Base Sphrata, Washingt For: 88th Bomb Group

REQUISITIONED By (show Signature, Rank, Organization, Destination. If different from "SEIP TO" include address):

APPROVED BY:

(Sgd) L.W. CARD L.W. CARD Colonel, Q.M.C. Quartermaster

(Sgd) CareyC. Harman byDML CAREY C. HARMAN Major, Army Air Forces Adjutant.

		<u> </u>			<b>-</b>	
STOCK No.	ARTICLES	UNIT	ON HAND AND DUE	CONSUMED	REQUIRED	APPROVE
	AUTHORITY: T/BA 1, July 1, 1942			d July 1,		
	1942;T/O 1-117 dated	July	1, 1942.			
	BASIS : Initial issue of com	mlete	Cml Wores	re arcen-		
	izational equipment					
	activated per Genera					
·	2nd Air Force, Fort					
	dated July 10, 1942;	Groun	consisti	ng of the		
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-	Hq. 88th Bomb Group	,		18	34	, .
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G 1942						
6 1942	Impregnite, shoe	Oz.	0	0	1660	0
				1 2 2 2		
	Kit, HS vapor detector, M4.	ea.	0	14. <b>0</b> . •	4	4
	1	1		1	, .	1

GWS 400.312/2350 (7-29-42) 2nd Ind. 4-3 T War Department, O-C of GWS, August 15, 1942. To: Chemical Warfare Supply Officer. Utah Chemical Warfare Depot. Ogden. Utah.

1. Requisition Number CV 449-6-43, deted July 29, 1942, from Ephrata, Vashington, is returned.

2. In connection with gasproof Aprons, your attention is invited to Chemical Warfare Service Oredit Humber 641, dated August 3, 1942.

3. The remaining material requested is not available for issue at present. It is expected that this material will become available in approximately six (6) weeks.

For the Chief of the Chemical Verfare Service:

AUG 17 1942

O G G W. S.

MONIMISTON

TO TELL TITLE

NORMAN D. GILLEY Colonel, C.V.S. Assistant

x h

(25)-1/1

MARA-CP R 6 175 E 1 B: Na. 129 F: 400. 313/2301-2400

# Congressional and Public Affairs Committee 1961

Use of Ephrata Army Air Field as a Public Airport. 7 March. Record Group 291, Entry 5, Box 201, File: No. 2 from Jan. 1, 1952 to Ephrata AFB. National Archives II, College Park, MD.

1961 MAR 7 The real property at Mykrata, Washington, referred to in the letter from Mr. Gary Box, attached to your referral of February 22, was conveyed to the City of Sphrate, Weskinston, elong with other land, buildings, improvements and appurtuances for use as a public sirport under authority of section 13(g) of the Surplus Property Act of 19th, as accorded, (50 U.S.C. App. 1622(g)). The Seed was dated March 18, 1953, and reserved in the Government seeing other things a right to make exclusive or nonexclusive use of the property during any national emergency declared by the Fresident of the United States or the Congress. The Federal Aviation Agency has qualusive authority to grant releases from the terms, conditions, reservations and restrictions in deeds conveying surplus property for public sirport use. Accordingly, your communication of February 22 together with the letter from Mr. Box with the attachments is being referred to Mr. Joseph H. Elbbets, Director, Dureen of Facilities and Material, Federal Aviation Agency, Washington 25, D. C., for direct reply to you. Sincerely yours ROBERT T. GRIFFIN Special Assistant to the Administrator Congressional & Public Affairs -AL A (3), /OCOM Corres. Control - P 9664 due 3/2 Mr. Joseph H. Tibbets, Director, Bureau of Facilities and Materiel, NARA I RG 291 Box Old # 203 New # 20/ Folder: NO 2 from gen11, 1952 40 Ephrita AFB

United States Someter Washington 25, D. C. Dear Senator Magnuson:

CC: P. Care

Retyped - mas.

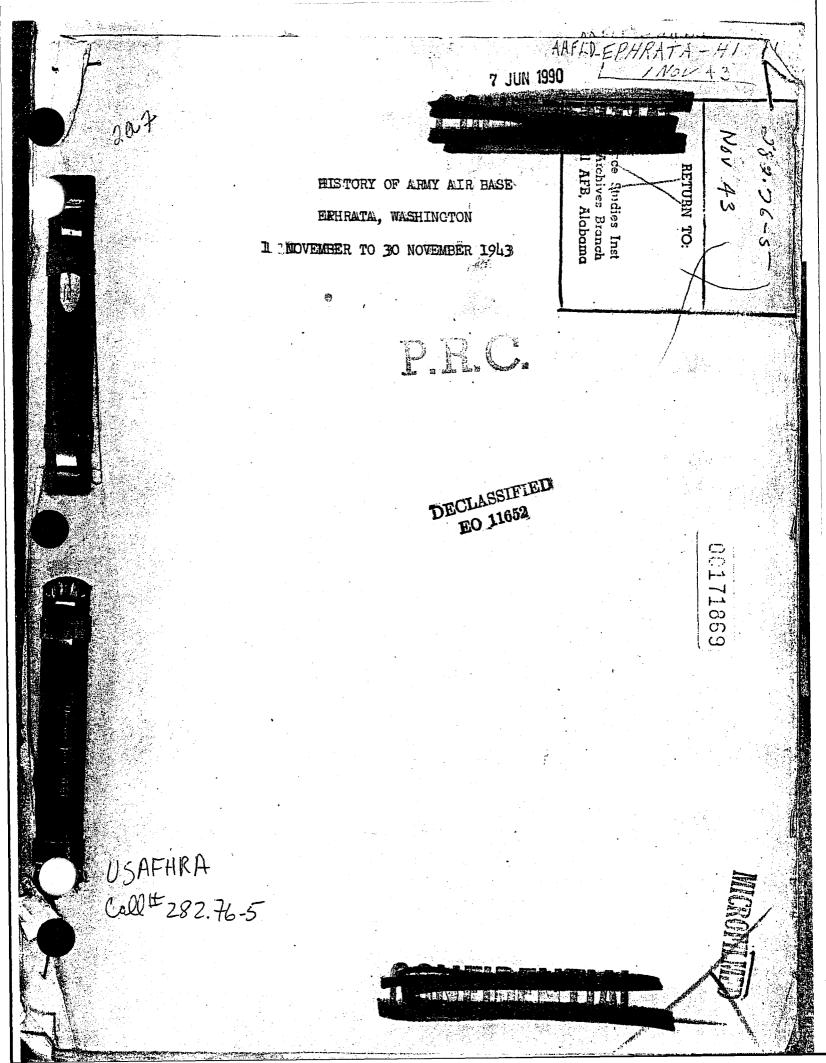
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WWBrunson/nd 3/1/61 4912

FAA, Washington 25, D. C.

# Ephrata Army Air Base 1943d

"History of Army Air Base, Ephrata, WA, 01 November-30 November 1943." Call No. 282.76-5. United States Air Force Historical Research Agency, Maxwell AFB, AL.



HISTORY OF

EPHRATA ARIJY AIR BASE GENERALL
for November 1943

### CONSTRUCTION

This, the fifth instalment of the Base General History, covering the month of November, has seen the all too rapid disbanding of Army Air Base, Ephrata. This closing down of the Base has heaped additional work on all organizations and sections of the Base. Orders have come thick and fast and there is an air of uncertainty and expectancy hovering over the entire Base.

Under existing condition, construction must of necessity be abandoned. Partially completed buildings are in evidence here and there and contracts for additional construction have been cancelled.

### TRAINING

The training program for the month has been practically non-existent, since the middle of the month, which is to be expected with the transferring of so many outfits in such a short space of time.

### PERSONNEL

The 457th Bomb Group, numbering 340 Officers and 1566 enlisted men were to be transferred to Wendover Field, Utah 27 November. (Ex-58) Due to transportation facilities, the actual departure was not completed by the end of the month. On 13 November, the provisional Base Headquarters and Air Base Squadron, B-27 was transferred to Camp Miles Standish, Massachusetts. (Ex.-59). On 11 November, orders were received transferring the Finance Detachment to Salina, Kansas, which proved somewhat of a handicap in the movement and payment of troops. (Ex. 60) The 32nd Aviation Squadron was transferred to Wendover Field, Utah 23 November. (Ex.-61)

### MORALE

The Service Club has done much to maintain the morale of the base during this unsettled period. Weekly dances have been held. On Thursday, 25 November, a delicious Thanksgiving dinner was served in the Service Club Cafeteria (Ex.-62). The USO Club offered movies on Sunday and Wednesday nights during the month.

(Ex.-58) Par 1, SO 330, Hq AAB Ephrata, Wash., dd 26 Nov 43.

(Ex.-59) Par 11, SO 317, Hq AAB Ephrata, Wash., dd 13 Nov 43.

(Ex.-60) Par 4, SO 315, Hq AAB Ephrata, Wash., dd 11 Nov 43.

(Ex.-61) Par 9, SO 327, Hq AAB, Ephrata, Wash., dd 23 Nov 43.

(Ex.-62) Page from Base Newspaper "The Sagebrush Rattler", dd 27 Nov 43.
Photographs (3) Service Club Thanksgiving

CONFIDENCE

## Ephrata Army Air Base 1944b

"History of Army Air Base, Ephrata, WA, 01 August-31 August 1944." Call No. 282.76-7. United States Air Force Historical Research Agency, Maxwell AFB, AL.

MICROFILIAED BY TIM

RETURN TO
Historical Research Division
3825/HOA
Maxwell AFB, AL 36112

i:111811

### CONFIDENTIAL

HISTORY OF THE

EPHRATA ARMY AIR BASE

1 August 1944 to 31 August 1944

Prepared in September 1944 in compliance with AR 345-105 AAF Regulation 20-8, and Directives of the Fourth Air Force.

FORMER DESIGNATIONS

None

PRESENT ASSIGNMENT

To Fourth Air Force. 20 March 1944

PRESENT STATION

Army Air Base, Ephrata, Washington

UNITS ASSIGNED OR ATTACHED

430th AAF Base Unit Sub-Base Ellensburg Army Air Field Sub-Base Geiger Army Air Field Det. 102nd AAC System Squadron 3rd Plat. 835th Chem. Co., Air Opr. Det. 24th Weather Squadron 570th AAF Band

COMPILED BY:

HAROLD E. WINTER

2nd Lt., Air Corps

Historical Officer

APPROVED

THORNE, JR. HENRY G,

Colonel, Air Corps Commanding Officer

COOK

CONFIDENTIAL

### CONFIDENTIAL

Mistory of the Ephrata Army Air Base, Ephrata, Washington August 1944

that may help the committee. (7) The trainee members of the committee are encouraged to tell the committee any complaints of ideas that any trainee of the classes may have. (8) All ideas voiced by any pilot on the base are considered and used if found satisfactory. The Flying Safety committee also not only desires but seeks suggestions from all personnel of the base, flyer and ground personnel alike.

Several regulations were published during the month which make for safer flying. The P-63 was restricted to normal flight. Turns were not to exceed 30° and airspeed was restricted to not more than 300 mph. Due to the different types of aircraft being flown off this field, it was necessary to change the existing regulations as to the patterns in traffic being flown by each. The BT-13 and the UC-78 now enter the pattern 45° to the downwind leg and fly a rectangular course. Extreme caution must be used due to the overhead pattern of fighter type aircraft and therefore other aircraft never make an overhead approach.

To avoid fire hazards over the extensive fields of wheat in the area normally flown over to reach the Strafing, Smoke and Dive Bonbing Ranges the following regulations were issued:

- a. Smoke and Dive Bombing: All Planes will fly up the chain of lakes to a point opposite the Smoke and Dive Bombing targets at which point they will turn and proceed to the range.
- b. Strafing Missions: All planes will fly up the chain of lakes to the highway going west from Coulee City, Washington. They

### CONFIDENTIAL

## Ephrata Army Air Base 1945a

"History of Army Air Base, Ephrata, WA, January-February 1945." Call No. 282.76-11. United States Air Force Historical Research Agency, Maxwell AFB, AL.

8 JUN 1990

# **DECLASSIFIED**



HISTORY OF

EPHRATA ARMY AIR BASE

VOLUME VII

PART I JANUARY 1945

PART II FEBRUARY 1945

DOD DIR 5200.9, 27 Sep 58

USAFHRA Call#282.76-11

DECLASSIFIED

5682

### <u>CONFIDENTIAL</u>

History of Ephrata Army Air Base, Ephrata, Wash. January 1945 Flying Training

On 23 January, Col. G.P. Disosway, Commanding Officer, announced at a Staff Meeting the deactivation of this base by Fourth Air Force.

On 28 January, General Order 16 was published stating that Ephrata was to become a Sub-Base of McChord Field, Washington, effective 1 February.

This immediately set everyone to wondering where they would be transferred and when. Also, it presented the problem of closing all the Departments and Offices. On 29 January, the 152 trainee pilots stationed here, plus two more officers put on flying status, were transferred to Redmond Army Air Field, Redmond, Oregon, to complete their training. The planes were all to go to PLM to be serviced before being transferred.

"C" Flight Section was the last section to go to Daggett Municipal Airport for aerial gunnery practice. The pilots arrived on 4 January and reported to the line at 0800.

The pilots were briefed on the procedure of Aerial Gunnery, passes, and patterns of the field, and soon afterward the men were flying.

"C" Flight had only two aircraft accidents at Daggett.

2nd Lt. Donald W. Gipe shot off the target and hit it with

CONFIDENTIAL

### CONFIDENTIAL

in of Ephrata Army Air Base, Ephrata, Wash. January 1945 of for monthly administrative inspection of stock balance consumption reports on 16 January.

On Wednesday, 17 January, 1st Lt. Fred L. Chewning of the Signal Depot inspected the Signal Property Office.

purpose of the inspection was to adjust maximum stock

ds of ASF Signal Property.

On the same afternoon enlisted men of Section A attended communications Training Film at the Communications Ground Sining Building.

The first of the P-38L type airplanes returned from at Daggett Municipal Airport, California on 17 January Lowed by seventeen on the next day. On that same afteron, a troop train arrived from Daggett with the pilots decrew men from this base who had been there on DS. Lt. ck Markowitz met the train and made the proper inspection, intacting the Train Commander and Train Railroad representative.

The personnel of the Air Force Supply reporting section it to Moses Lake Army Air Field, now a sub-base of Ephrata, take care of reports for that station on the 19th.

One PQ-14A and one TB-26 airplane were received from time Field, Washington.

Chemical Sway braces were installed on planes in Flights and 2 for the purpose of carrying out the Smoke Training Program.

### CONFIDENTIAL

Astory of Ephrata Army Air Base, Ephrata, Wash. February 1945

The WACs were given a Physical Fitness Test and the sults forwarded to Fourth Air Force; however, the quarterly hysical Fitness Test for Officers and Enlisted Men was officially cancelled for this base.

lst Lieutenant Edward M. Docherty, Physical Training

fficer, attended a three-day conference of Physical Training

fficers at Fresno, California on 15, 16 and 17 February.

The Base Basketball Team finished in a tie for first lace in the Northern Division of the Fourth Air Force eague. In a play-off to determine the winner, Ephrata on over Geiger Field 75-54. The Ephrata Team then traveled Spokane, Washington to compete in the Northern-Central evisional play-offs. Ephrata lost the first place title Geiger Field by a one point decision, thus disqualifying sem to attend the Fourth Air Force tournament held at resno, California.

Ephrata then entered a twelve team tournament of Ninth ervice Command teams held at Fort Lewis, Washington, Ephrata eached the finals and thus qualified with Ft. Lewis to expresent the Northwest Section in the Command Tournament Camp Beale, California. However, due to the inactivation this base the team was unable to attend the tournament.

The following activities are pertinent to Chemical rfare Property Section and this is from the report mitted to the Project Officer:

CONFIDENTIAL

# · <u>C O N F I D E N T I A L</u>

tory of Ephrata Army Air Base, Ephrata, Washington Feb. 1945

It is estimated that disposition of CWS property will be effected during the following dates:

Week through 18-24 February

All lines, filling, APST, M3 to McChord

All Stands, carrying, Ml to "cChord

All stands, platform (APST) to McChord Stock balance will be brought to zero

700 Gasket, Air Inlet to Bluethentahl Field, N.C.

625 Gasket, discharge, seal, to Bluethenthal Field, N.C. 352 Retainer, detonator, to Bluethenthal Field, N.C. Remainder of accessories to be shipped to Portland, Ore.

Stock balance record to be brought to zero

25 lbs Chlorine to Salinas AAB, California

25 lbs Chlorine to Chico AAFld, California

50 ea Capsules CN, to Hamilton Field, California

24 ea Bombs, Incend., Instr., Ml or M2 to Camp Pinedale

25 lbs Chlorine, to Camp Pinedale, California

1 ea Cluster, Incend Bomb, An-M8, to Camp Pinedale

24 lbs Chlorine, to Camp Pinedale

63 ea Grenddes, smoke, white, HC-AN-M8 to Camp Pinedale 50 ea Grenades, smoke, colored, M18 (ass'd colors) to Camp Pinedale

25 ea Pots, tear gas (CN) Ml, to Camp Pinedale

20 ea Mine, land, chml, one gallon empty, Camp Pinedale

Week through 25 February - 1 March

Remainder of FA (smoke)

2 Trucks, cml., service, Ml

2 Trailers, cml., service M2

1 Apparatus, decon. power driven, M4

(declared excess; to be shipped when disposition

'arrives)

Remainder of Bombs, Ml or M2 to Geiger Field

Remainder of Chlorine to Geiger Field

Remainder of CN capsules to Geiger Field

Remainder of Grenades, M-18, smoke, clrd., (ass'd

colors) to Geiger Field

Remainder of Pots, tear gas (CN) Ml to Geiger Field Remainder of Mines, land, cml, empty, 1 gal. To

Geiger Field.

Remainder of ammunition on hand after the shipments have been made or declared excess to Geiger Field

b. Cas masks have been recalled from all Squadrons and are being prepared for shipment to California. Approximately 150 boxes required for this operation are

# Finegan, Paul V. 1951

Letter Regarding Transfer of Lands from Ephrata Army Air Base, Ephrata, Washington. 17 December. Record Group 291, Entry 5, Box 201, File: No. 1 to December 31 1951, Ephrata AFB. National Archives II, College Park, MD. Mr. Thomas L. Peyton

1.

REPRODUCE AT THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

Mr. Paul V. Finegan

December 17, 1951.

Ephrata Air Force Base
Ephrata, Washington
D-Wash-401

Ephrata Air Force Base was reported as excess to the needs of the Department of the Army on August 31, 1950 and was subsequently frozen by the Department of Defense for approximately 30 months.

Public Law 759, 81st Congress authorized the transfer of a portion of this property to the Bureau of Reclamation of the Department of the Interior but this transfer was blocked by the passage of Public Law 910 which the Department of the Army believed eliminated the possibility of transferring this property.

With the repeal of Public Law 910 transfer of certain portions of the property was authorized on November 21, 1951. In addition to the portion transferred we understand that the Bureau of Reclamation wishes the transfer of two additional buildings at fair value. These are buildings T-2203 and T-3176 which will be taken for off-site use. The regional office has been authorized to proceed with the transfer of these buildings.

As there is no defense or federal civilian need for the balance of the property reported as excess, it is certified to be surplus to the known needs of the Federal Government.

We are attaching copies of the original report of excess together with certain corrections and withdrawals and other correspondence which may have a bearing on your disposal action. Please note that the City of Ephrata is interested in securing a portion of the property.

Attachments

SIGNED: Paul V. Finegan

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Folder: No 1 40

Recember 3/1951

Aphreta AFA

Office of the Assistant Chief of Air Staff 1945a

Change in Activity at Ephrata Army Air Base, Ephrata, Washington. 19 February. Record Group 18, Entry 2A, Box 2305, File: 686 Washington "A" to "L". National Archives II, College Park, MD

Mr. T.A. Young/tfb Ext. 3483 15 Feb 45

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Authority NND 77009
By 28 NARA Date 7-15 02

APPIN-334/4

1 9 FEB 1945

RESIDENCE THE RELIEF OF STATES: (Attentions &4 Sirialos)

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In accordance with Peragraph 4, War Department Circular RG 1944; you are added that that part of Cybrain Army Air Desc not required for Italian sparations in accompton with testing and fighter absolute for authorsport in being placed in a temperarity impative states. This importantes will receive sudjective jurisdiction of the Dooth Air Pares.

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H. E. FISHER, Col., C. E., Deputy Chief, Air Installations Division, Office of Ass't. Chief of Air Staff, Materiel and Services

MEMORANDUM FOR FILES:
The Adjutant General
The Air Inspector
Chief, Units Record Burean, AC/AS, OC&R
Chief, Continental U.S. Section, Logistical Planning Branch, AC/AS, H&S
Management Control, Manpower Division
Management Control, Statistical Control Division, Atten: Capt. Merican
Construction Branch Atten: Operations Section
Installation Data Branch AFDIN
AC/AS, M&S, Air Services Division S&M Branch, Atten: Lt. Col. Benedict

Classification concerning change in status was removed by Major Borel L14D,

en J.L. +5

OFFICE SYMBOL AFDIN-2A/4 2 3.

GRADE AND SURNAME OF COORDINATING OFFICERS JULY (44)

NARAI RG 18 E 2A Box = 2205 F: 686 Washington

Office of the Assistant Chief of Air Staff, Material and Services 1945

Cancellation of Land Acquisition for Area
Bombing Range, Ephrata and Moses Lake
Army Airfields, Washington. 27 March.
Record Group 19, Entry 1A, Box 288,
File: 684.
National Archives II,
College Park, MD.

SUBJECT: Cancellation of Land Acquisition for Area Bombing Range, Ephrata and Moses Lake Army Airfields, Washington.

AEDIN 2B/2

REPRODUCED AT THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

4th Ind.

Hq Army Air Forces, Washington 25, D. C.

To: Commanding General, Fourth Air Force, 180 New Montgomery Street, San Francisco, California.

1. It is believed that Precision Bombing Range No. 2 described in the preceding 1st Indorsement is the same range referred to in the preceding 3d Indorsement from the Chief of Engineers, stating that the Directive authorizing acquisition of approximately 2,560 acres of lend included in Section 22, 23, 26 and 27, Township 25N, Range 25E, Douglas County, Washington, has been cancelled.

2. It is requested that this matter be clarified in order that records of this headquarters may be revised accordingly.

BY COMMAND OF GENERAL ARNOLD

2 Incls. n/c ~

2 Incl: 478 3 boo: 1960 Phord Fld

LUCIUS M. SARGENT, Lt. Col., A. Ass't Chief, Air Installations Division

Office of Ass't Chief of Air Staff, Material and Services

684/\*/5 (1-44) (18 Jan 45) 5th Ind. HEADQUARTERS FOURTH AIR FORCE, San Francisco 6, Celifornia, 2 7 MAR 1945

TO: Commanding General, Army Air Forces, Washington 25, D. C. ATTN: M&S. Air Installations Division.

1. The land described in 3rd Ind. is identified as Ephrata Precision Bombing Range No. 2. The files of this Headquarters contained no information on the cancellation of the directive of the acquisition of that range. It will be not ed that the general order issued by Second Air Force, copy of which is inclosed, purports to transfer this range to Fourth Air Force.

2. In view of the transfer of Ephrata Army Air Field to ATSO, this range will got be required by the Fourth Air Force. The records of this Headquarters are being corrected to show the deletion of this range in accordance with 3rd Subordinate commands will be informed.

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:
TO: Mail & Records Branch

From: Air Installations Division 42056 E. ROHDE, AC/AS, M&S, Room 1440, AAF AME

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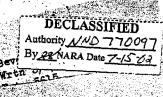
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CE 601.1 (Airfield) SPELR

EPRODUCED AT THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

Subject: Cancellation of Land Acquisition for Area Bombing Range, Ephrata and Moses Lake Army Airfields, Washington.

3rd Ind.

Army Service Forces, Office of the Chief of Engineers, U. S. Army, War Department, Washington 25, D. C.

26 February 1945

To: The Commanding General, Army Air Forces, AC/AS, M. & S., Annex No. 1, Gravelly Point, Virginia.

Pursuant to your request by 6th Indorsement dated 28 April 1944, Directive dated 15 June 1945 was cancelled. The Directive authorized the acquisition of approximately 2,560 acres of land for an area bombing target to serve Ephrata Army Air Base. The area included Sections 22, 23, 26 and 27 in Township 25 North, Range 25 East, Douglas County, Washington.

FOR THE CHIEF OF ENGINEERS &

JOSEPH CONNOLLY Chief, Acquisition Branch Real Estate Division

2 Incls. n/o

CONFIDENTIAL

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### GENFICENTIAL

South.

SUBJECT: Fourth Air Force Bombing Ranges, (Ephrata and Moses Lake Army Air Fields, Washington).

AFDIN 30/1

2nd Inda

Hq Army Air Forces, Washington 25, D. C.

20 FEB 1945

121640

TO: Chief of Engineers, Real Estate Division.

1. Reference is made to paragraph la (2) of the preceding 1st Indorsement. By 6th Indorsement dated 28 April 1944, to your office, this headquarters requested that the directive for the acquisition of a bombing target range for use by the Ephrata Army Air Field, Washington, be cancelled since no additional ranges would be needed for that airfield.

2. Records of this headquarters indicate that the Precision Bombing Range No. 2, referred to in the preceding lat Indorsement is the same range referred to above.

3. It is requested that this headquarters be advised if the directive for the bembing and target range was cancelled or whether the land was acquired.

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL, ARMY AIR FORCES:

2 Incls n/c

Leo J. Enlin.

LEO J. ERLER, Lt. Col., A. C. Air Installations Division Office of Ass't. Chief of Air Staff. Materiel and Services



PM A 4760

4 CONCIDENTIFIC

BASIC: Ltr fr Hq AAF, Subj: Fourth Air Force Bombing Ranges, dtd 18 Jan 45

4AFES-8 684/w5 (1-44) (18 Jan 45) 1st Ind. HEADQUARTERS FOURTH AIR FORCE, San Francisco 6, California, 27 JAN 1945

TO: Commanding General, Army Air Forces, Washington 25 D. C. ATTN: AC/AS, M&S, Air Installations Division. 121640

1. In compliance with Paragraph 3 of basic letter, two prints are inclosed of a map showing the location of all Bombing and Aerial Gunnery Ranges assigned to Ephrata Army Air Field and Moses Lake Army Air Field. Following is the longitude and latitude of the approximate center of each of these ranges:

a. Ephrata Army Air Field:

- (1) Precision Bombing Range No. 1, 47° 30' N, 119° 35' W
- 20 (2) Precision Bombing Range No. 2, 470 37' N, 1190 37' W
- √√(3) Precision Bombing Range No. 3, 47° 42' N, 119° 31' W
- (4) Air-to-Ground Gunnery Range, 47° 31' N, 119° 41' W
- b. Moses Lake Army Air Field:
  - (1) Precision Bombing Range No. 1, 47° 02' 30" N, 119° 27' W
  - √(2) Precision Bombing Range No. 2, 27° 03' N, 119°41' W
  - √(3) Precision Bombing Range No. 3, 46° 53' N, 119° 39' W
  - (4) Precision Bombing Range No. 4, 46° 53' N, 119° 25' W
  - (5) Precision Bombing Range No. 5, 46° 56' N, 119° 12' W
  - (6) Air-to-Ground Gunnery Range, 460 54' N, 1190 50' W

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:

2 Inclosures:

Incl 1 - n/c

Incl 2 - added Map (in dup)

GEORGE E. ROHDE, Cartain, A.G.D., ASS T., ADJ. GEW.

3 FEB 1945

CONFLUENTIAL

ADDRESS REPLY TO ING GENERAL, ARMY AIR FORCES WASHINGTON, D. C.

### CONFIDENTIAL

### WAR DEPARTMENT

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY AIR FORCES WASHINGTON, D. C.

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121640

SUBJECT: Fourth Air Force Bombing Ranges.

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1 8 JAN 1945

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TO:

Commanding General, Fourth Air Force, 180 New Montgomery Street, San Francisco, California.

1. Your attention is invited to the inclosed copy of a 6th Indorsement from the Second Air Force to your Headquarters with reference to the transfer of the bombing ranges for Geiger Field, Spokane, Washington, Ephrata Army Air Base, Ephrata, Washington, Moses Lake Army Air Field, Ephrata, Washington, and Walla Walla Army Air Field, Walla Walla, Washington, to your jurisdiction.

2. Interdepartmental Air Traffic Control Board records in this Headquarters vary considerably with the ranges listed in the attached General Orders No. 145, dated 7 December 1944, for Ephrata Army Air Base and Moses Lake Army Air Field.

3. It is requested that this Headquarters be submitted a complete list by latitude and longitude of the Ephrata Army Air Base and Moses Lake Army Air Field bombing ranges. It is further requested that these ranges be plotted on a Sectional Aeronautical Chart in order that records of this Headquarters and the Interdepartmental Eir Traffic Control Board may be corrected accordingly.

By command of General ARNOLD:

Lucius M. Sayaul

1 Incl
Cpy 5th Ind. fr CG,4AF
to CG,2AF, dtd 11/30/44,
w/6th 1nd & G.O. #145

LUCIUS M. SARGENT, Lt. Col., A. C., Ass't Chief, Air Installations Division Office of Ass't Chief of Air Staff, Materiel and Services

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RM A 4740

Ltr fr Bg 2nd AF, Colorado Springs, Colorado, dtd 22 Sep 44; File 601 Fd; Subji Adriadiction over Excess Bombing and Gunnery Ranges in the State of Washington.

HEADQUARTERS FOURTH AIR FORCE; San Francisco 6, California. 121040

TO: Commanding General, Second if Force, Colorado Springs, Colorado that this becomenters and the Division Wileson, Seat Estate Division Diginatiioni lighthis headquarters condurs in the transfer of subject ranges to Fourth Alf Fords effective 2400 of clock 30 June 1944. For ready reference, these ranges are listed as given in reference letter, paragraph 1, basic: For the Corporating Janeral:

a. Ephrata Army Air Bases

Precision Bombing Renge No. 1 Precision Bombing Range No. 2 Precision Bombing Range No. 3 CO. C. L. Air to Ground Gunnery Range (Spherica Activibles May)

b. Moses Lake Army Air Base:

Precision Bombing Range No. 1
Precision Bombing Range No. 2
Precision Bombing Range No. 3
Precision Bombing Range No. 4
Precision Bombing Range No. 5

Mir to Ground Gunnery Range

Cold Springs Bombing Range Boardman General Bombing and Gunnery Range

2. Attention is invited to the Omission, presumably inadvertent, of Ephrate Pattern Gunnery Range from this above list. It is requested (4) that this range be included in the orders.

3. Inasmuch as Geiger Field is also assigned to the Fourth Air Force, it is desirable that the ranges appurtenant to that field be likewise transferred to the Fourth Air Force. These ranges, solar as known to this headquarters are:

> Adams County Pattern Guinery Range Cantille Geiger Field Bombing Ranger/ Harder Range Geiger Field Precision High Altitude Bombing Range No. 2 (Davemport) Geiger Field Precision Bombing Range No. 3 Weiger Field Precision Bombing Range No. 4

Geiger Field Precision Bombing Range No. 5

-Aset. Jájárast General

KARALENIA JAHARAN KARANTAN KARANTAN

RM A 4760

## \* 2 CONTIDENTALL & D

F Bg 2nd AF, Colorado Springs, Colorado, dated 22 Sep 442 Lift for Eq. 2nd AF. Colorado Springs, Colorado, dated 22 Sep 112.

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Fit is requested that any Forms 290 prepared for transfer of accounts—

Bility the any existing attractions has beginned to this headquarters for dis
britishing transfer by the secution.

Figure 1 and 1

Forces as stated in paragraph 3 of the 3rd Indorsement, it is requested that this headquarters and the Division Engineer, Real Estate Division. Engineer that this headquarters and the Division Engineer, Real Estate Division. Engineer,
Real Estate Division 262 Sensitions Star Samples of the Curriched two copies
each of John Schrick orders Sensition and Linear ranges.

The For the Commanding General:

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# **Appendix E-12**

# Office of the Commanding General, Second Air Force 1943

Acquisition of Bombing and Gunnery Ranges for AAB Ephrata, Washington. 24 February. Record Group 18, Entry 292A, Box 1498, File: Ephrata. National Archives II, College Park, MD.



### HEADQUARTERS SECOND AIR FORCE

OFFICE OF THE COMMANDING GENERAL

Fort George Wright, Washington

601 F

February 24. 1943.

Please Address Regiv To: COMMANDING GENERAL.

SUBJECT: Acquisition of Bombing & Gunnery Ranges for AAB Ephrata, Washington.

Headquarters, Second Air Force, Fort George Wright, Washington.

: Commanding General, Army Air Forces, Washington, D. C. Directorate of Base Services.

1. Reference is made to TWX 2AF J 3610 F dated January 26, 1943 requesting clearance of area for the establishment of high altitude bombing range, air-to-ground gunnery range and low altitude bombing range for Moses Lake AAB. It is requested that the following described sites lying within the above clearance be immediately acquired for use of this Air Force:

Pattern Bombing Range:

All of Sections 31 and 32 in Twp. 24 North, Range 26 East. All of Sections 5 and 6 in Twp. 23 North, Range 26 East.

Pattern Gunnery Range:

All of Sections 15, 16, 20, 21, 28, 29, 31 and 32 in Twp. 24 North, Range 25 East; All of Sections 5, 6 and 7 in Twp. 23 North, Range 25 East; E2 Section 17, E2 Section 50, Wg Section 33, and Wg Section 22, all in Twp. 24 North, Range 25 East; Eg Section 1 and Eg Section 12 in Twp. 23 North, Range 24 East, Wg Section 8, in Twp. 23 North, Range 25 East, in Douglas County, Washington.

Area Bombing Target:

All of Sections 22, 23, 26 and 27 in Twp. 25 North, Range 5-18 25 East, in Douglas County, Washington.

2. In addition to the above, it is requested that the following described area be acquired as a high altitude bombing range:

> All of Sections 22, 23, 26, 27, 34 and 35 in Twp. 26 North, Range 26 East, in Douglas County, Washington.

This site lies outside of the cleared area referenced in paragraph one above. It will therefore be necessary to have Interdepartmental Air

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February 21, 1943

trol Board clearance for this range as follows:

North boundary Latitude 47° 141 30" East boundary Longitude 119° 30.

South boundary Latitude 47° 41.

West boundary Longitude 119° 33.

The local

3. A portion of a Spokane sectional chart is inclosed herewith on which the areas as above described have been plotted.

4. These ranges are required for the use of units to be stationed at Ephrata Army Air Base. The present Ephrata ranges south of Green Airway No. 2 will be required for the use of units to be stationed at the new Moses Lake Army Air Base. It is impracticable for units of both bases to use the same ranges in view of the intense concentration of training activities to be conducted both at Ephrata and at Moses Lake. By separating the local flying training areas generally north and south of the airway, it will be possible to maintain a reasonable separation of flight patterns to avoid conflicts in air traffic. The acquisition of these new ranges for Ephrata is therefore necessary. The sites selected are located for the most part in uninhabited wasteland and the land should be easily and quickly available.

5. This Headquarters is requesting the U.S. Divisiona Hambles, Pacific Division to prepare gross appraisals and real estate information reports. It is expected that these ranges will be required for use during the month of March and it is therefore important that every possible them? We utilized to expedite acquisition.

For the Commanding General:

1 Incl: Chart.

KOHN L GRIMES 

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# **Appendix E-13**

Office of the Division Engineer, Pacific Division 1943a

Gross Appraisal. 29 April. Record Group 18, Entry 292A, Box 1498, File: Ephrata. National Archives II, College Park, MD.

WAR DEPARTMENT OFFICE OF THE DIVISION ENGINEER PACIFIC DIVISION SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

CE 601. RE-FC (Ephrata Pattern Bombing

Range - Douglas County, Wash.) April 29, 1943

Gross Appraisal

The Chief of Engineers,

U. S. Army Washington, D. C.

1. Inclosed in triplicate is Gross Appraisal dated March 23, 1943 pertaining to approximately 2,510.24 acres in Douglas County, Washington, under consideration for use as Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range.

2. This Gross Appraisal has been approved by Reviewing Appraiser, Portland Sub-Office.

7. Of the 2,510.24 acres comprising this area, only 615.12 acres are State lands; 118 acres are County Tends, 116 or which are under sales contract. There are no irrigated lands in the project. Only 230 acres of the area have been under cultivation for grain and are at present in summer fallow. Improvements are reported to consist of a few deserted homestead shacks and one dilapidated house valued at a total of \$200.00. There are no families living in this area. No acquisition problems are reported nor is there necessity for the relocation of public utilities.

4. Request for subject property and clearance by the Interdepartmental Air Traffic Control Board was made February 24, 1943 by the Commanding General, Headquarters, Second Air Force, Fort George Wright, Washington to the Commanding General, Army Air Forces, Washington, D. C., directorate of base services, File 601 F, subject: Acquisition of Bombing and Gunnery Ranges for AAB, Ephrata, Washington. 4 12 2. - Denie Ario Grei Greit 19-71-921.

5. It is recommended that the use of the area be acquired thru leases, and it is requested that a Real Estate directive be issued to permit the necessary leasing. The opinion of annual fair rental value given in the inclosed report is \$800.00. Grop damage estimated in the report to be \$700.00 can be compensated for in the first least period. Twelve of the 16 tracts comprising this area are privately owned and it is therefore recommended that immediate possession be made available thru filing of an Emergency Condemnation under the War Powers Act.

For the Division Engineer:

/s/ M. J. O'Byrne Lt. Col., Corps of Engineers, Acting Division Real Estate Officer

l Incl. Gr. Appraisal 3-23-43 (in trip.)

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to This clim like stains are even admined by the Depretoral facility of The Course of the constitute of the Course o connection with the acquisition of approximately 2510.24 esces of land to provide assistant for a Resign Bombing Range in Douglas County, Vashington, to serve the Aphrata Airfield.

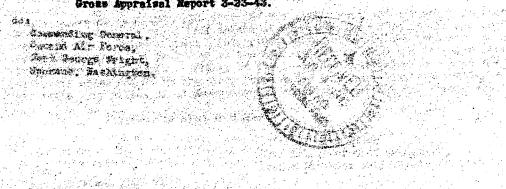
3. Your remarks and recommendations are requested. For the Chief of Inglassrat the transfer and the Chief the Starf, Bullion i imi, 1/6

Colonel Corpe of Regimeers.

Chief, Real Estate Branch.

I Incl.
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Gross Appraisal Report 3-23-43.



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Greek Appraisal & Ephratia Fatters Bunbing Sange, Washington.

ATTACK POST NAME ROBOT LINE

APDES (20-2)

Aces - Consider Const. Warr. And Annual Co. June 2, Sune 2, 1945. The Chief of Engineers, Construction Division, Real Datate Branch.

1. In the of the most that the land in question appears to be of scall white, it is requested action to instituted to acquire the range. It is not believed necessary to refer the action to the Assistant Sourctory of Mar for Air, unless some problem relative to sequisition arises. The appreciate while there will be used friendly in acquiring The Base to estimission 2.510.24 sore in lougles County, Gasnington, and County Gasnington,

2. This sits live within an area cleared by the Interdepartmental hir Traffie Conflet Bille in Batting To, 122. sprayed by Pevising herealth,

For the Commoding Control, Army Air Screen.

1. Of the J.510. A stress posteristic told area, only 613.12 heres are those limits in an enter select control. There are no introduced large in the track to SHIVENY CONTRACT the area have been under existration for grain and Builtatical the Grain and Builtatical track to Consist of Correct Consists of Correct Consists of Correct Consists of Correct Consists of Consists o the relocation of public utilities.

A. Securet for subject property and clearance of the Interdenantasecal Ric Practic Control Roard was made February 16, 1763 by the Constitut America. Mandonarters, Second Mir Porce, Fort Ceorge Wright, Mushington to the Councilled Communal, Army Air Porces, Techniques, D. C., directorate of base tervious, File-SELT, ambject: Actilettion of Bordicz and Carmery Ranges for Add. Moneya, Realington.

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For the Division Degineer:

15. Col., Corps of Megicee's, Acting Division Real Tetora Officer

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# Appendix E-14

### War Department 1945

Change of Status, Ephrata Army Air Field,
Ephrata, Washington. 6 October.
Record Group 18, Entry 1A, Box 291,
File: 686 Vol. II.
National Archives II,
College Park, MD.





Authority NND 770097 HEADQUARTER! By 28 NARA Date 7

180 NEW MONTGOMERY STREET

6 OCT 1945 4AFCE-9



686/4 Gehrota

SUBJECT: Change of Status, Ephrata Army Air Field, Uphrata, Vashington

- : Commanding General, Continental Air Forces, Bolling Field 20,
- Reference is made to teletype A4C4A-2479, received 25 September 1945, and to confidential TMX C-571, this Headquarters, dated 5 September 1945. In accordance with WD Circular 89, dated 20 March 1945, and AAF Regulation 55-3, Ephrata Army Air Field and appurtenant Gunnery Ranges are reported as not required by Fourth Air Force for postwar operations. It is requested this Headquarters be relieved of responsibility for the field and gunnery ranges.
- Data pertaining to this field as required by paragraph 11, AAT Regulation 85-3 are as follows:
  - a. Ephrata Army Air Field.
  - b. Located approximately one mile east of Ephrata, Washington.
  - The field consists of 2671.326 acres which are held as follows:
    - (1) 41.10 acres Government owned.
    - (2) 2017 acres under four lesses W2665-eng-130, W2666-eng-131; W2666-eng-129 and W04-193-eng-3843, at a total annual rental of \$4.00.
    - (3) 480 acres under two free permits; 320 acres from a private owner and 160 acres from the Department of Interior.
    - (4) 13.226 acres under perpetual easements.
    - (5) 120 acres in process of being acquired in the form of a free use permit from the Department of Interior.

A list of constructed facilities is inclosed.

ALL facilities are in good condition with the exception of the water distribution system, which is reported as being poor, due to the contin-

> 20. 1165% Sec. 3(E) and 5(D) or (E) DECLASSIFIED OSD letter, May 3, 1972 5 2942 658

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Ltr to CAT, Subject: "Change of By RNARA Date 7-15 02

ir Field, Ephrata,

ually increasing deterioration of the wood stave water pipe line.

- L. This field has been used for the training of heavy bomber conbat crews.
  - g. Date available 30 September 1945.
- h. There are no auxiliary facilities except those which are reported upon in this letter.
- 1. Records of this Readquarters disclose no contractual commitments effecting disposal of this field.
  - j. No services are currently being rendered to other Federal Agencies.
  - k. Recommended for surplus status.
- 3. Data pertaining to Ephrata Ground-to-Ground Gunnery Range, as required by paragraph 11. AAF Regulation 85-3, are as follows:
- a. Ephrata Ground-to-Ground Gunnery Range; also known as Alkali or Soap Lake.
- b. Located approximately nine miles north of Ephrata Army Air Field and identified as 47° 27' North latitude and 119° 31' West longitude.
- c. The range consists of 697.51 acres ofland under leases W04-193-eng-3780 and W3460-eng-987, at a total annual rental of \$2.00.
- d. There are no constructed facilities located on the renge except a few troop labor built targets.
  - e. Not applicable.
- f. The range was used for ground gunnery training of heavy homber combat crews.
  - g. Date available 30 September 1945.
  - . h. No auxiliary facilities.
    - 1. Records of this Headquarters disclose no contractual commitments

-2-

CONTINUE TO LIVE

Ltr to CAF, Subject: "Change of Weshington", File 686, continued

affecting disposal of this range.

- j. No services are currently being rendered to other Federal Agencies.
  - k. Recommended for surplus status.
- 4. Data pertaining to Ephrata Precision Bombing Range No. 1, as required by paragraph 11, AAF Regulation 85-3, are as follows:
- a. Enhrata Precision Bombing Range Ho. 1; also known as the Bright. High Altitude Bombing Range and Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range.
- b. Located approximately 15 miles northwest of Ephrata Army Air Field and identified as 47° 30' North latitude and 119° 35' West longitude.
- c. The range consists of 2460.12 acres of leased land under the following leases in the WO4-193-eng- series: ,4271, 4219, 4214, 3515, 3135, 2755, 2734, 1866, 1820, 1818, 1766 and 1761, 2t a total annual rental of \$1408.90.
  - d. Constructed facilities are as follows:
    - (1) One portable radio shed, 64 square feet.
    - (2) One portable motor generator shed, 64 square feet.
    - (3) Several troop labor built targets.
  - e. Facilities are reported to be in a fair condition.
- f. The range was used for high eltitude bombing training of heavy bomber combat crews.
  - E. Date available 30 September 1945.
    - h. No avxiliary facilities.
- 1. Records of this Headquarters disclose no contractual commitments affecting disposal of this range.
  - j. No services are currently being rendered to other Federal Agencies.

Authority NND 770097 Ltr to CAF, Subject: "Change of By 28 NARA Date 7-15 02 ir Field, Ephrata, Washington", File 685, continued

- k. Recommended for surplus status.
- 5. Data pertaining to Ephrata Precision Bombing Eange No. 3, as required by peragraph 11, AAF Regulation 85-3, are as follows:
- a. Mphrata Precision Bombing Range No. 3; also known as the St. Andrews Air-to-Ground Gunnery Range.
- b. Located approximately 26 miles north of the Ephrata Army Air Field and identified as 47° 42' North latitude and 119° 37' West longitude.
- c. The range consists of 3762 acres of leased land under the following lease numbers in the WO4-193-eng- series: 2433, 2340, 2200, 1847, 1750, and 1718, at a total annual rental of \$374.15.
  - d. Constructed facilities are as follows:
    - (1) Five 15x16 Hutments.
    - (2) One Pit Latrine and shower.
    - (3) One Latrine.
    - (4) Two Double Hutments.
    - (5) Two Open Sheds.
    - (6) Several troop labor built Targets.
  - e. Facilities are reported to be in fair condition.
  - The range was used for the training of heavy bomber combat crews,
  - Date available 30 September 1945.
  - h. No auxiliary facilities.
- 1: Records of this Headquarters disclose nocontractual commitments affecting disposal of this range.
  - 1. To services are currently being rendered to other Federal Agencies.
  - k. Recommended for surplus status.

/ DECLASSIFIED E.O. 11652, Sec. 3(E) and 5(D) or (E) OSD letter, May 3, 1972 By 787 NARS Date

CONTRECTION

DECLASSIFIED
Authority NND 770097

Ltr to CAF, Subject: "Change of ir Field, Ephrata, Washington", File 686, continued.

- 6. Data pertaining to Moses Lake Precision Bombing Range Mo. 1, as required by paragraph 11, AAF Regulation 85-3, are as follows:
  - a. Moses Lake Precision Bombing Range No. 1.
- b. Located approximately 12 miles southeast of Ephrata Army Air Field and identified as  $47^{\circ}$  03' North latitude and  $119^{\circ}$  26' West longitude.
- c. The range consists of 3540 acres of Government owned land acquired as follows:
  - (1) 1920 acres from the State of Washington by an Option of purchase at the cost of \$1.00.
  - (2) 1120 acres by Declaration of Taking, filed in the U.S. District Sourt, Eastern District of Washington, 9 September 1941, Case No. 211, cost unknown.
  - (3) 800 acres of public domain land withdrawn for WD use by Executive Order 8915, dated 10 October 1941.
- d. No constructed facilities are located on the range, except for several troop labor built targets.
  - e. Not applicable.
  - f. The range was used for the training of heavy bomber combat crews.
  - g. Date available 30 September 1945.
  - h. No auxiliary facilities.
- i. Records of this Headquarters disclose no contractual commitments affecting disposal of this range.
  - j. No services are currently being rendered to other Federal Agencies.
  - k. Recommended for surplus status.
- 7. Data pertaining to Moses Lake Precision Bombing Range No. 2, as required by paragraph 11, AAF Regulation 55-3, are as follows:

Moses Leke Precision Bombing Range No. 2.

-5-

ON THE THE

UNE DECLASSIFIED

Etr to CAF, Subject: "Change of Authority NND 77.0097 r Field, Ephrata, Weshington", File 686, continued By 28 NARA Date 7-15 02

b. Located approximately 183 miles southwest of Ephrata Army Air Field and identified as 47° O4! North latitude and 119° 40! West longitude.

- c. The range consists of 2400 acres of Government owned land acquired as follows:
  - (1) 2080 cores by Declaration of Taking, filed in the U.S. District Court, Eastern District of Washington, 9 September 1941, Case Number 211, cost unknown.
  - (2) 320 acres of public domain land withdrawn for WD use by Executive Order 8922 on 26 December 1941.
- d. No constructed facilities are located on the range, except for several troop labor built tergets.
  - e. Not applicable.
  - f. The range was used for the training of heavy bomber combat crews.
  - g. Date available 30 September 1545.
  - h. No auxiliary facilities.
- i. Records of this Headquarters disclose no contractual commitments affecting disposal of this range.
  - j. No services are currently being rendered to other Federal Agencies.
  - k. Recommended for surplus status.

FOR THE COMMANDING GETTPAL:

1 Incl: List of Constructed Facilities

cc: 00 Ephrata Army Air Field Div Engr., San Francisco

GHORGE E. ROHDE!

Captain, A.G.D., Ass't., ADJ. GEN.

EO. 11652, Sec. 3(E) and 5(D) or (E) THE OSD letter, May 3, 1972 DT JULY NASS Date LEFT 2

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# DECLASSIFIED Authority NND 770097 By Se NARA Date 7-15 20

1 October 1945

#### PULWAYS

DIRECTION	SIZE	SURPACE MATERIAL	BASE MATERIAL	GROSS LOAD Capacity	EVALUATION Limited
uw/se	7305'x150'	S# Concrete Bit	12" Basalt	96,000#	150,000#
n/s	6630'±150'	2# Bit	13" Basalt	50,000#	150,000#
ne/sw	6705'x150'	2# Bit	13" Basalt	60,000#	150,000#

675' of the MM/SE runway used as taxiway.

No hardstandings.

### APROM

<u>512E</u>	SURPACE MA	ATERIAL BASE	ATERIAL	GROSS LCAD	EVALUATION Linited
6001x34661	3" Bit	1 22"	Selected	120,000#	150,000#
	<u>G.</u>	PECLIEE			
EC. TATES	(Gallons)		TCTAL (Gallons)	Sī	STEA_
<b>1</b>	25,000 10,000	TOTAL	200,000 10,000 210,000		chani <b>c</b> al chanical

### COMPROL TOWER

1 - Control Tower.

### LIGHTING

Permanent. Includes contact lights, range lights, obstruction lights and 24" rotating and flash beacon.

### CAPTCHMENT

Housing capacity for 1097 male white officers, 34 female white officers, 3362 male white enlisted personnel, 112 female white enlisted personnel. (Based on 120 s/f per officer, 60 s/f per enlisted person).

Sub-t-

CONFIDENTIAL

Training Aids and Special Baildings:

BULLDING		
<u> </u>	गि राज्यक	
	TYPE	<u> Size</u>
I = Base Headquarters		
2 - Group Administrative and Operations	CDITTO A AN -	120121321
	OBHT & CBPT (Mod)	100'±150'
o - Squadron Operations	CB_T	100 12140 1/20 12241
Marian de la Hangara	OBMT (Mod)	100 2140
2 - angare	HANG-C-A	125 = 2021
l - Hanger	Butler Fortable	130'±160'
1 - Cresh Truck Station	HAUG-P-A	2021x2251
1 - Fire Station	FSBT-	hg: #821
l - Link Trainer	T-T-1	
4 - CNT Buildings	LINK-C-A	481 1841
1 - MAVI-Trainer	CEL-A-A	25'x108'
- Bonb Trainer	SHET (Nod)	27 1 = 27 1
- Aleitaner	323-1	2012641
Altitude Trainer	<b>2</b> 23-2	601x801
1 - Photo Lab	PHC-A-A	25'x105'overall
3 - School Buildings	000	25'±87'
1 - School Building		20171001
2 - Technical Schools	SCH-A-A	1081::1241
1 - Finance Building	OEITE 4	100 12140
1 - Post Cffice	TBAT (	201x1001
1 - Tel & Tel Building	PCBT	1001::1201
Fost Cffice	<b>27-5</b>	25122001
1 - Base Publications	CBGT	201=1401
1 - Bombsight Storage Bustas	000	201::1001
1 - Infirmary	A-E-E.0E	2412501
1 - Infirmery	<b>I</b> —)†	
1 - Clinic and Lab	INY-B-H	25'mll'
1 - Flight Surgeon's Building	G-I and G	25'±51'
- Dental Clinic	FS-1	25'::150'
- Werds	DC-3	251278 1
J - Verds	W-1 .	251=701
1 - Detention Ward	WA RD-D-H	251x1501
l - Officer n	WARD-I-H	25'::150'
1 - Officers Recreation Building	SER-E-M	25'=150'
l - Civilian Recreation Building l - Chapel	RECT	70'::173'
- offger	0171	201元441
- Theater	TAAT	37 'x9g'
- Service Club	SER-D-H	58'x168'
- Bese Engineer Shop	SHOP-G-A	701=1731
- Clothing and Equipment Shop		120 2150
- certica 2000	CEHT	100 m120
- Salvage Building	SP-3-T	201x2801
- Warehouse	COC	20121351
	WEAT	32121501
		-

DECLASSIFIED
Authority NND 770097
By 28 NARA Date 7-1503

#### BUILDING

8	_	Wowehouses
3	-	Warehouses
2	-	Werehouses, Ord.
		Cold Storage Warehouse
1	_	Hospital Store House
1	-	Storage Building
1	_	Small Arms Ammunition Storag
1		Chemical Storage Magazine
1	_	Segregated Storage Magazine

_		
l	-	Segregated Storage Magasi
		Black powder igloo
2		Pyrotechnic Magazines

Type	SIZE
MHET COC SHAT STOR-Q-11 SH-7 COC CBKT MAG-J-C MAG-J-C MAG-J-C	50' 1192' 20' 1135' 20' 1126' 20' 1126' 20' 1126' 14' 116' 16' 114' 116'

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# APPENDIX F REAL ESTATE DOCUMENTS

### APPENDIX F - REAL ESTATE DOCUMENTS

The archive search did not locate any real estate information that contradicted or modified the information contained in the Inventory Project Report (INPR) for the **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4** furnished in **Appendix D-1**. Complementary real estate documents were gathered and reviewed but not presented here. These documents will be stored with all the original ASR information.

# APPENDIX G NEWSPAPERS/JOURNALS (Not Used)

# APPENDIX H SUMMARY OF INTERVIEWS

### APPENDIX H - SUMMARY OF INTERVIEWS

- H-1 Interview between Mr. David Tajkowski, St. Louis District and Mr. Don Dorsey, Property Owner, Douglas County, Washington
- H-2 Interview between Mr. David Tajkowski, St. Louis District and Mr. Edward Preston, Property Owner, Douglas County, Washington
- H-3 Interview between Mr. David Tajkowski, St. Louis District and Mr. Paul Malone, Property Owner, Douglas County, Washington
- H-4 Interview between Mr. David Tajkowski, St. Louis District and Mr. Westley Roberts, Property Owner, Douglas County, Washington

# **APPENDIX H-1**

Interview between Mr. David Tajkowski, St. Louis District and Mr. Don Dorsey, Property Owner, Douglas County, Washington

### TELEPHONE OR VERBAL CONVERSATION RECORD

DATE

For use of this form, see AR340-15; the proponent agency is the Adjutant General's Office.					
SUBJECT OF CONVERSATION					
Site Visit to Ephrata PBR #4; 31 July 2	2002				
INCOMING CALL					
PERSON CALLING	ADDRESS	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION			
PERSON CALLED	OFFICE	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION			
OUTGOING CALL					

PERSON CALLING  David Tajkowski	ADDRESS CEMVS-ED-P	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION (314) 331-8841
PERSON CALLED  Don Dorsey	OFFICE Property Owner	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION (509) 884-1234

#### SUMMARY OF CONVERSATION:

Mr. Dorsey is the owner of portions of Sections 31 and 32, T24N and R 26E. He gave us verbal permission to walk the site. The land has been farmed until recently, but it is now part of the Conservation Reserve Program and is covered by native grasses. He did not require further contact prior to the site visit.

He asked me to contact the property manager Mr. James Ruud (502) 745-8502. I contacted Mr. Ruud and informed him of our plans, and he did not require further contact prior to the site visit.

# **APPENDIX H-2**

Interview between Mr. David Tajkowski, St. Louis District and Mr. Edward Preston, Property Owner, Douglas County, Washington

### TELEPHONE OR VERBAL CONVERSATION RECORD

DATE

For use of this form, see AR340-15; the proponen	t agency is the Adjutant General's Office.				
SUBJECT OF CONVERSATION					
Site Visit to Ephrata PBR #4; 01 A	ugust 2002				
	INCOMING CALL				
PERSON CALLING	ADDRESS	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION			
PERSON CALLED	OFFICE	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION			
OUTGOING CALL					

PERSON CALLING  David Tajkowski	ADDRESS CEMVS-ED-P	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION (314) 331-8841
PERSON CALLED Edward Preston	OFFICE Property Owner	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION (509) 683-1081

### SUMMARY OF CONVERSATION:

Mr. Preston is the owner of the Southwest ¼ of Section 31, T24N and R 26E. He gave us verbal permission to walk the site. He is not sure if he will be in the area on 13 August, but if he is he may wish to accompany us. I will call him on the 12th to confirm our plans. He believes that there is nothing on the property that remains a hazard.

# **APPENDIX H-3**

Interview between Mr. David Tajkowski, St. Louis District and Mr. Paul Malone, Property Owner, Douglas County, Washington

For use of this form, see AR340-15: the proponent agency is the Adjutant General's Office.		
SUBJECT OF CONVERSATION  Site Visit to Ephrata PBR #4; 01 Augus	st 2002	
INCOMING CALL		
PERSON CALLING	ADDRESS	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION
PERSON CALLED	OFFICE	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION
OUTGOING CALL		

PERSON CALLING  David Tajkowski	ADDRESS CEMVS-ED-P	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION (314) 331-8841
PERSON CALLED Paul Malone	OFFICE Property Owner	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION (509) 632-5582

#### SUMMARY OF CONVERSATION:

Mr. Malone is the owner or part owner of most of Section 5, T23N and R 26E. He also leases Section 6 from the State of Washington. He gave us verbal permission to walk the site. He is not sure if he will be in the area on 13 August, but if he is he may wish to accompany us. I will call him on the 12th to confirm our plans.

When I ask if they still find military debris on the site, he said that they do find items frequently and he has piled them up on the western end of the site. Most of the property is farmed, but he has allowed some of it to return to natural grassland. He destroyed several wooden A-frame structures several years ago in the northeast ¼ of Section 5. He believes that these were built by the military.

### **APPENDIX H-4**

Interview between Mr. David Tajkowski, St. Louis District and Mr. Westley Roberts, Property Owner, Douglas County, Washington

For use of this form, see AR340-15: the proponent agency is the Adjutant General's Office.			
SUBJECT OF CONVERSATION Site Visit to Ephrata PBR #4; 31 July 2002			
INCOMING CALL			
PERSON CALLING	ADDRESS	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION	
PERSON CALLED	OFFICE	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION	
OUTGOING CALL			

PERSON CALLING David Tajkowski	ADDRESS CEMVS-ED-P	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION (314) 331-8841
PERSON CALLED Westley Roberts	OFFICE Property Owner	PHONE NUMBER AND EXTENSION (509) 632-5430

### SUMMARY OF CONVERSATION:

Mr. Roberts is the owner or part-owner of most of Sections 31 and 32, T24N and R 26E. He gave us verbal permission to walk the site. He is semi-retired, and the land is not currently farmed, but it has been used for agriculture until just recently. He did not require any further contact from us prior to the site visit. To his knowledge nothing hazardous remains on the property.

# APPENDIX I PRESENT SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

### APPENDIX I - PRESENT SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

PAGE	DESCRIPTION
Page I-2	
Photo #1	View North Along Whitehall Road SE From Near Intersection With Southwest Corner of Section 6 and Southwest Corner of Section 5, T23N, R26E. (GPS N 47° 30' 47", W 119° 35' 53.5")
Photo #2	Piece of Practice Bomb Found in Section 5, T23N, R26E (Near GPS N 47° 31' 16.0", W 119° 35' 10.2")
Page I-3	
Photo #3	General North View Taken in Section 5, T23N, R26E (Near GPS N 47° 31' 33.3", W 119° 35' 06.1")
Photo #4	Pile of Bomb Debris Located Just off of Whitehall Road SE at GPS N 47° 31′ 22.9″, W 119° 35′ 53.1″

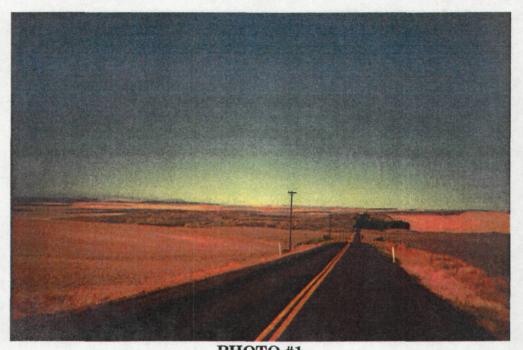


PHOTO #1
View North Along Whitehall Road SE From Near Intersection With Southwest Corner of Section 6 and Southwest Corner of Section 5, T23N, R26E. (GPS N 47° 30′ 47″, W 119° 35′ 53.5″)



PHOTO #2
Piece of Practice Bomb Found in Section 5, T23N, R26E
(Near GPS N 47° 31' 16.0", W 119° 35' 10.2")

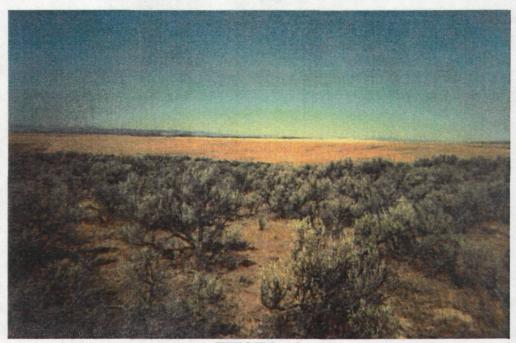


PHOTO #3 General North View Taken in Section 5, T23N, R26E (Near GPS N 47° 31' 33.3", W 119° 35' 06.1")



PHOTO #4
Pile of Bomb Debris Located Just off of Whitehall Road SE at GPS N 47° 31' 22.9", W 119° 35' 53.1"

# APPENDIX J HISTORICAL PHOTOGRAPHS

(Not Used)

# APPENDIX K HISTORICAL MAPS/DRAWINGS

#### APPENDIX K - HISTORICAL MAPS/DRAWINGS

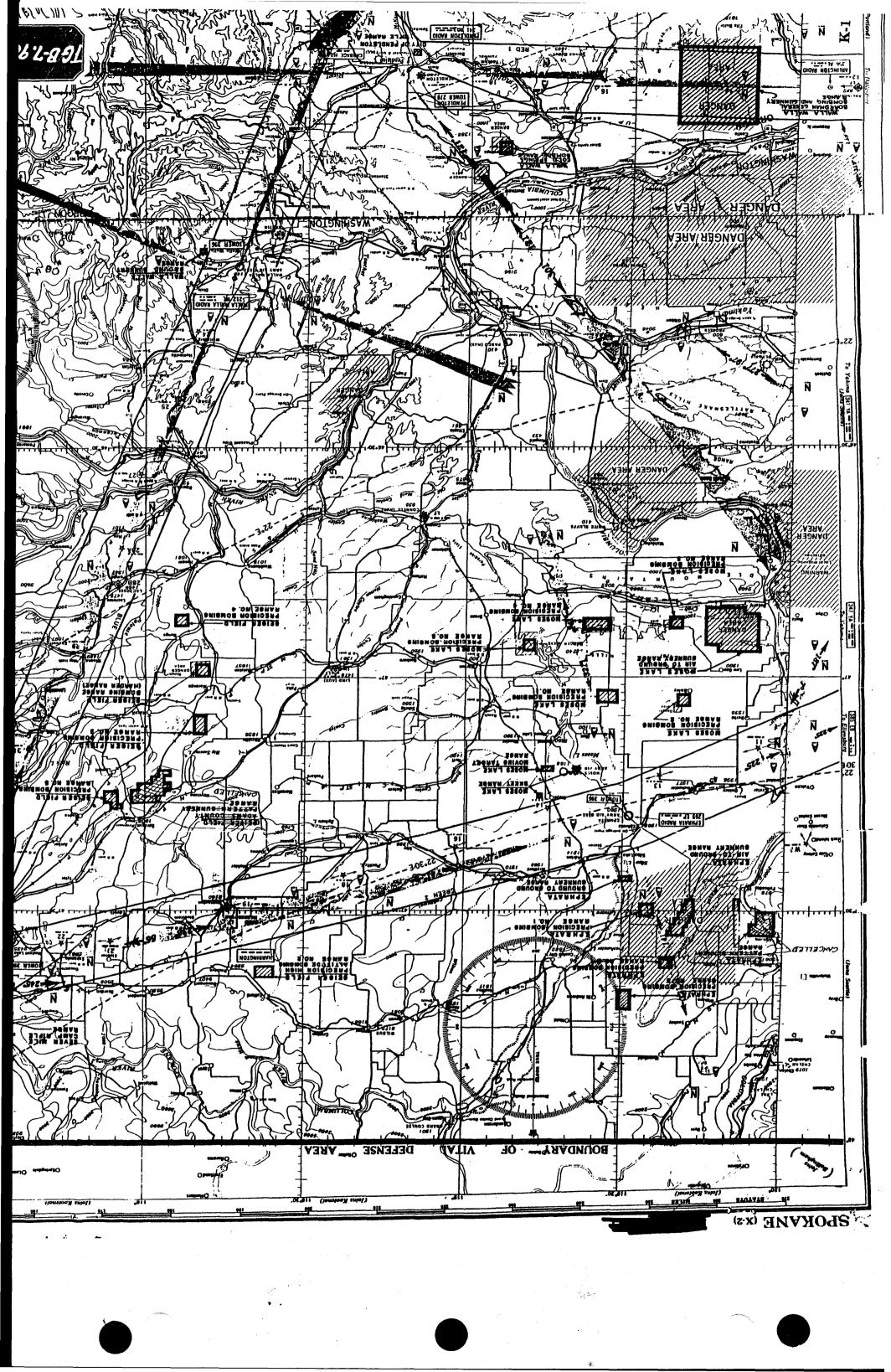
#### K-1 Department of Defense

c. 1945 "Boundary of Vital Defense Area circa 1945. Record Group 18, Entry 1A, Box 288, Box 823, File 684. National Archives II, College Park, MD.

## Appendix K-1

### Department of Defense c. 1945

"Boundary of Vital Defense Area circa 1945. Record Group 18, Entry 1A, Box 288, Box 823, File 684. National Archives II, College Park, MD.



## **APPENDIX L**

## SITE SAFETY AND HEALTH PLAN/SITE INSPECTION REPORT

## APPENDIX L -- SITE SAFETY AND HEALTH PLAN/SITE INSPECTION REPORT

- L-1 Site Safety and Health Plan
- L-2 Site Inspection Report

# APPENDIX L-1 Site Safety and Health Plan

#### SITE SAFETY AND HEALTH PLAN (SSHP) for EPHRATA PATTERN BOMBING RANGE # 4 SITE # F10WA057901

The purpose of this site visit is to reconnoiter, document, and photograph areas Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range #4 suspected to be contaminated with unexploded ordnance and/or toxic chemical munitions.

PREPARED BY:

Randy Fraser

**OFFICE** 

USACE, CEMVS-ED-P

**ADDRESS** 

1222 Spruce St. St. Louis, Mo

PHONE

(314) 331-8268

DATE PREPARED

07-31-02

REVIEWED/APPROVED BY:

George Sloan

NOTE This SSHP is to be used only for non-intrusive site visits and must be approved by safety prior to the start of the field visit. All team members must read, and comply with the SSHP, and attend the safety briefings. The Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO) shall ensure the Safety Briefing Checklist and the SSHP acceptance form (Appendix C) is filled out prior to the start of the site visit.

#### A. SITE DESCRIPTION AND PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS

	1.	<b>Site Description</b>					
		a. Size 2460 acres					
		b. Present Usage (	check	all that apply)			
		<ul><li>[ ] Military</li><li>[ ] Residential</li><li>[X] Natural Area</li><li>[X] Agricultural</li></ul>		[ ] Recreationa [ ] Commercia [ ] Industrial [ ] Landfill		Other (specify	)
		[ ] Secured [ ] Ad	ctive	[ ] Unknown	[X] Un	secured [ ] Inactive	• •
	pro	Past Uses The Ephrovide a training faciliteld.					
	3.	<b>Surrounding Popul</b>	ation	(check all that a	apply)		
		[X] Rural [ ] Commercial	[	] Residential ] Industrial		Urban Other (specify)	
		Ordnance/Explosiv actice Bombs ranging					•
В.	DF	ESCRIPTION OF O	N-SIT	E ACTIVITIE	S (chec	ck all that apply)	
	[X	] Walk-through ] On-Path ] Off-Path	[X]	Drive-through On-road Off-road		[ ] Other (specify	y)
C.	SI	TE PERSONNEL A	ND R	ESPONSIBILI	TIES		
				•			

## C.

#### 1. Responsibilities

- a. Project Manager The Corps of Engineers Project Manager (PM) is overall responsible for the site visit. He will assign a Team Leader, (most situations will be the PM). The PM will ensure that the SSHP is completed. Coordinates and executes the site visit.
- b. Site Safety and Health Officer Individual designated to conduct safety, enforce the SSHP, conduct safety briefings, and ensure that the team leader can safely fulfill his objectives. The SSHO will maintain the safety gear, and monitor on-site operations. The

SSHO is responsible for identifying, marking, and reporting any unexploded ordnance and explosives.

#### 2. Team Members

NAME	<u>Position</u>	Address	PHONE
Gerald Schwalbe	PM/Team Leader	USACE, St. Louis, MO	(314) 331-8788
Randy Fraser	SSHO/UXO Spec	USACE, St. Louis, MO	(314) 331-8268
David Tajkowski	Historian	USACE, St. Louis, MO	(314) 331-8841

#### D. OVERALL HAZARD EVALUATION (check one)

Γ	] High	ſ	l Moderate	[X] Low	[ ] Unknown
L	,	L.	,	[]	

This assessment was developed using the Site Investigation Hazard Analysis and Risk Assessment Code Matrix.

E. GENERAL PRECAUTIONS Prior to the on-site visit, all team members are required to read this SSHP and sign the form acknowledging that they have read and will comply with it. In addition, the SSHO shall hold a brief tailgate meeting in which site specific topics regarding the days activities will be discussed. If unanticipated hazardous conditions arise, team members are to stop work, leave the immediate area and notify the SSHO. The buddy system will be enforced at all times.

## F. STANDARD OPERATION SAFETY PROCEDURES, ENGINEERING CONTROLS AND WORK PRACTICES

- 1. Site Rules/Prohibitions At any sign of unanticipated hazardous conditions, stop tasks, leave the immediate area and notify the SSHO. Smoking, eating and drinking allowed in designated areas only.
- 2. Material Handling Procedures Do not handle.
- 3. Drum Handling Procedures Do not handle.
- 4. Confined Space Entry An area identified as a Permit Required Confined space will not be entered. All confined spaces shall be considered permit required confined spaces until the pre-entry procedures demonstrate otherwise. Confined spaces may be entered without a written permit or attendant provided the space is determined not to be a permit required confined space as specified in 29 CFR 1910.146.
- 5. Electrical Protection Overhead power lines, downed electrical wires and buried cables pose a danger of shock and electrocution. In addition, buildings may contain exposed wiring that may hold a potential load. Workers should avoid contact with any and all exposed wire

- 6. Spill Containment N/A
- 7. Excavation Safety Do not enter trenches/excavations.
- 8. Illumination Site visits will be conducted during daylight hours only.
- **9. Sanitation** Use existing sanitary facilities.
- 10. Buddy System Individuals will maintain constant contact with other personnel at all times. No one will work alone at any time during the site visit.

#### 11. Engineering Controls N/A

- 12. Insects Wearing light colored clothing and tucking in the pant legs can reduce contact. In severely infested area it may be necessary to tape all openings. Apply repellents to both clothing and bare skin. Diethyltoluamide (DEET) is an active ingredient in many repellents, which are effective against ticks and other insects. Repellents containing DEET can be applied on exposed areas of skin and clothing. However, repellents containing permethrin should be used on only clothing. For more information on insect bites, refer to APPENDIX B of this SSHP.
- 13. Poisonous Vegetation Recognition and avoidance is the best protection. Cover all exposed skin. If it is known or suspected that an individual has been exposed, wash the effected area with soapy water.
- 14. Inclement Weather When there are warnings or indications of impending severe weather (heavy rains, strong winds, lightning, tornadoes, etc.), weather conditions shall be monitored and appropriate precautions taken to protect personnel and property from the effects of the severe weather.
- 15. Hot Weather In hot environments, cool drinking water shall be made available and workers shall be encouraged to frequently drink small amounts, e.g., one cup every 15 20 minutes; the water shall be kept reasonably cool. In those situations where heat stress may impact worker safety and health, work regimens shall be established. For more information on Heat Stress refer to APPENDIX A of this SSHP.
- 16. Cold Weather Cold injury (frost bite and hypothermia) and impaired ability to work are dangers at low temperatures and when the wind-chill factor is low. To guard against them; wear appropriate clothing; have warm shelter readily available; carefully schedule work and rest periods, and monitor workers' physical conditions.
- 17. Off-Road Driving Ensure all emergency equipment is available with the vehicle, i.e., tire changing equipment. Drivers shall familiarize themselves with the procedures for

engaging four-wheel drive systems before the need for added traction arises. Vehicles will not be driven into an environment that is unknown, such as deep water, or an unstable surface. Vehicles will not be driven into a suspected ordnance impact area.

#### 18. Ordnance

#### a. General Information

- (1) The cardinal principle to be observed involving explosives, ammunition, severe fire hazards or toxic materials is to limit the exposure to a minimum number of personnel, for the minimum amount of time, to a minimum amount of hazardous material consistent with a safe and efficient operation.
- (2) The age or condition of an ordnance item does not decrease the effectiveness. Ordnance that has been exposed to the elements for extended periods of time become more sensitive to shock, movement, and friction, because the stability agent in the explosives may be degraded.
- (3) When chemical agents may be present, further precautions are necessary. If the munitions item has green markings leave the area immediately, since it may contain a chemical filler.
- (4) Consider ordnance that has been exposed to fire as extremely hazardous. Chemical and physical changes may have occurred to the contents which render it more sensitive than it was in its original state.

#### b. On-Site Instructions

- (1) DO NOT TOUCH or MOVE any ordnance items regardless of the markings or apparent condition.
- (2) DO NOT conduct a site visit during an electrical storm or an approaching electrical storm. If a storm approaches during the site visit leave the site immediately and seek shelter.
- (3) DO NOT use a radio or cellular phone in the vicinity of a suspect ordnance item.
- (4) DO NOT walk across an area where the ground cannot be seen.
- (5) DO NOT drive a vehicle into a suspected OE area; use clearly marked lanes.
- (6) DO NOT carry matches, cigarettes, lighters or other flame producing devices into an OE site.

- (7) DO NOT rely on color code for positive identification of ordnance items or their contents.
- (8) Approach ordnance items from the side; avoid approaching from the front or rear.
- (9) Always assume ordnance items contain a live charge until it can be determined otherwise.
- (10) Dead vegetation and animals may indicate potential chemical contamination. If a suspect area is encountered, personnel should leave the immediate area and evaluate the situation before continuing the site visit.

#### c. Specific Action Upon Locating Ordnance

- (1) DO NOT touch, move or jar any ordnance item, regardless of its apparent condition.
- (2) DO NOT be misled by markings on the ordnance item stating "practice", "dummy", or "inert". Practice munitions may contain an explosive charge used for spotting the point of impact. The item may also be mismarked.
- (3) DO NOT roll the item over or scrape the item to read the markings.
- (4) The location of any ordnance items found during site investigations should be clearly marked so it can be easily located and avoided.
- (5) Reporting will be conducted in accordance with CEMVS-ED-P, Standard Operating procedure for Reporting Ordnance and Unexploded Ordnance (UXO), dated 19 January 1995.

19.	Other	(specify)_		·			
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#### G. SITE CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS

- 1. Site Map Maintained on site by the PM or Safety Officer.
- 2. Site Work Zones N/A
- 3. Buddy System Individuals will maintain constant contact with other personnel at all times. No one will work alone at any time during the site visit.
- 4. Communications

b. Off-Site Communications sha may be established by using a cell be readily accessible. (specify bel	ular phone or by public or priva	
[X] Cellular phone (314) 606-496  [ ] Public/private phone (location of the content of the conte	<del></del>	
c. Emergency Signals In the ca will suffice. An emergency signal incorporated at the discretion of the	l for large groups (i.e. air horn,	<del>-</del>
[X] Verbal [ ] Nonverbal (specify)		

a. On-Site Verbal communications will be used among team members.

H. EMERGENCY RESPONSE Team members are to be alert to the dangers associated with the site at all times. If an unanticipated hazardous condition arises, stop work, evacuate the immediate area and notify the SSHO. A First Aid Kit and emergency eye wash (if applicable) will be located in the SSHO's field vehicle. If qualified persons (i.e. fire department, medical facility or physician) are not accessible within five minutes of the site at least two team members shall be qualified to administer first aid and CPR.

#### 1. Emergency/Important Telephone Numbers

Emergency	911
Douglas County Sheriffs Department	(509) 884-0941
Columbia Basin Hospital	(509) 754-4631
53rd Ord Co (EOD)	(509) 577-3376/6/7
3rd Ord Bn (EOD)	(206) 967-1971/2/4
Huntsville Safety Office	(205) 895-1582/1579
Huntsville Safety (after hours)	
On-site cellular phone	(314) 606-4960
St. Louis Corps of Engineers	

#### 2. Hospital/Medical Facility Information

Name:

Columbia Basin Hospital

Address:

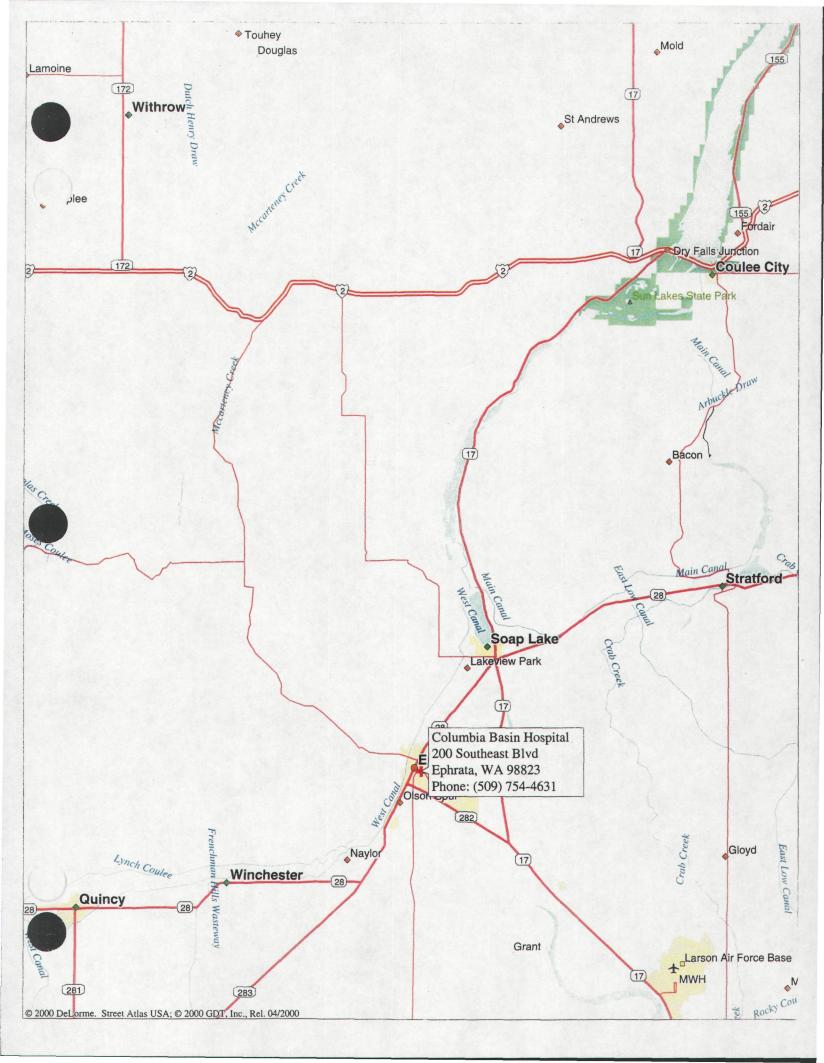
200 Southeast Blvd.

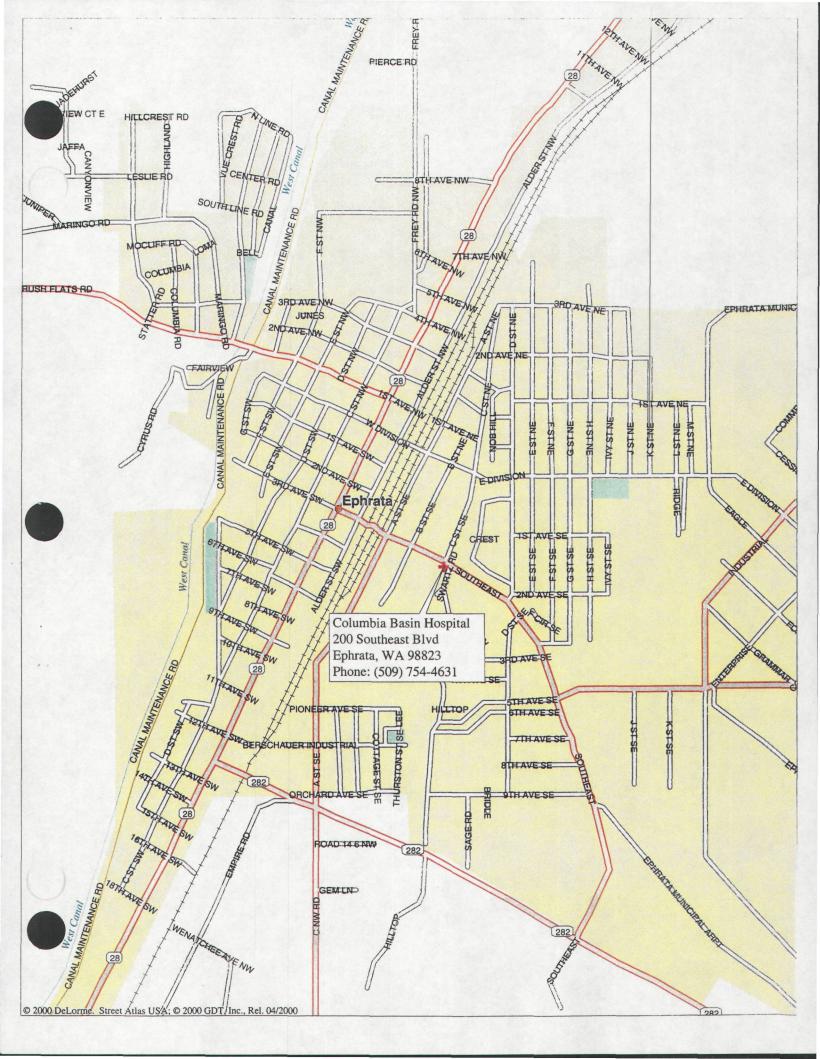
Ephrata, WA

Phone:

(509) 754-4631

Route to Medical Facility: Refer to the Site Map on following pages





#### I. MONITORING EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES

- 1. Exposure Monitoring For non-intrusive on-site activities such as site visits, air monitoring is typically not required. However, if the site situation dictates the need for monitoring, complete the following information on a separate page and attach the page to the SSHP.
  - a. Monitoring Equipment To Be Utilized N/A
  - b. Equipment Calibration Results N/A
  - c. Action Levels N/A

#### 2. Heat/ Cold Stress Monitoring

- a. Heat Stress monitoring criteria published in Chapter 8 of the NIOSH/OSHA/USCG/EPA "Occupational Safety and Health Guidance Manual for Hazardous Waste Site Activities" shall be followed.
- **b.** Cold Stress monitoring shall be conducted in accordance with the most current published American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) cold stress standard.
- J. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT Typically, for non-intrusive site visits, Level D is required. If a higher level of protection is to be used initially or as contingency, a brief discussion will be attached. At a minimum personnel shall wear clothing suitable for the weather and work condition. The minimum for fieldwork shall be short sleeved shirt, long trousers, and leather or other protective work shoes or boots. If a higher level of protection is to be used initially or as contingency, a brief discussion will be attached.
  - 1. Footwear Footwear providing protection against puncture shall meet the applicable requirements as stated in EM 385-1-1, paragraph 05.A.07. All activities which personnel are potentially exposed to foot hazards will be identified and documented in a hazard analysis.
  - 2. Hand Protection Persons involved in activities which subject the hands to injury (e.g., cuts, abrasions, punctures, burns) shall use leather gloves.
  - 3. Head Protection Hardhats shall be worn when personnel are subject to potential head injury. The identification and analysis of head hazards will be documented in a hazard analysis.
  - **4.** Eye Protection Personnel will wear eye protection when activities present potential injuries to the eyes. All eye protection equipment shall meet the requirements as stated in EM 385-1-1, paragraph 05.B.
- K. DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES Decontamination procedures are not anticipated

for this site investigation. Team members are cautioned not to walk, kneel or sit on any surface with potential leaks, spills or contamination.

- L. TRAINING All site personnel shall have completed the training required by EM 385-1-1 and 29 CFR 1910.120 (e). The U.S. Army Corps of Engineer (USACE) Project Manager shall ensure, and the SSHO shall verify, that all on-site personnel have completed appropriate training. Additionally, the SSHO shall inform personnel before entering, of any potential site-specific hazards and procedures.
- M. MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM The USACE Project Manager shall ensure, and the SSHO shall verify, that all on-site personnel are on the Medical Surveillance Program meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.120, and ANZI Z-88.2, as appropriate, depending on the PPE and site specific tasks.

NAME	HAZWOPER (ref)	PROVIDER	MEDICAL DATE
Gerald Schwalbe	<u>11-01</u>	Corps of Engrs.	<u>07-01</u>
Randy Fraser	<u>11-01</u>	Corps of Engrs.	<u>06-01</u>
David Tajkowski	<u>11-01</u>	Corps of Engrs.	<u>04-01</u>

- N. LOGS, REPORTS AND RECORD KEEPING Site logs are maintained by the Project Manager and SSHO. This is to include historical data, personnel authorized to visit the site, all records, standard operating procedures, air monitoring logs and the SSHP.
- O. GENERAL The number of personnel visiting the site shall be a limited to a minimum of two, maximum of eight. The more personnel on-site, greater the potential for an accident. The SSHO may modify this SSHP if site conditions warrant it and without risking the safety and health of the team members. This modification will be coordinated with the team members. The SSHO shall notify Corps of Engineers Safety Office in Huntsville, AL. of the change as the situation allows.

#### APPENDIX A

#### **HEAT- RELATED INJURIES**

Once the signals of a heat-related illness begin to appear, the victim's condition can quickly get worse. A heat related illness can result in death. If you see any of the signals of sudden illness, and the victim has been exposed to extremes of heat, suspect a heat-related illness.

People at risk for heat-related illness include those who work or exercise outdoors, elderly people, young children, and people with health problems. Also at risk are those who have had a heat-related illness in the past, those with medical conditions that cause poor blood circulation, and those who take medications to get rid of water from the body (diuretics).

People usually try to get out of extreme heat before they begin to feel ill. However, some people do not or can not. Those that work outdoors often keep working even after they begin to feel ill. Many times, they might not even recognize that they are in danger of becoming ill.

Heat-cramps, heat-exhaustion, and heat-stroke, are conditions caused by overexposure to heat. You can help prevent heat-stress emergencies by recognizing and properly treating symptoms. Below is a quick reference guide to heat-related emergencies:

**HEAT CRAMPS** Heat cramps are the least severe, and often are the first signals that the body is having trouble with the heat. *Symptoms* include: Muscle twitching; painful spasms in the legs, arms or abdomen.

#### WHAT TO DO:

- Have the individual rest in a cool place.
- Give cool water or a commercially available sports drink.
- lightly stretch the muscle and gently massage the area.

**HEAT EXHAUSTION** Heat exhaustion is a more severe condition than heat cramps. *Symptoms:* cool, moist, pale, or flushed skin, headache, nausea, dizziness, weakness, and exhaustion.

**HEAT STROKE** Heat stroke is the least common but most severe heat emergency. It most often occurs when people ignore the signals of heat exhaustion. Heat stroke develops when the body systems are overwhelmed by heat and begin to stop functioning. **Heat stroke is a serious medical emergency.** Symptoms include: red, hot, dry skin; changes in consciousness; rapid, weak pulse; and rapid, shallow breathing.

WHAT TO DO: When you recognize a heat-related illness in its early stages, you can usually reverse it.

• Get the victim out of the heat.

- Loosen any tight clothing and apply cool, wet cloths, such as towels or sheets.
- If the victim is conscious, give cool water to drink. Do not let the conscious victim drink too quickly. Give about 1 glass (4 ounces) of water every 15 minutes.
- Let the victim rest in a comfortable position, and watch carefully for changes in his or her condition. The victim should not resume normal activities the same day.
- Refusing water, vomiting, and changes in consciousness mean that the victim's condition is getting worse. Call for an ambulance immediately if you have not already done so.
- If the victim vomits, stop giving fluids and position them on their side.
- Watch for signals of breathing problems.
- Keep the victim lying down and continue to cool the body any way you can. If you have ice packs or cold packs, place them on each of the victim's wrists and ankles, on the groin, in each armpit, and on the neck to cool the large blood vessels.

#### APPENDIX B

#### **BITES AND STINGS**

#### Scorpions, Bees and Spiders

Bee stings are painful, but rarely fatal. Some people, however have a severe allergic reaction to an insect sting. This allergic reaction may result in a breathing emergency. If someone is stung by an insect, remove the stinger. Scrape it away with from the skin with your fingernail or plastic car, such as a credit card, or use tweezers. If you use the tweezers, grasp the stinger, not the venom sac. Wash the site with soap and water. Cover it to keep it clean. Apply a cold pack to the area to reduce the pain and swelling. Watch the victim for signals of an allergic reaction.

Scorpions live in dry regions of the southwestern United States and Mexico. They live under rocks, logs, and the bark of certain trees and are most active at night. Only a few species of scorpions have a sting that can cause death.

Spiders; there are also only two spiders in the United States whose bite can make you seriously sick or be fatal. These are the black widow spider and the brown recluse. The black widow is black with a reddish hourglass shape on the underside of its body. The brown recluse is light brown with a darker brown, violin-shaped marking on the top of its body. Both spiders prefer dark, out of the way places. Often, the victim will not know that he or she has been bitten until he or she starts to feel ill or notices a bite mark or swelling.

Symptoms: include nausea and vomiting, difficulty breathing or swallowing, sweating and salivating much more than normal, severe pain in the sting or bite area, a mark indicating a possible bite or sting, and swelling of the area.

First Aid: if someone has been stung by a scorpion or bitten by a spider he or she thinks is a black widow or brown recluse, wash the wound, apply a cold pack to the site, and get medical help immediately.

#### Lyme Disease

Lyme Disease is an illness that people get from the bite of an infected tick. Lyme disease is affecting a growing number of people in the United States. Everyone should take precautions against it. Not all ticks carry Lyme disease. Lyme disease is spread mainly by a type of tick that commonly attaches itself to field mice

and deer. It is sometimes called a deer tick. This tick is found around beaches and in wooded and grassy areas. Like all ticks, it attaches itself to any warm-blooded animal that brushes by. Deer ticks are very tiny and difficult to see. They are much smaller than the common dog tick or wood tick. They can be as small as a poppy seed or the head of a pin. Adult deer ticks are only as large as a grape seed.

Symptoms: The first signal of infection may appear a few days or a few weeks after a tick bite. Typically, a rash starts as a small red area at the site of the bite. It may spread up to 7 inches across. In fair-skinned people the center is lighter in color and the outer edges are red and raised. This sometimes gives the rash a bull's-eye appearance. In dark skinned people the area may look black and blue, like a bruise.

Other symptoms include fever, headache, weakness, and joint and muscle pain similar to the pain of "flu". These symptoms might develop slowly and might not occur at the same time as a rash. In fact you can have Lyme disease without developing a rash.

First Aid: If you find a tick, remove it by pulling steadily and firmly. Grasp the tick with fine-tipped tweezers, as close to the skin as possible, and pull slowly. If you do not have tweezers, use glove, plastic wrap, or a piece of paper to protect you finger. If you use your bare fingers, wash your hands immediately. Do not try to burn a tick or use other home remedies, like coating the tick with Vaseline or nail polish or picking it with a pin. Once the tick is removed, wash the area with soap and water. If available, apply antiseptic or antibiotic ointment. If you can not remove the tick or parts of the tick stay in your skin, obtain medical care. If a rash or flu like symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

### APPENDIX C

## SSHP ACCEPTANCE FORM ABBREVIATED SITE SAFETY AND HEALTH PLAN

I have read and agree to abide by the contents of the Site Safety and Health Plan.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>OFFICE</u>	SIGNATURE	DATE
Gerald Schwalbe	CEMVS-ED-P	Jens V. Jehry	gle 7/31/02
Randy Fraser	CEMVS-ED-P	fand frauge	1/31/02
David Tajkowski	CEMVS-ED-P	Wast zhou	431/02
	. • -		

#### SITE SURVEY SAFETY BRIEFING

(Check subjects discussed) Date

8/13/02

SITE	<b>SPECIFIC</b>	INFORM	MATION

<u></u>	Purpose of Visit
<u>X</u>	Identify Key Site Personnel
<u>X</u>	Site Description/Past Use
<u>×</u>	Results of Previous studies
<u>X</u>	Potential Site Hazards
X	OE Safety Procedures
<u> </u>	Site SOP
X	Site Control and Communications
	Emergency Response
	(X) Location of First aid Kit
	(x) Emergency Phone Numbers
	(X) Map to Facility
<u> </u>	PPE
<u> </u>	Weather Precautions
	(X) Severe Weather

#### **Safety Briefing Attendance**

All team members and any accompanying personnel will be briefed and sign this form.

Name (Print)	<b>Organization</b>	Signature
Gerald Schwalbe	CEMVS-ED-P	Mindelf Holmandley
Randy Fraser	CEMVS-ED-P	told fraces
David Tajkowski	CEMVS-ED-P	hand huch
•		

## **APPENDIX L-2**

Site Inspection Report

MEMORANDUM FOR Michael E. Dace, Branch Chief, ED-P

SUBJECT: Trip Report, Local Research and Site Surveys: Harvard Precision Bombing Range (PBR) No. 3 (a.k.a. Arnold Range PBR No. 2), DERP-FUDS OE Project No. B07NE005301; Harvard PBR No. 5 (a.k.a. Ainsworth Air to Ground Gunnery Range), DERP-FUDS OE Project No. B07NE005401; Grand Island PBR No. 4 (a.k.a. Valentine No. 4 and the Ainsworth Bombing Range), DERP-FUDS OE Project No. B07NE004800; and Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4, DERP-FUDS OE Project No. F10WA057901.

From 5 thru 9 August 2002, George Sloan, David Tajkowski, and Jerry Schwalbe conducted both the site surveys and local research for three subject Nebraska PBRs. The team departed from St. Louis on Monday morning, 5 August, and arrived late in the afternoon at North Platte, Nebraska, where they remained overnight before performing the site investigations over the next three days. This team returned on 9 August to St. Louis, arriving in the afternoon. The following week, Randy Fraser replaced George as team Safety Officer, joining David and Jerry for the site investigation of Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4, Washington. This team departed from St. Louis on 12 August and arrived in Ephrata, Washington, late in the afternoon. On Tuesday August 13, this team performed the site investigation, returning to St. Louis on 14 August. The following paragraphs describe the fieldwork and local research activities performed for the four assigned FY02 FUDS. Latitude (LAT) and Longitude (LON) readings taken in the field on the FUDS were obtained with a Garmin GPS using DATUM WGS-84.

#### 2. Site Survey Harvard PBR No. 3:

On Tuesday 6 August 2002 at about 8:30 am, the site investigation team of George Sloan, David Tajkowski, and Jerry Schwalbe met with Mr. David Chesley, property owner, at his residence (Phone (308) 836-2658). Mr. Chesley lives off the county road between Highway 92 (about one mile east of Arnold) and Calloway, Nebraska. He manages and operates the farming operations of the Chesley Family Trust lands on which is located one former target of the precision bombing range. The 2,560-acre former Harvard PBR No. 3 is approximately 23 miles southwest of Broken Bow, and six (6) miles southeast of Arnold in Custer County, Nebraska.

After discussing the purpose for our visit with Mr. Chesley, he personally assisted the team by escorting them to the area surrounding the target center located in Section 20, Township 16 North (T 16 N), Range 24 West (R 24 W). (The overall former precision bombing range property included all of Sections 20 and 29, the east half of Sections 19 and 30, and the west half of Sections 21 and 28, T16N, R24W.) The general target area was walked by the team with a number of small pieces of 100 lb M38-series practice bombs observed on the ground surface. Generally, the land searched was in pasture and used for grazing livestock. Except for the few practice bomb parts, the range was relatively free of evidence of the WW II era precision bombing training. Photos were taken of the small amount of practice bomb debris and a concrete foundation for the former generator (LAT 41° 20' 34.1" N, LON 100° 05' 43.2" W) discovered in the target area, which is centered at approximately LAT 41° 20.5' N, LON 100° 05.67' W. After completion of the site investigation, the team drove to Valentine, NE, where they remained overnight before continuing with site investigations the following day.

Other than conducting interviews with the property owners, additional local research was not conducted specifically for **Harvard PBR No. 3**. Staff of the St. Louis District thru telephone conversations confirmed previous interviews conducted primarily during the preparation of the INPR by the Omaha District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Phone discussions were with the property owners, including with Mr. David Chesley.

#### 3. Site Survey Harvard PBR No. 5:

Early on Wednesday morning, 7 August 2002, the site investigation team continued by performing the site survey of Harvard PBR No. 5, which is located in the Samuel R. McKelvie National Forest. Access to the property was with the assistance of Mr. Buster Hand (Phone (402) 823-4154; Cell (402) 389-0500, Forest Service Range Technician. To reach the target the team drove southwest from the City of Valentine on State Route 97 until reaching the Merritt Dam (Merritt State Recreational Area). Here, they crossed the dam structure and proceeded to the northwest along County Road S16B. Since the team was running a little late for our appointment at the National Forest Field Headquarters, a phone call was placed to Mr. Hand. He suggested that he meet the team along County Road S16B at the intersection of the rural road or jeep trail leading to the known bombing target location. The suggested meeting point is centrally located in the overall FUDS eligible property. Photographs taken at this point show the general terrain (approximate LAT 42° 39' 49.9" N, LON 100° 58' 25.5" W) for ASR use. The National Forest actually has few trees and is in reality a preservation of the vegetation common to the Sand Hills of Nebraska. The team then proceeded to drive southward along jeep roads and over natural terrain until reaching

Sections 29 and 32, T 31 N, R 31 W, the general location of the one identified target area on the 8,735-acre air-to-ground gunnery range and/or precision bombing range. The team walked over about a one-mile square area and discovered evidence of the past use of M38-series 100 pound practice bombs. Photographs and GPS readings were taken of the piece of practice bomb found at LAT 42° 37′ 31.2″ N, LON 100° 59′ 15.8″ W. Forest Service employees and ranchers had previously indicated that .50 caliber air-to-ground gunnery practice had occurred on **Harvard PBR No. 5**.

Other than interviewing the Forest Service employees, additional local research was not conducted specifically for **Harvard PBR No. 5**. Staff of the St. Louis District thru telephone conversations again verified the interviews and other local research conducted during the preparation of the INPR by the Omaha District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

#### 4. Site Survey Grand Island PBR No. 4

On Thursday morning, 8 August 2002, the site investigation team continued with Nebraska PBR site investigations by driving to the site of Grand Island PBR No. 4, which is located in the Valentine National Wildlife Refuge. The team drove south from the town of Valentine about 25 miles along U.S. Highway 83, turning to the right (west) on S16B, and then proceeded to the refuge operations/maintenance office. This office is located in the northwest corner of the refuge near Watts and Hackberry Lakes. Here the team met with Mark Lindvall (Phone: (402) 376 1889) and another U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service employee, to coordinate the site investigation and obtain access guidance. David Tajkowski had arranged for the meeting with Mr. Lindvall. Mr. Lindvall previously reported that over the years, bombshell fragments had been found on, and for the most part removed from, the land by refuge staff. At the meeting, the refuge staff provided directions to an east/west direction refuge range road, along which the team could drive to a point about one mile north of the former bombing target center. Here, the team could park our four wheel drive vehicle and hike to the target area, which once existed on high ground northeast of Dads Lake. The refuge staff did not express a desire to accompany the team. One item of interest was a statement by Mr. Lindvall, that the EOD once responded to an incident when a "live bomb" was discovered embedded adjacent to a refuge jeep road. The OE was detonated by the EOD, but the type/size was not known to the refuge staff. It was indicated the munition may have been a high explosive (HE), rather than a practice device. The refuge staff provided a copy of the Summary Valentine Wilderness Study, prepared by the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife and a pamphlet on hunting and Fishing Regulations that contained a general map of the Valentine National Wildlife Refuge.

The team next drove to the designated location where they could park their vehicle (LAT 42° 31' 23.6" N, LON 100° 36' 0.80" W) near School Lake. They hiked to the south first across a marsh (dry due to drought), and then over sandhills at a higher elevation, towards the bombing target located in Sections 3, 4, 9, and 10, T 29 N, R 28 W. The site has few trees and the vegetation is common of the Sand Hills area of Nebraska. The team located a pieces of a 100 lb practice bomb at approximate LAT 42° 30' 42.5" N, LON 100° 36' 20.8" W. At about LAT 42° 30' 32.9" N, LON 100° 36' 17.8" W, the team crossed through a section fence and continued further south into the section believed to once have had a target. Wood, perhaps form an old observation target was photographed at LAT 42° 30' 17.1" N. LON 100° 36' 18.5" W. Somewhat further southeast of this location practice, bomb debris was located and photographed at LAT 42° 30' 12.8" N, LON 100° 36' 12.3" W and at LAT 42° 30' 17.4" N, LON 100° 35' 52.9" W. From this position, the team proceeded back via a different route to their vehicle. The return route walked was generally further east of the route followed when walking in to the target site. The former bombing target is relatively free of any surface evidence (practice bomb debris) of the past use by the DoD. The team arrived back at the vehicle early in the afternoon, completing the site survey. They drove back to North Platte, NE, where they remained overnight, before returning to St. Louis on Friday.

#### 5. Site Survey Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4:

On Tuesday morning, 13 August 2002, the site survey team drove north from the town of Ephrata, Washington, along State Highway 28 until reaching Lakeview Park (just south of Soap Lake). Here, they took Sheep Canyon Road to the northwest until reaching an intersection with a County Road (Whitehall Road SE). Turning north the team drove approximately 8-1/2 miles north to the center of the former Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4. The site is entirely in Douglas County and consists of Sections 5 and 6, T 23 N, R 26 E, and Sections 31 and 32, T 24 N, R 26 E. Mr. David Tajkowski had arranged with Mr. Paul Malone, landowner and lessee of State of Washington lands (Phone (509) 632-5582), and Mr. Westly Roberts, landowner (Phone (509) 632-5430), to access the site and observe present conditions.

The team first proceeded to drive the local section roads along the FUDS boundary (includes Whitehall Road), observing the land usage is primarily agricultural (crop growing). Certain land tracts are preserved as natural high desert. Whitehall Road divides Sections 5 and 6, T 23 N, R 26 E, and then at the intersection of the four sections (bombing target center), turns 90° to the west and forms the boundary between Section 6, T 23 N, R 26 E, and

Section 31, T 24 N, R 26 E. The team observed a small dump located in the far northeast corner of the target area. There was no visual evidence of any old practice bomb parts, or other DoD generated debris at this location. The team then parked their vehicle on the eastern boundary of Section 5, T 23 N, R 26 E, which was observed to be mostly preserved in natural foliage common to high desserts. The team walked over much of Section 5, and did locate (near GPS N 47° 31' 16.7", W 119° 35' 6.1", and GPS N 47° 31' 33.5", W 119° 35' 2.0") and photograph evidence of the past use as a precision bombing range (M38-series 100 pound practice bomb parts). After finishing the walk over Section 5, the team returned to our vehicle and continued to search for the target center. The target center is believed to have been positioned just south of the intersection of the four sections of land acquired by DoD for the pattern bombing range. It was also understood that the landowners previously collected practice bomb debris and piled these items up near the old target center. At LAT 47° 31' 21.6" N, LON 119° 35' 52.8" W, and at LAT 47° 31' 23.5" N, LON 119° 35' 49.1" W adjacent to Whitehall Road a pile of bomb debris was discovered by the team. A walk about the general area confirmed that this positioned was likely near the original target circle.

Shortly after walking the site and photographing bomb debris, the team was preparing to depart, when landowner Paul Malone approach the team in his vehicle. He introduced himself, pointed out the general area where he and his employees had collected much of the bomb debris, and then asked if we saw any of the "rockets". After making this statement, he suggested that the team follow him to his residence where he would show us an example of this device. Safety officer Randy Fraser identified Mr. Malone's Rocket as a miniature practice bomb from the Bomb, Practice, AN-Mk 5, AN-Mk 23, AN-Mk 43 series.

At the conclusion of the visit with Mr. Malone, the team drove to Spokane, Washington, remained overnight, and then took a return flight to St. Louis on Wednesday.

Other than conducting interviews with the Mr. Malone and other property owners, the only additional local research conducted specifically for **Ephrata Pattern Bombing Range No. 4** was a brief stop at the Grant County Museum. Here, David Tajkowski was able to confirm that all records and/or documents in the Museums' possession were previously collected during the preparation of the former Ephrata AAF ASR.

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